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I 1

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The Bombay Chronicle

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INSURANCE
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I 2

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XVIII No. 240— BOMBAY SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA.

"CARRY ON FIGHT TILL SUCCESS CROWNS YOUR EFFORTS

Jawaharlal's Message To People From Prison

"OUR FIGHT IS AGAINST BRITISH IMPERIALISM"

Congress President's Trial At Allahabad

CHARGED UNDER THREE COUNTS.

Judgment Reserved Till Tuesday

"Carry on the good fight till success crowns your efforts." This is the concluding portion of a message to the Indian people that Pandit Jawaharlal has delivered from the Court at Allahabad where he is standing a trial under three counts, viz., sedition, abetment of the infringement of Salt Law, and instigating persons not to pay Government taxes.

The message begins with reminding people that the price of freedom is blood and suffering and that price they would pay.... They had no quarrel with the English people much less with the English workman. It was against British Imperialism that they fought.

Pandit Jawaharlal beyond reading out this message to the nation took no part in the proceedings. He was ovated when he appeared in the window of the Court House.

Judgment has been reserved.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

The trial of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru took place to-day in the Naini Jail before Mr. J. S. Grose, City Magistrate. Syed Majid Ali, Government Pleader, prosecuted. The accused was unrepresented.

Pandit Motilal Nehru with his wife and family was seated in the front row. Among others present were Pandit Govind Malaviya, General Secretary, A. I. C. C., and Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Provincial "Dictator". A large number of sympathisers and volunteers had assembled outside the jail.

Mr. Measures, Superintendent of Police, was the first witness. He said he had filed the complaint, under orders from the local Government, with a translation of a speech delivered by the accused in Purshottamdas Park on October 12 last.

An Inspector of C. I. D., Babu Persottam Singh, filed his shorthand notes of the speech and an Urdu translation.

A sub-inspector who was present at the meeting gave an oral summary of the speech.

The Magistrate asked Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru if the speech read out was delivered by him.

WON'T CONGRATULATE INSPECTOR.

The Pandit replied that he was not taking any particular part in the proceedings, but he did not congratulate the Inspector on his powers of reporting. Probably the speech was above him. The Pandit considered himself a far better speaker than the Inspector had made him out to be.

The Magistrate: Do you deny the speech read out in toto or in part?

"OFFENDS MY ARTISTIC SENSE."

Pandit Jawaharlal: I am not concerned with the trial as such, but I am pained to hear the speech. It offends my artistic and aesthetic sense.

JAWAHARLAL'S MESSAGE FROM COURT.

Asked if he had anything else to say, the Pandit read out a statement in which he delivered a message to the Indian people saying that the price of freedom is blood and suffering and that price they would pay. He had no quarrel with the English people much less with the English workman. It was against British Imperialism that he fought. With that there could be no compromise. He was the servant of the Indian people and he appealed to them to carry on the good fight till success crowned their efforts.

Three charges were read out to the accused under Sections 124-A and 117, Indian Penal Code, and Section 3, Prevention of Instigation Ordinance 6 of 1930 (Sedition, Inviting open manufacture of salt, and Instigating non-payment of taxes, respectively). The Pandit did not enter any plea nor cross-examine any witness.

Mr. Grose reserved judgment which will probably be delivered next Tuesday.

CHOTA PANDIT OVATED.

Pandit Motilal Nehru was present throughout the trial.

The whole proceedings took about two and a half hours. As soon as they were over, Pandit Jawaharlal appeared at the window and there was a loud burst of cheering.—A. P.

GAGGING ORDER ON SEN-GUPTA.

—:o:—

He Supports No-Tax Campaign.

CONGRESS' MINIMUM DEMANDS.

CAWNPORE, Oct. 23.

Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, Acting President of the Congress on arrival here was served with an order under Section 144 prohibiting him from addressing public meetings. Despite this order a big meeting was convened at Shradhanand Park, but owing to heavy rains the gathering occupied the Araya Samaj Hall close-by. Lala Diwan Chand, Vice-President of the Arya Samaj informed Mr. Sen Gupta that he had orders from Babu Anand Swaroop, President of the Samaj, not to allow any political meeting inside the hall.

Mr. Sen Gupta in a press statement generally endorses Pandit Jawaharlal's views regarding no tax campaigns in select and suitable areas and boycott of foreign cloth. He emphasises the terms put forward by Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Motilal Nehru and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru as the minimum on the basis of which alone the Congress could discuss any settlement with Government, and suggests non-payment of punitive police tax and boycott of the forthcoming census.—A. P.

PT. GOVID MALAVIYA ARRESTED

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

Pandit Govind Malaviya, General Secretary, All-India Congress Committee, was arrested to-day at the Naini Central Jail premises just after the trial of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

It is understood that the arrest has been made under Section 124—A Indian Penal Code in connection with a speech he made on 8th October last.—A. P.

SJT. MAHADEV DESAI RELEASED.

Staying at Satyagraha Ashram.

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 24.

Mr. Mahadev Desai, Secretary of Mr. Gandhi, was released this Mahatma Gandhi was released this morning from the Sabarmati Jail on the expiry of his sentence. He is staying at Mahatma Gandhi's Satyagraha Ashram.—A. P.

LALA DUNICHAND RELEASED

—:o:—

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

Lala Dunichand, Barrister, and

Mrs. Avantikabai, Gokhale, Bombay's New "Dictator."

Purshottamlal Sondhi, Congress leaders were released to-day.—A. P.

MYSTERIOUS VISITORS TO GOV'T HOUSE

—:o:—

A Lahore Sensation

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

Numerous stories are current in official circles here about the mysterious entrance of two young men in Government House at about eleven last night. They are stated to have entered absolutely unnoticed despite the heavy guard which remains posted day and night. When they were detected by the servants they took to their hees. It is not possible to state at this stage whether they stole in with any sinister motives.—A. P.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim For Tariff Board

—:o:—

SIMLA, Oct. 24.

A communique says:—Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtullah has been appointed a member of the Tariff Board in the vacancy caused by retirement of Sir P. P. Ginwala and Mr. A. E. Mathias I. C. S. has been confirmed as President of the Board in the same vacancy.—A. P.

10 YEAR OLD BOY CHARGED WITH SEDITION

—:o:—

Penalising Miss Zutshi For Her "Offence"

PRINCIPAL'S PROPOSAL TO WITHHOLD EXAM. CERTIFICATE

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

Yashpal, ten year old son of Khushalchand, Editor of "Daily Milap" has been arrested for delivering an alleged seditious speech.—A. P.

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

The "Tribune" understands that Col. Garret, Principal of the Government College has given notice of a motion at the forthcoming meeting of the Punjab Syndicate proposing to withhold the certificate to Miss Manmohini Zutshi who passed this year's I. M. A. examination with English from the same College and who was recently convicted under the Picketing Ordinances.—A. P.

DELHI'S HARTAL FOR JAWAHARLAL.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24.

A partial hartal was observed in the city to-day over the re-arrest of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—A. P.

BANK'S STAFF ARRESTED AND RELEASED.

QUETTA, Oct. 24.

The entire staff of the Peoples Bank, Quetta, including the Manager, were arrested in connection with the theft of Rs. 41,000 which occurred in the Bank. Later, as a result of enquiries all the staff and the cashier were released.—A. P.

JUSTICITE TO FORM MINISTRY?

MADRAS, Oct. 24.

Dewan Bahadur Munuswami Naidu, leader of the Justice Party, had an interview with the Governor to-day.

It is understood that in all probability he will be called upon to form a Ministry. Dewan Bahadur Naidu will see His Excellency again to-morrow.—A. P.

DR. BESANT IN MADRAS.

MADRAS, Oct. 24.

Dr. Annie Besant returned today to Madras from Europe via Bombay.—A. P.

BOMBAY COLLEGE STUDENTS' UNION SWADESHI EXHIBITION

—:o:—

There will be an attractive programme of vocal music by Miss Sonabai Mulgaonkar at the Entertainment Hall of the above Bazaar, situated at the French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 8 p.m. to-day.

The Bazaar will remain open from 3-30 p.m. to 10 p.m.

CITY DRUGGIST STABBED TO DEATH

—:o:—

Servant Arrested On Suspicion

Great excitement was caused in Princess Street on Friday evening when a Hindu Druggist was stabbed to death.

It appears that Mr. Gokaldas Gopaljt Soochak the proprietor of the G. G. Soochak and Co. abused his servant Ramji Genu for not doing his work properly whereupon the servant got enraged and is alleged to have stabbed his master with a knife. An alarm was raised and the suspect Ramji was arrested. The body of the deceased was removed to the morgue.

SEN GUPTA AT LUCKNOW

—:o:—

Order Under Sec. 144 Issued

BOUND FOR AMRITSAR AND LAHORE

LUCKNOW, Oct. 24.

Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, Acting President of the Congress, accompanied by Mrs. Sen Gupta paid a flying visit to Lucknow today. He came from Cawnpore at 11 this morning and left for Amritsar and Lahore by the Peshawar Mail in the afternoon.

As at Allahabad and Cawnpore orders under Section 144 forbidding him to address public meetings were issued at Lucknow as well, but it is not known whether they were duly served on him.

A Police Officer went to the railway station with the notice but there was such a rush of spectators that he could not go near Mr. Sen Gupta.—A. P.

LAHORE'S 13TH DICTATOR ON TRIAL

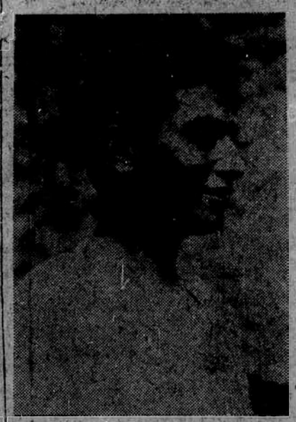
—:o:—

Case Against Lajpatrai's Daughter

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

Before Mr. Disney, Magistrate the case under Section 108 Criminal Procedure Code commenced in the female jail to-day against Parwati Devi, daughter

LEADER OF VANAR SENA.



Mr. Batuk Desai, Captain of the Vanar Sena, who was acquitted by a bench of Hon. Magistrates on Friday.

of Lala Lajpatrai. Parvati Devi did not take any part in the proceedings. The case was adjourned till the 28th.

Charges under Section 17-E Criminal Law Amendment Act have been framed by Mr. Lewis, Additional Magistrate against S. Manas Singh the 13th Dictator and Pandit Mastansingh, Lala Hemraj, First Dictator of City Congress Committee Lala Thakurdas, Lala Ramshahai and some others.—A. P.

SIR P. CHETWODE TO JOIN VICEROY'S CABINET

—:o:—

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24.

A communique says:—The King Emperor has been pleased to approve of the appointment of General Sir Philip Walhouse Chetwode, Bart, A. D. C. General to be a member of the Executive Council of the Governor General in succession to Field Marshal Sir William Riddell Birdwood, Bart, when the latter vacates office.—A. P.

Congress Committees In Surat Declared Illegal

—:o:—

PRESIDENT, SECRETARY AND OTHER OFFICIALS ARRESTED

More Congress Houses In Bombay

NATIONAL FLAG SALUTATION AT AZAD MAIDAN ON SUNDAY

The Bombay Government extended the Ninth Ordinance to Surat District on Friday declaring the Surat District Congress Committee, Surat City Congress Committee, Chorasi Taluka Congress Committee and the "War Councils", Surat City and District as unlawful associations. A number of arrests of prominent Congress officials took place as a sequel to the raiding of the offices of these associations.

A whole village in Bardoli has evacuated as a result of the serving of notices on the peasants to pay Government dues in three days.

A new Congress House was opened in Bombay at Bhuleshwar on Friday. A number of saffron-sarried volunteers went round the city delivering street corner lectures exhorting people to carry on the struggle.

Parel Congress House was raided for the fourth time on Friday and two volunteers were arrested. There was a *lathi* charge on crowd that had gathered to watch the raid.

A sergeant is alleged to have assaulted a Congress Volunteer for 15 minutes for refusing to part with the tricoloured flag in the Byculla Congress Office.

Picketing is going on as usual. Women volunteers were seen on duty in Fort, Mulji Jetha Market, Charni Road and Cut Piece-goods Market on Thursday. Eight volunteers were arrested at Jackria Musjid for shouting Congress slogans. Again on Friday volunteers picketed the shops in Cut Piece-goods Bazar and they were arrested.

Batakis were beaten all over the city on Friday evening announcing that there will be a public flag salutation ceremony at Azad Maidan on Sunday at 8 a. m. It is understood Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhaley will be present at the ceremony.

(From Our Correspondent)

SURAT, Oct. 24.

The Surat District Congress Committee has been declared an unlawful association under the Ninth Ordinance, and the local Congress House was raided by Collector Braham and police officials at six in the morning.

The property was declared confiscated including the Congress motor car. Simultaneous arrests of Congress workers were made in the city at their residence. Among the arrested persons are Sjts. Kanaiyalal Desai, President, District Committee, Gordhandas Chokhavala, Secretary, Kanchanlal Choksey, President "War Council", Fulchand Jhavery, Secretary, Ranchhoddas Chokkas, Editor "Congress War Bulletin", and Vallabhdas Akkad, leader of the Vanar Sena.

Crowds are collecting near the Congress House.

Complete hartal has been declared in the city.

Further arrests are expected.

GOVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE.

A Bombay Government Gazette extraordinary published on Thursday states that the Governor-in-Council is of opinion that certain bodies of persons at present known as Congress or War Councils as specified or described in the schedule hereto annexed have for their object interference with the administration of the law or with the maintenance of law and order and that they constitute a danger to the public peace. He has, therefore, declared the said bodies of persons whether continuing under the same or altered names, and every branch thereof, established, maintained, operating or working in the district of Surat of the Presidency of Bombay, are unlawful associations within the meaning of section 15 of the said Act," as mentioned below:—

(1) The Surat District Congress Committee, Limda Chowk, Surat City, Surat District.

(2) The Chorasi Taluka Congress Committee, Limbda Chowk, Surat City, Surat District.

(3) The Congress War Council, Limbda Cowk, Surat City, Surat District.

Tense excitement prevails in the city.

HOW POLICE RAIDED SURAT CONGRESS OFFICE

—:o:—

SURAT, Oct. 24.

Deputy Inspector General Shillidy with the District Superintendent of Police Mr. Sanson and other police officers as well as the District Magistrate Mr. H. V. Braham raided and took possession this morning of the office of the local Congress Committee in pursuance of the Bombay Government yesterdays notification declaring the Surat District Congress Committee, the Chorasi Taluka Committee and the "War Council to be unlawful associations.

LEADERS PUT UNDER ARREST.

Simultaneously with the raid sub-inspectors Pathak and Malek Sultan proceeded to the residence of Sjt. Kanaiyalal Desai, president of the District Congress Committee and arrested him under the Criminal Law Amendment Act. From there they proceeded to the houses of Sjt. Kanchanlal Choksi, President, Sjt. Fulchand Zaveri, Secretary, of the "War" Council respectively. Sjt. Ranchoddas Chokkas, Editor of the "Sangram Patrika", Sjt. Gordhandas Chokhawala, Secretary District Congress Committee, Sjt. Atsukh Kapadia, Secretary, Chorasi Taluka Committee and Sjt. Vallabhdas J. Akkad, organiser of the 'Vanar Sena' who was also the auditor of the Congress Committee. All arrests are understood to have been made under the Criminal Law Amendment Act.

TWO DAYS HARTAL.

The City is observing a two days hartal.

A Bardoli message says that the farmers of Babla village near Sarbhon in Bardoli Taluka having not paid land revenue have been served with three days notice to pay the revenue or in default all the lands will be forfeited. The whole village is reported to be deserted.—A. P.

NEW CONGRESS HOUSE OPENED AT BHULESHWAR.

Several thousands of people attended the opening ceremony of one more Congress House at Bhuleshwar, Bombay, on Friday morning. The new Congress House is situated opposite the Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade.

While new Congress Houses are springing up every day in the city the police are trying their best to stop this by carrying on raids and seizing the property found in the premises. A Congress House at Dadyseth Agiari Lane also in Bhuleshwar was raided by the police

(Continued on page 7.)

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WANTED—A qualified CLERK, preferably one knowing Typewriting on a time scale of pay of Rs. 60-5-110-4-150 P.M. The post is not pensionable but has the advantages of the Funds' Provident Fund Rules. Apply with testimonials before the 10th November, 1930, to the SECRETARY AND TREASURER, Bombay Government Service Family Pension Fund, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay.
A 1876

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A R3515

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T 1318

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NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the partnership subsisting heretofore between the undersigned Mr. Bhaidas Nanalal, Mr. Purshotamdas Harkisondas, Mr. Bhaidas Maneklal, and Mr. Shankarlal Dahyabhai and carrying on business in Cotton, etc. in the name and style of Bhaidas Cursondas and Co. is dissolved so far as it concerns Mr. Bhaidas Nanalal, who retires from the said firm from the first Kartak Sudi, Samvat 1987 i. e., 22nd October, 1930.

The business of the firm will continue to be carried on by Mr. Purshotamdas Harkisondas, Mr. Bhaidas Maneklal, Mr. Gatulal Rangildas, and Mr. Shankarlal Dahyabhai in the same name and style of Bhaidas Cursondas and Co., who will pay the debts and recover the outstandings of the said firm of Messrs. Bhaidas Cursondas and Co.

Bombay, 18th October, 1930.

BHAIDAS NANALAL,
PURSHOTAMDAS HARKISHONDAS,
BHAIDAS MANEKLAL,
SHANKERLAL DAHYABHAI.

1868

EASTERN SHIP BROKERS AND AGENCY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office of the Voluntary Liquidator of the Company at Cama Chambers, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 29th November, 1930, at 3 p.m., to consider the following matters:—

(1) The final Account of the winding up of the Company
(2) The question of distribution of assets.

H. M. MEHTA,
Voluntary Liquidator.

1871

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between Kuverji Keshavji, Tricumji Deraj and Rattansi Doongersey carrying on business as Cotton Commission Agents and Muccadums at 240-242, Doongri Street, Bombay under the style or firm of Kuverji Tricumji and Co. has been DISSOLVED as from Kartak Sud 1st Samvat Year 1987 i. e. 22nd day of October, 1930, so far as concerns the said Tricumji Deraj who retires from the said firm. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid respectively by Kuverji Keshavji and Ratansi Doongersey, who will continue to carry on the said business in partnership under the style or firm of Kuverji Tricumji and Co.

Dated the 21st day of October 1930.

KUNVARJI KESHAVJI,
TRICUMJI DERAJ,
RATTANSI DOONGERSEY.

1851

NOTICE.

WE have decided to DESTROY the PAPERS and PROCEEDINGS in our hands in matters which were completed before the end of the year 1923, for want of space. Clients are therefore requested to be good enough to take away all the papers by the end of this year otherwise the same will be destroyed.

Dated this 11th day of October 1930.

DHARAMSI DADACHANJI & CO.
Attorneys-at-Law.

1816

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for works in the construction of

(a) 4" cement concrete foundations along De Lisle Road between Clerk Road and Arthur Road,
(b) 4" cement concrete foundations along Foras Road between Falkland Road and Lamington Road, and
(c) an ovoid sewer in portions of Trimbak Parashram Street and Falkland Road from the dead end of the new ovoid sewer in Trimbak Parashram Street to that at the Junction of Falkland Road and Sandhurst Road,

will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time), on MONDAY, the 3rd day of November, 1930.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed with the description of the tender.

Forms of contract, specification etc., will be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 5 per form to any one deputed to receive them by the Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade Works, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

N. V. MODAK,
Dy. City Engineer.
Municipal Offices:
Bombay, 24th October, 1930.
1875

THE MERIDIAN PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Established 1921.

REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET with REVENUE ACCOUNT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 9TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above Company will be held at 24, Church Gate Street, Fort Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 8th November, 1930, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).

1. To receive Directors' Report and to adopt the audited Account for the period ended 31st March 1930.
2. To elect Directors in place of Dr. M. M. Mengle and Dr. B. H. Madan who retired by rotation but are eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board,
V. B. GORAY,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 19-10-30.
1872

NOTICE

THE POWER OF ATTORNEY given by me to my Goregaum Office Assistants Messrs. Magerdas Hurgowandas Shah and B. V. Rupte has been REVOKED as they are no longer in my service.

All persons are warned against having any dealings with them hereafter on account of my Goregaum Estates which shall be treated as null and void and will be done at their own risk and cost.

BYRAMJEE JEEJIBHOY.
R3514

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that the undersigned BHAIDAS PARBHUDAS DALAL is the Sole Proprietor of VIPIN CHUNDRA & COMPANY, dealing in mill-stores, and that his son MUGATLAL BHAIDAS DALAL lives separate from him and has nothing whatever to do with the business or the property of the undersigned in any way; that his said son MUGATLAL is quite separate from him in food, estate and worship and the public is hereby warned not to deal with the said MUGATLAL in the name of, or on behalf of the undersigned in any way whatever and if they do so they would do so entirely at their own risk and the undersigned will not be responsible to anyone in any way for any such dealings of the said MUGATLAL. Further the undersigned has nothing whatever to do with, and has no connection whatever with any business conducted by the said MUGATLAL.

BHAIDAS P. DALAL,
Sole Proprietor of
Vipin Chundra & Co.
R3521

Public Notices

THE EASTERN STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 11TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 24 Mangalore Street, (Frere Road), Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, 4th November, 1930, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) for the transaction of the following business:

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet made up to 31st December 1929.
(2) To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
(3) To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 3rd November 1930 to 10th November 1930 both days inclusive.

By the Order of the Board,
SHARIFF HASSUM & CO.,
Managing Agents.

N.B.—The Dividend Warrants when sanctioned will be posted on and after 18th November 1930 to those Shareholders whose Names stand on the Register on the 3rd November 1930.
1873

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DHUNBAI SORABJI BARIA, DAJIBHAI SORABJI BARIA, RUSTOMJI SORABJI BARIA and NOWROJI HORMASJI TAVADIA, the present Trustees of the last Will and Testament of Sorabji Dajibhai Baria deceased (hereinafter called the Vendors) have in pursuance of the power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, dated 12th March, 1928, and made between Haji Moosa Haji Ebrahim of the one part and the Vendors of the other part, contracted to sell to the Purchaser, who is our client, the under-mentioned properties comprised in the said Indenture of Mortgage.

All persons having any claim or interest thereto or therein or in or to any part thereof, either by way of gift, inheritance, mortgage, charge, lease, lien, trust or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 133, Jehangir Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or interest, and the same, if any, will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES:

FIRSTLY—ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land with the dwelling house and premises standing thereon situate at Kambekar Street otherwise called the Don Tad First Row without the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 89 3/9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property Secondly hereinafter described, on or towards the South by the property of Haji Haroon Mahomed, on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage and on or towards the West by Kambekar Street, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under B Ward No. 3600, and Old Street Nos. 231-235 and New Street Nos. 57-59, and bearing New Survey Nos. 299 and 3 and Cadastral Survey No. 373 of Maudvi Division.

SECONDLY:—ALL that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazendari and or ground together with the buildings standing thereon situate lying and being at Kambekar Street without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 95 4/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of and Revenue under New Survey No. 2994 and Cadastral Survey No. 1374 of Mandvi Division, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 260 and Old Street Nos. 237-239 and New Street No. 61 and bounded on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said Kambekar Street otherwise known as the Khas Mohalla, on or towards the North by the property of Haji Jacob Ismail and on or towards the South by the property firstly hereinbefore described.

Dated this 23rd day of October 1930.

EDGELOW GULABCHAND
WADIA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
1865

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Major-General Rao Raja U. R. RAJWADE, C.B.E. Mashir-i-Khas Bhadur, of Gwalior, Hindoo Inhabitant, has contracted to sell free from incumbrance the undermentioned property to out client. Any person having any claim or interest in, to or upon the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 24, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay Suburban District and the Municipality of Bandra, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of non-agricultural vacant land, situate at Khar, Danda, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 1,000 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Final Plot No. 251 of Suburban Scheme No. VII (Khar Model Suburb), Entry No. ..... and bounded on or towards the North by 1st Road, on or towards the East by a Promanade, on or towards the West by the 12th Road and on or towards the South partly by the property of Gajanan Nana Vijayakar and partly by Plot No. 250 belonging to Government.

Dated this 23rd day of October, 1930.

KHARAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1870

Auction Sales.

Messrs. VORA & Co.

AUCTIONEERS,

62, Medows Street, Fort.

Tel. No. 22064.

BONAFIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF BUNGLOW FURNITURE MADE-TO-ORDER

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (Sunday), the 26th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Heera House, Opp. Vanita Vishram, Sandhurst Road, near Prarthana Samaj.

Furniture such as tilting chesterfield sofas and chairs to match, drawing room cabinets, singer sewing machine, and Douglas motor cycle, etc., etc.

Auction sale on TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 26th inst. at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) of very valuable teak and black-wood furniture bungalow, fire proof safe, gramophone, records, E. Lamps, silver show cases, glass and panel door almyrahs, glassware, crockery, etc., etc. at Chowpatty, Sea Face, Babulal Mansion, next to Vianet-if's Restaurant.

The above is on view and catalogues are ready.

Property of one private gentleman.

VORA & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.,

SALE TO-DAY AT 3-30 P.M. (S. T.).

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO THE CAPITALISTS TO BUY THE GOING CONCERN OF THE TAILORING CONCERN OF MESSRS RICHARDSON AND CO., AT TAJ MAHAL HOTEL.

By the order of Messrs. Wadia Ghandy and Co., solicitors for the mortgagee Mr. Leo F. Miranda Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY (SATURDAY), the 25th October, 1930 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the shop premises at the Taj Mahal Hotel the going concern of the said shop containing.

A large quantity of suitings, Cashmere, waistcoats, coatings, flannels, palm beach, serges, blazers, China silk, satin duck, Viyella, boots and shoes, ties buttons, rich felt hats, and ladies hats, handkerchiefs belts, bathing costumes towels, waist, socks and stockings, collars, silk pieces ready made. Ladies frocks of various patterns, shirts, and all sorts of miscellaneous articles of the tailoring shop etc., as well as rich show cases cupboards, counters, etc., the furniture of the shop specially made to order.

N.B.—A deposit of 25 per cent. required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

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SWADESHI ADVERTISING SUPPLEMENT

ISSUED ON BEHALF OF

THE BOMBAY SWADESHI LEAGUE

BLAVATSKY LODGE, FRENCH BRIDGE, BOMBAY. 7.

The Bombay Swadeshi League in furtherance of its object of bringing together the manufacturers and public is organising 7 exhibitions to be held simultaneously throughout Bombay. The exhibitions will show to the public model homes furnished throughout with Swadeshi articles.

The exhibition will be divided into the following departments.

1. Bedroom.
2. Toilet Room.
3. Dressing Room.
4. Dining Room.
5. Drawing Room.
6. Office Room.
7. Women's Room.
8. Children's Room.
9. Art Gallery.
10. Travel Equipment.
11. Medicine Room.

The charge for exhibiting your goods in all the 7 exhibitions is Rs. 20.

For further particulars apply to

THE BOMBAY SWADESHI LEAGUE,
(Ex Dept.)
BLAVATSKY LODGE,
French Bridge, BOMBAY.

Indian Made CIGARETTES

Manufactured by
The Kuedivial Tobacco Co.,
Borivli, B. B. & C. I. Rly.,
near Bombay.
Opinions invited and suggestions welcome.
Pro. Gordhandas Thakersey,
110, Chakla St., Bombay (3).

KHADI
COTTONS
SILKS
MEN'S WEAR

SILVER LEATHER GOODS CURIOS OLD FABRICS

SVADESHI

(FACING FLORA FOUNTAIN)
10 TO 1-30 & 2-30 TO 6
SWADESHI INFORMATION BUREAU

BIJOUTERIE
PROVISIONS
STATIONERY

C. S. POCHEE & SON.

Makers of Swadeshi Incandescent Lamps, Lanterns and Spare Parts.
586 Chira Bazar,
BOMBAY 2.

For all kinds of
Sweets and Confectioneries
of the Best quality
TRY THE
WESTERN INDIA CONFECTIONERY Co,
Sunderlas Mill Compound,
Lamington Rd., North.

PURELY SWADESHI
YOUTH SOAP.

Prepared under entire Indian Management and under most hygienic conditions to suit the most discriminating buyer.

THE BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY.
96, Bhajipala Lane, BOMBAY, 3.

Make It A Habit to Get Anything in Leather and Canvas FROM

ELGINS

You Will NEVER Repent
Cases From Rs. 11/- to Rs. 75/-
Their High-Class Trunks and Suit Cases will stand any wear and tear
Apply for Illustrated Catalogue:
ELGIN LEATHER WORKS, S,169, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY,
WATCH our DISPLAY at "SVADESHI."

TOMCO

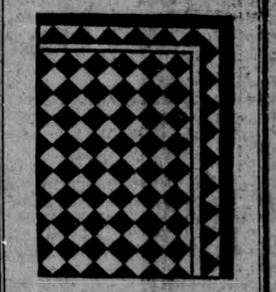
THE HALL MARK OF QUALITY
SOAPS
EDIBLE OILS
CATTLE FEEDING CAKES.
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS.

The Tata Oil Mills Co., Ltd.,
Bombay House,
Fort, BOMBAY.

K. R's. LOTUS BABY BRAND

TOILETS AND MAKE-UP ARTICLES are the BEST and INDIAN MADE.

TOILETS MFG. Co., (Chittoor)
Bombay Branch: 107, Esplanade Road, Fort.



Our tiles are made with same material from top to bottom with colours running right through, available for—
Walling Ceiling & Flooring.
Sizes 36x18 36x18 18x8, 8x8 6x6
Particulars free on request from
Elephant Glazed Tiles Factory.
144, Dharavi Road, Bombay 7.
Tel. Proof Dharavi. Tel 890

CONSUMPTION HAS BEEN CURED

A Remedy for Consumption Has Been Found.

DERK P. YONKERMAN, DISCOVERER OF THE NEW REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION.

Marvellous as it may seem after centuries of failure, a remedy has been discovered that has cured the deadly Consumption even in the advanced stages of the disease. No one will longer doubt that Consumption can be cured after reading the proof of hundreds of cases cured by this wonderful discovery—some after change of climate and all other remedies tried had failed, and the cases had been pronounced hopeless of cure. This new remedy has also proved itself effective and speedy in curing Catarrh Bronchitis, Asthma, and other serious throat and lung troubles. In order that all in need of this wonderful produce of science may test its efficacy for themselves, a Company has been formed to give it to the world, and a Free Trial Treatment can be obtained by writing the Derk P. Yonkerman Co., Ltd (Dept. C362) 118|120, Fleet St. London, E.C. 4, enclosing 6d. in British P. Order to cover cost of carriage and packing, and mentioning this paper. The trial treatment will then be sent by return mail, carriage paid.

ABSOLUTELY FREE.

Do not wait if you have any of the symptoms of Consumption, if you have Chronic Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pains in your Chest, a Cold on your Lungs, or any throat or Lung trouble; write to-day for a free trial treatment and book of instructions, and benefit yourself before it is too late.

DIFFICULTIES OF ARCHITECTS IN INDIA.

—:o:—

Institute of Buildings Contrtctors Wanted.

MR. BATLEY'S SUGGESTIONS.

A meeting of the Indian Institute of Architects was held in Bombay lately when Mr. Claude Batley read a paper dealing with the difficulties facing architects in India and emphasising the need of esablishing an Institute of Building Contractors. In the course of his speech Mr. Batley said:—

"The three main curiosities of achitectural practice are the client, the contractor and the architect. Dealing with the client first he is, as we know him in Bombay, mostly a man very ready to seek professional advice and willing to pay considerable fees for a specialist be it in litigation, in surgery or in medicine, ready to pay large sums away to be well in the swim as regards the latest car; yet, the same man acts very differently when he looks for an expert to advise him on an important building venture. He then seems to think it is merely oppression on the part of the Municipality, or of the Improvement Trust(instigated of course by a Satanic Government, that lays it down that he should employ a licensed plumber and, also, a person called a tince licensed surveyor. However, he complies. We can hardly blame him for thinking it only right to pay us the least possible pittance. He sees no reason but folly for not accepting the lowest offer he can close with. Out of such a confused and vague mist of impressions arises his desire to consult his mistri when any point that appears to him of the least importance arises and his habit of reminding us that, as he is paying for the building his must naturally be the final say as to its appearance and details. The same man would hardly overrule his doctor's prescription by arguing that, as he was taking the medicine and paying for it therefore he would have it varied to suit his whim nor would he after paying for an eminent counsel's opinion, take that of a friend: while the man who, by conducting his own case, pits his ignorance of the law against the experience of the specialist, is dubbed a fool. This vastly different attitude where architecture is concerned is, however, not entirely confined to any one country or race.

PROFESSIONAL ADVERTISING.

"The American Institute of Architects has recently been discussing as to whether professional advertising should be introduced as a new feature in the curriculum of the Schools of Architecture and become a legitimate item of expense in the running of an ordinary architects' practice. Even over on that side of the world, for the moment, they have not been able to bring themselves to it and the view still prevails that the mere blatant insertion of advertisements would be likely to do far more harm than good and that the best advertisement an architect can have is the rendering of really valuable services.

"The most important points raised during discussion have been tabulated under ten heads as follows:—

(1) To protect the public from misrepresentation; (2) to establish a measure of construction value, by which the public may value its purchases or investments; (3) to encourage better construction through extended public instruction; (4) to drive out unscrupulous operators; (5) to stabilize relationship between financial agencies constructive interests and the public; (6) to establish standards of practice; (7) to place responsibilities for faulty construction or substitution of materials; (8) to aid reputable interests and remove practices which lessen public confidence; (9) to correct unfair and misleading advertisement and sales work; (10) to establish higher standards of public safety.

"If such steps are desirable in American practice, they are at least trebly urgent in India: where illicit grtatifications are everyday occurrences; where men with no architecture and bitterly forked into what are termed "architectural departments" by the-power-that-be, including those called democratic and representatives; where a great deal of what should be architectural work is done by engineering contractors without even a qualified architect on their staff at all; where in the absence of a carefully "encouraged architectural sense" in the people town planning an regional reconstruction are carried out in a hole and corner way and public buildings are erected at public expense withoutp the pupblic or the profession having the slightest chance of even expressing their opinion or offering their suggestions until the scheme is an accomplished fact; although of course they can, and must, pay.

LOSING SENSE OF PROPORTION.

We are losing our sense of proportion. In seeking large jobs we overlook the opportunities that small ones afford. More good can be wrought in a home than in a Legislative Assembly Hall.

"Too much has been forced down our throats of the humility that benefits the architect, until it is apt to create an inferiority complex in our mind when dealing with our clients which in turn is apt to defeat our our purpose.

WANTED INSTITUTE OF CONTRACTORS.

"We now pass on to our second curiosity, the Contractor, and of this species I think persons Bombay could supply some of the best specimens in the world. The contractor who will sign any document put before him and then treat it as a scrap of paper; the contractor who having got the Clerk of the Works into one of the pockets will, at any rate, attempt to squeeze the architect into the other; the contractor who has not the least idea of his own prime costs. The second essential for the good of architecture in India in addition to the establishment of a strong and united Institute of Architects is the establishment of a strong and united Institute of Building Contractors.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

—:o:—

Civil Appointments

Mr. U. M. Mirchandani, on relief, to act as Political Agent Jawhar, vice Mr. M. D. Bhat, proceeding on deputation.

Mr. H. G. Lang to be Superintendent of Police, G. I. P. and M. and S. M. Railways, vice Mr. J. C. Curry.

Mr. J. C. Curry, on relief, to do duty as Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Mr. E. E. Turner to be Deputy Inspector General of Police, vice Mr. K. C. Rushton.

Mr. G. A. Shillidy to be Superintendent of Police, Selection Grade, and to continue to officiate as Deputy Inspector General of Police.

Mr. C. C. C. Pegge to be Superintendent of Police, vice Mr. G. A. Shillidy.

Mr. A. W. Pryde, on return from leave, to officiate as Distant Superintendent of Police, Kaira, vice Mr. P. B. Wilkins, proceeding on leave.

Mr. C. W. E. Uren, on return from leave, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. J. R. Harris.

Mr. J. R. Harris, on relief, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nasik, vice Mr. D. L. Karnik, reverting.

Mr. J. W. Rowland, on return from leave, to be District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, vice Mr. C. H. De V. Moss proceeding on leave.

Mr. A. H. Gearing, on return from leave, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Satara, vice Mr. A. B. Ghorpade, reverting.

Mr. T. Robinson, on completion of his special duty, to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Surat, vice Mr. A. J. W. Sanson, transferred.

Mr. S. K. Patkar, on relief, to officiate as Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmednagar.

Mr. S. K. Patkar, Officiating Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmednagar, to hold enquiries into municipal election cases generally in the Municipal Borough of Ahmednagar in the Ahmednagar District.

Mr. C. H. De V. Moss, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, with effect from the 20th October 1930.

Mr. S. S. Bhandarkar, special temporary Professor of English, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, as special temporary Professor of English, Elphinstone College, Bombay.

Dr. E. A. Parker, Ph. D., Special temporary Professor of English, Elphinstone College, has been granted leave.

YARN MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Oct. 22.

Since last Report on the 10th inst., the Yarn Market has been practically closed all throughout the period mostly due to political development and as per the recent Resolution passed by the Yarn Merchants Association our markets will not re-open at least upto the 26th inst. Thus the Yarn Market has practically remained closed for over a fort-night's time to protest against the present repressive Policy of the Government and business has therefore been at a stand-still. It should be noted that even on the New Year Eve on the 21st inst., only formal ceremony of worshipping the Books was performed by the dealers as usual but absolutely no transactions of any description have taken place even on that auspicious night. It is therefore very difficult to judge as to the tendency of the tone of the Yarn Market but it can be safely forecasted that the undertone has been distinctly weak firstly because of the general lack of confidence amongst the dealers in the present level of prices due to weakness in Cotton and secondly because of the present political situation as a result of which dealers have been so indifferent and careless and are not inclined to do any business as long as the normal conditions are not found. In the circumstances practically all business in the Yarn Market is at a stand-still, and the tendency therefore is more gloomy than has been experienced during the last few weeks. The Hindu New Year has thus begun under a very gloomy Trade conditions and there are yet no signs of any return to normal period in business in the near future.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Stocks have accumulated and dealers have been losing very heavily on account of the very negligible demand due to the Boycott Movement.

JAPANESE YARNS.

There have been regular enquiries for this class of yarns and turnover is much better than in any other qualities. Fresh forward business is very small.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

The undertone is weak on account of heavy stock at each important Port and cut-throat competition amongst stock-holders. Prices are yet inclined to decline further.

INDIAN YARNS.

Stocks with the Mills have naturally increased further and as no business has taken place on the New Year Eve, our Mills have really lost a good opportunity to remove their old stocks. It now remains to be seen how far they will succeed in making sales of their stocks when the market reopens, but the conditions do not appear in any way cheerful at the moment. Enquiries from various consuming Districts have been found on a small scale and the rates offered are in many cases very low. The political situation has become very serious and in the present circumstances no business of importance can be expected.

AMRUTANJAN

PAIN BALM (Regd.)

CAME, SAW and CONQUERED ALL BODILY ACHES and PAINS

Amrutanjan Depots,
BOMBAY and MADRAS.

THE COIN CLOCK WAY

The Coin Clock way, adopted by businessmen, housewives and children, has paved the way for Insurance, and its many benefits and advantages in this NOVEL WAY, without making a "dent" in the family budget.

Write for particulars about owning this Clock to:—

THE UNITED NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Karachi.

Local Representative: AHUJA.
Patel Building,
Opposite New Kalbadevi Post Office,
Bombay No. 2.

KUSUMA

GUARANTEED CURE

for

Gonorrhoea for both sexes. Stops burning and pricking sensation and discharges of all nature in 24 hours. Complete cure with 8 phials—1 phial Rs. 3 V. P. extra.

Col. D. Dawes, Pelly, Bart. B.A., M.D., LL.D., F.R.C.S. M.R.S. Madras writes:—"Kusuma" which I tried on several of my patients has given utmost satisfaction.

ANANDA KUTEERAM.
8, Bairagimatam St.,
MADRAS.

SYNTHETIC DIAMONDS

Withstood tests of fire, file, acids; surpass real ones in lustre and hardness; also cut glass. Rs. 10 per carat. Catalogue free.

Rao Bahadur M. Appaswami Mudaliar, Zemindar, Chingleput: "I appreciate the brightness and shining qualities of your synthetic Diamonds."

WILLIAM GRIFTH & CO.,
Post Box 1230. MADRAS.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK.)

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
Oct. 25th	MALWA*	11,409
Nov. 1st	RAJPUTANA	16,644
8th	NALDERA ¤	16,038
15th	RANPURA	16,601
22nd	MACEDONIA *	11,129
29th	MANTUA	16,946
Dec. 6th	NARKUNDA *	16,572
13th	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
20th	RAWALPINDI ¤	16,697
27th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
1931. Jan. 3rd	MOOLTAN ¤	20,952
10th	RAJPUTANA	16,544
17th	RANCHI *	16,650
24th	RANPURA	16,601
31st	MALOJA ¤	20,837
Feb. 7th	MANTUA	16,946
14th	COMORIN *	15,279
21st	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
28th	NALDERA ¤	16,088
Mar. 7th	KAISAR-I-HIND @	11,518
14th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
21st	RANPURA @	16,601
28th	NARKUNDA *	16,572
Apl. 4th	RANCHI @	16,650
9th	MOLDAVIA †	16,556
11th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
18th	Viceroy of India @	19,648
25th	MOOLTAN ¤	20,952
May 2nd	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
9th	CHITRAL ¤	15,248
16th	MACEDONIA	11,129
23rd	MALOJA ¤	20,837
30th	MALWA	11,009

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.
¤ Through from Australia.
* Through from China.
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Date about		
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Nov. 7	Mantua	Colombo and Australia.
15	Mirzapore*	Straits, China and Japan.
21	Kaisar	Colombo, China and Japan.
Dec. 5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia.
12	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan.
1931. Jan. 2	Naldera	Colombo and Australia.
16	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan
30	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
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24th	Ellora	Mombasa.
25th 9 a.m	Chakla	Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka and O'Mandvi
27th 10 a.m.	Vita	Karachi via Porebunder Cutch Mandvi and Port Okha.
29th	Barpeta	K'chi & Persian Gulf Ports. Via Verawal & Mangrole
Nov. 5th	Khandalla	East and South Africa via M. Goa.

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Shunko Maru ..	24th Nov.	8th Dec.
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Haruna Maru@	10500	---	4 Nov.
xTango Maru	6895	30 Oct.	13 Nov.
KamoMaru	8000	---	@19Nov
*Tokiori Maru	5973	15 Nov.	27 Nov.
Katori Maru	10000	---	@2 Dec
*Yamagata Maru	3807	20 Nov.	2 Dec.
xIyo Maru.	5963	30 Nov.	14 Dec.
Kashima Maru	10000	---	@16Dec.
Yasukuni Maru	12000	---	@28Dec.
Penang Maru	5214	17 Dec	29 Dec.

*Do not carry passengers.
xCalls at Colombo.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles.
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SuwaMaru.	11000	13 Nov.	30 Nov.
Fushimi Maru	11000	27 Nov.	14 Dec.

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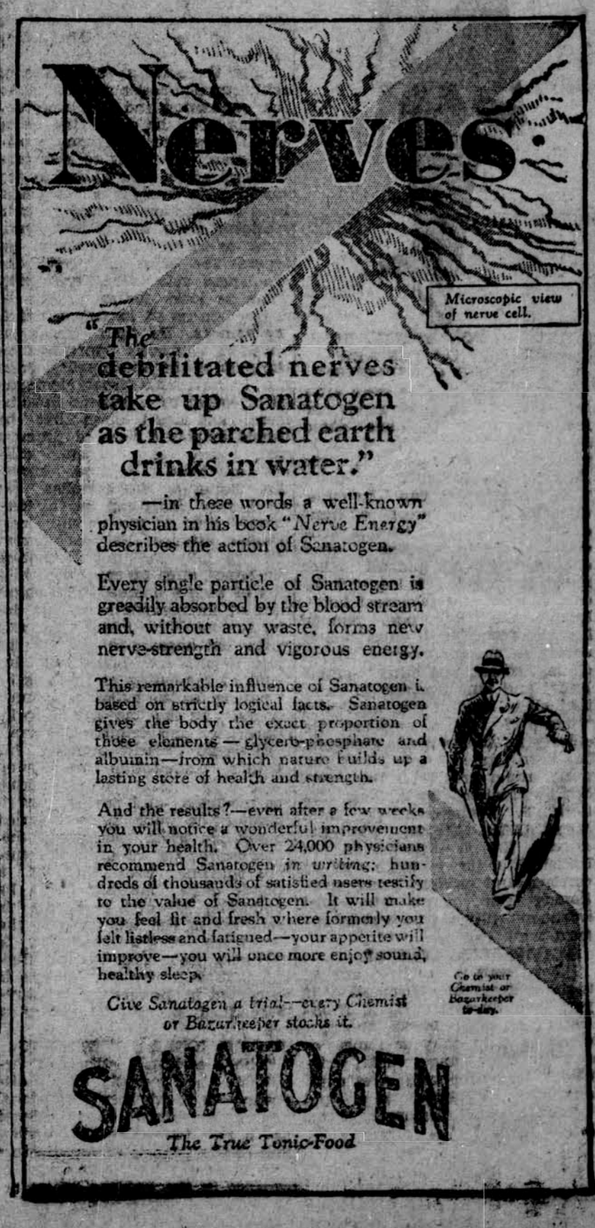
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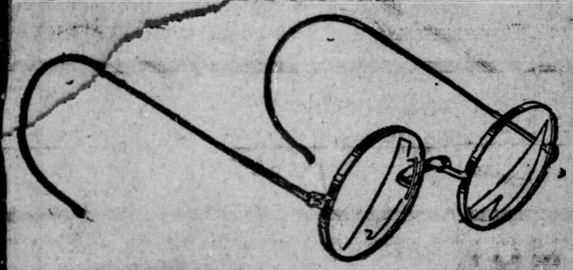

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IS THE END OF FASCISM IN SIGHT?

HOW MUSSOLINI'S RULE IS "DIGGING ITS OWN GRAVE".

Mr. Percy Winner, an American Journalist, who recently toured Italy writes in the "New Republic," a New York weekly journal:—

Noon Sunlight glared down upon the Colso Omberto. Across the street—we were sitting around an iron table under the awning at Aragno's—a decidedly wilted "metropolitano" was making a half-hearted effort to enforce the municipal ordinance which requires pedestrians to walk to the left.

"A sinistra signori, favorisca a sinistra," he chanted without any conviction, pointing his white baton to the left where the pavement was being baked by blazing Roman sunlight. One by one the passers-by half-circled into the street around him and continued to walk in the shade. Another policeman, more pompous but equally ineffectual, stood at the crossing of the "via delle Convertite" waving his baton this way and that as motor-cars again and against snarled into jams, their petulantly honking horns quarreling with the cries of boys hawking first editions of the Tevere and Piccolo.

"Order and discipline," Pietro remarked suddenly. "The gifts of Fascism. We have traffic rules, we walk to the left, our trains run on time. These are the victories, the glorious victories of our Napoleon, these and the battle of Corfu. . . ."

NEITHER DEMOCRATS NOR SLAVES.

"Ah, but you forget," Carlo interjected, "that Fascism has conquered us, the Italian people. "Che bella conquista! Che trionto magnifico!" The Italian people lie at Mussolini's feet as it has lain at the feet of some dictator or other for hundreds of years. We who are reputed to be unruly, rebellious, intractable, are docile. We obey, we always live by compromise. I am amused to think that the Fascists swallow without chewing their formula of order and discipline. As if we who have had the Romans and the Roman church needed to take lessons from German philosophers and French political theoreticians. We have been orderly so long that we have learned how to make bargains. We are not democrats, but we never shall be slaves of any State. We obey with the lips, we take what we can and we never endanger that much for something more."

"Do fou want us to" Mario asked. "There is nothing beautiful about sacrifice. I have but one life. I want to enjoy it as much as I can, to suffer as little as I can. The genius of our race is of man, not of men, of life now, not dreams and hopes of tomorrow. My complaint against Fascism is that it takes part of my life and offers in exchange some vague and dubious hope of betterment for my grandchildren. It is essentially romantic. It makes the mistake of believing that we respect authority merely because it is authority, that we stand in awe of the policeman, that we can be reached by a policeman's appeal to sacrifice; it forgets that we are too Catholic to kneel in front of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, too Latin to appreciate the delights of some metaphysical theory of the State, too intelligent to believe in triumphs of diplomacy which bring no booty, too "furbo" to give something for nothing."

EMPTY PROMISES.

"We," said Pietro, turning to me, "are a people of paradox. We are a people of intense and rich individuality which survives, perhaps even profits by, an apparently slavish conformity to the passing will of any authority strong enough to maintain itself. But strength itself is not enough. Authority must justify itself, must foster in some way the life of the individual here and now. Our loss of liberty under Fascism is of little importance. We never had much of it. But Fascism has given us nothing in exchange. At least the Church let us keep our sins and promised us life everlasting. Even "Re Bomba" gave the Neapolitans their fireworks. And the medieval dictators seldom forgot that Juvenal was writing of Italians when he said: "duas tantum res anxius optat, panem et circenses."

"In the early days of Fascism there was speech-making, blowing of trumpets and parading. Mussolini intoxicated the people and was intoxicated by them. Now we know the promises are empty. We hear too much of sacrifice. Fascism is weakening because it gives us too little bread, too little amusement, because its fireworks are not amusing. We would prefer some quieter excitement than this talk of war with France or Jugoslavia. Such fireworks are unsafe. Besides they are far too expensive. In Italy we are not dying of hunger but we are living on hunger. It cannot continue."

DISILLUSIONED.

Pietro, Mario and Carlo are fictitious names, but the human beings they cloak exist. They are among dozens of Italians with whom I spoke early this summer. In 1928 when I left Italy after four years residence there, Fascism seemed to be a permanent institution. In 1930 I found a large number of Italians convinced that the end is in sight.

Despite the contrary opinion of Italian anti-Fascists living abroad, the elements now present in Italy militating against the continuance in power of the Fascist regime do "not" constitute a moral force opposed to an immoral power, nor a moral force opposed to a different moral force. The struggle is not on a plane of ideation or idealism. The intellectual concepts, the political theories and the moral pretentions of Fascism, all for the most part synthetized "a posteriori" from various and varying sources, have no effective validity except for the nationalist leaders and for a relatively small number of theoreticians among the Fascists, used as justifying foils by the actual masters of the machine. Similarly the theories—except for the classic ones of the Communists and Socialists—of the anti-Fascists have little effective value except for their appeal to liberals outside of Italy.

FASCISNON THE WANE

Fascism is less legal, but not less moral by empirical standards, than the system of government it replaced. Indeed, Fascism has on the broad plane of politics had the virtue of accomplishing two results of historical importance: it has overridden regionalism to create a necessary centralization of Government with its corollaries of simplification and greater material efficiency; and it has by the very thoroughness of its oppression brought into the orbit of national politics a far greater proportion of the population than had ever before been concerned with their government and their own citizenship.

These virtues—meagre among many vices—are closely related to the sources of Fascism's undoing. In 1930 Fascism is on the wane because the promises of 1926 and 1928 no longer have value as currency among the larger politically minded potential electorate created by the regime's centralizing processes—because Fascism has shot its bolt and has fallen far short of the mark in both domestic and international projects. because Fascism has failed to isolate Italy from foreign influences enough to hide its revival of the worst Bourbon, the most benighted Metternichian methods of oppression, because Fascism's supposed destruction of the "class war" is completely fraudulent, because Fascism is inviting an international adventure which most Italians believe must end in disaster, and because Italy is for the first time in its history a politically united people which through deprivation, has learned the meaning of citizenship.

In 1930 Fascism is suffering from its destruction of all opposition. The anti-Fascists have learned during these last few years how to organize without creating an organization, how to oppose without being an opposition. They need no propaganda because Fascism furnishes all they require and more. In a social organization poisoned by spying and counter-spying, rumors and counter-rumors, they are able to oppose secret forces to secret forces, counter-intrigue to intrigue.

TRAGIC DILEMMA.

Opponents of Fascism face a tragic dilemma in the threat of war with Jugoslavia or France or both. There is no question in their minds of the justice of Italy's case. Many object to the methods and goals of the Palazzo Chigi under Mussolini and Grandi but few fail to agree that justice lies with Italy in the running quarrel with a France which dominates Europe as Germany did before 1914.

If Mussolini should precipitate a war with France, if his fiery and irresponsible followers should force him into it or if it should merely "happen," the anti-Fascists would not be defeatists. Naturally they dread such an awful decision. They do not believe there is any reason for war against France or any other nation. More important, they—and their number includes generals of the army—do not believe Italy can win a war against France. Perhaps a defensive war against Jugo-slavia could be won. Beyond that there is grave doubt.

Naturally, therefore, Mussolini talks of war. It is certain that he does not want it. He is too well aware of the prospects of failure and disaster. Besides, even if a war were victorious, it would not help him because he is no military genius. Picture Mussolini greeting an Italian general returning as a conquering hero from the front.

The Italian people do not want war. Unlike the French, it is not militaristic. The Italian fights best in the medieval fashion, as a man, rather than as a unit among men and machines. The army does not want war. For years now, officers have been forced to watch the creation of a Fascist militia, a party organization, which has consistently been favored at their expense.

But Mussolini is forced to beat the drum of war. All of his "victories" on the domestic field have dwindled into nothingness. The economic battle, the financial battle, the political battle, the moral battle, even the battle of the babies, all have been lost or have been pyrrhic victories.

In Milan, on May 24, Mussolini said that the economic situation of Italy "is no worse than that of other countries." And millions of Italians could have asked: "Have we paid with our bitter sacrifices, with our loss of all the pleasant amenities of human existence, with all our other sufferings, to achieve something which is 'no worse' than that of other countries?"

BITTER TRUTH.

The truth is that the situation is very bad. Fascism has failed precisely where it had hoped to succeed, that is, on the material side.

No one who knows Italy can doubt that Fascism has achieved notable apparent successes in improving and modernizing the productive instrumentalities and processes of the nation. Much of this work had been projected or planned before Fascism, but it remained for Fascism to accomplish it.

To avoid a lengthy catalogue let us say that Fascism has raised the level of efficiency more than any previous government.

This is not the place for an exhaustive analysis of Fascism's financial and economic woes. The essential point is that Fascism's apparent benefits are more than cancelled by the results of other inefficiencies; by its disregard for sound principles and its tendency to try by force to bolster up unsound ideas.

But what has Fascism resulted in? From the political point of view Fascism is digging its own grave. The average Italian is working twice as hard as he did before and he receives less bread for all his labors. And the Italians are not interested in pie in the sky when they die.

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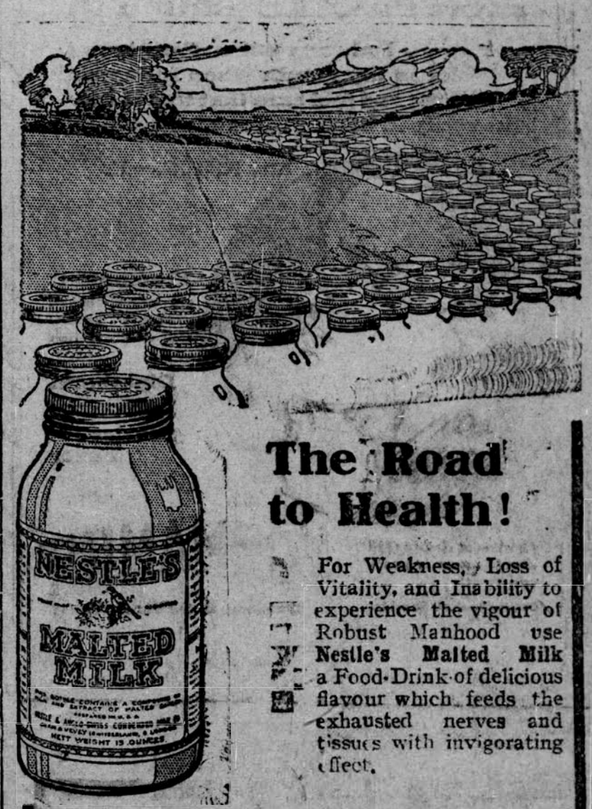
COMPLETE LIST OF 50 ACCEPTED CANDIDATES.

SIMLA, Oct. 22.

The complete list of 50 European and Indian candidates who have been accepted for the Indian Civil Service as a result of the open competitive examination held in London in 1930 is now available. The successful candidates are:—

Mr. R. Galletti; Mr. D. I. Cadilhac; Mr. V. Viswanathan; Mr. D. Walley; Mr. H. S. Stephenson; Mr. V. G. Matthews; Mr. T. M. S. Mani; Mr. R. B. Elwin; Mr. J. D. Kapadia; Mr. P. G. E. Nash, Mr. N. Dandekar; Mr. S. Bhoothalingam, Mr. A. R. H. MacDonald, Mr. N. K. Dravid, Mr. R. K. Patil; Mr. C. A. Sharp; Mr. C. L. Coates; Mr. V. T. Dehejia; Mr. W. G. Hulland; Mr. K. Srinivasan; Mr. J. S. H. Shattock; Mr. G. A. Haig; Mr. D. Padmanabhan; Mr. W. G. Kennedy; Mr. P. W. Radice; Mr. V. Govind Oak; Mr. W. G. Archer; Mr. C. Kalyanaraman; Mr. D. G. Chambers; Mr. W. A. S. Lewis; Mr. V. N. Rajan; Mr. S. Bose; Mr. N. N. Airavatham; Mr. A. E. Drake; Mr. G. M. Ratcliffe; Mr. Y. D. Gundevia; Mr. M. A. Thirumalai Ivengar; Mr. R. P. Bhargava; Mr. G. R. Kamat; Mr. J. W. Meldrum; Mr. N. M. Buch; Mr. A. Khaleali; Mr. M. S. Rao; Mr. S. B. Bapat; Mr. C. J. Pelly; Mr. M. R. Bhide; Mr. J. L. Wood; Mr. F. H. Hooq; Mr. J. C. Fielding-Hall and Mr. C. S. Kelly.



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BRITISH LABOUR'S SUPREME TEST

The Indian Problem

Someone is sending me papers and cuttings from India. They repeat, in detail, and in a tone of infectious excitement, the news which our papers have given us frigidly and in outline. It comes to life, and one shudders as one reads, writes Mr. H. N. Brailsford in the "New Leader":—

Here are photographs, dated July 13, of one of the many passive demonstrations in Bombay. One sees a group of Sikhs calmly seated on the ground, in orderly files. Not one of them has a hand raised. All are looking in front of them. Behind them stands a policeman; his right arm is in the air, and the long weighted pole (lathi) in his hand is about to descend on the bearded Sikh who squats at his feet. It is the strangest picture of a riot that I have ever seen—calm everywhere: no one moves, except the policeman. So sure is he that there will be no resistance that he operates alone, although these Sikhs are a warrior race, which has the traditional privilege of carrying daggers. One looks hard at his picture. Is the man in uniform really doing this thing? One would take it for a photograph of a man beating rugs, were it not for another which shows the ambulance at work after that raised 'lathi' had descended.

"FROM THE PRISON CELL."

I might go on indefinitely quoting from these cuttings their charges of deliberate and sometimes indecent cruelty, and their descriptions of the condition of the over-crowded gaols. It is not this that I would write. Such things jar the nerves and sicken the grain, and it is cool thought that we need.

But one of these papers arrests me. It is a copy of "Young India," which I used to know as a well-printed weekly paper. To-day it is a pathetic little sheet, cyclostyled in secret, and distributed at the risk of the bearer's liberty. On the back is a brief summary of the 'lathi' charges and convictions of Gandhi's followers all over India: here five hundred, there one hundred, elsewhere forty have been imprisoned. The startling thing is not this, but an "abridged" discourse from Mr. Gandhi himself, headed 'From the Prison Cell," which occupies about a third of the tiny space of this sheet.

Conceive the atmosphere, one's friends in tens of thousands in prison; one's unresisting followers beaten: everywhere tension, passion and excitement. In the midst of it, this frail ascetic, who had challenged the British Empire, sits at his spinning-wseel in his prison cell and meditates. On what, do you suppose? On the tactics of the struggle? On the future constitution of India? On the greatness of the nation that is reborn in this hour? Not at all. He meditates on the duty of abstinence from carnal desires. In sharp imperatives ring out his uncompromising demands for total abstinence from sexual pleasure, for the married no less than for the unmarried.

AN AUSTERE CREED.

Non-violence is universal love. When a man proffers all his love to a woman, or a woman to a man, what can remain with him or her for others? Neither of them can look upon the whole world as his or her own family. They have already a world of their own. This is a great obstacle in practising universal love. Hence a devotes of non-violence cannot get married, needless even to mention promiscuous relationship outside the marriage tie ..... The married should remain like the unmarried. They should be like brothers and sisters free from all sensual desires. Regarding all women as mothers, sisters, daughters, is in itself elevating. It liberates us from bondage. .....

One tries with one's Western mind to grasp it. It is Tolstoy talking, or Saint Francis. But this man leads a hundred millions. Do they all follow this austere creed? One need not suppose it. But at last one guesses what has happened to India. One perceives the source of this new courage, this new faith in a spiritual power, which can nerve men to bare their breasts to the bullets (as they literally did at Peshawar), and stand with folded arms, while a tank bears down upon them. India is in the grip of a puritan revolution.

It happens that this little sheet lies on my table across the ample bulk of the "Daily Herald." Involuntarily I glance at the pair. Of what is the Socialist democracy thinking? Chiefly it seems about a millionaire's yacht: after that about some detective mystery or other. Inevitably between this atmosphere and that, there is misunderstanding. East is East and West is West. But unfortunately the twain do meet. West governs East, and the result of this misunderstanding is that our Party has at the moment 26 000 persons of Mr. Gandhi's party in its prisons. I have verified that figure from a British official source. Mr. Gandhi's calculation was, that in the end the dignity and self-devotion of passive protests must move us. Perhaps he hardly realised that we have other weightier matters to think about. What does he know of yachts?

AN ESSENTIAL BOOK.

It is well that at this moment a book has appeared which ought to make the drama of this Indian struggle intelligible to all who can spare an evening for such a subject. Fenner Brockway has done many a service to India, but in writing this book he has capped them all. "The Indian Crisis" (Gollancz) costs only half-a-crown: one hopes it may sell in thousands. Democracy, perhaps, has no time to spare even for a book like this, brief, clear, well printed and easy to read. Then what right has Democracy to govern India?

Here are the essential facts which one requires, if one would form an opinion. It opens with a survey of the condition of this country—its incredible poverty, its deplorable ignorance, its pitiable bill of health. It goes on to discuss its relation to our Empire—the cost of services required to keep our flag floating above this poverty and illiteracy; the budget of which one third is devoted to the army, one-third to civil administration, and one-fourteenth part to education. There is a survey of the native States, with specimens of the worst and the best of them, and a warning against the folly of relying on these unpopular, and for the most part worthless, princess as a makeweight against Indian na-Nationalist movement, a sketch account of the history of the Nationalist mmovement, a sketch of Mr. Gandhi's record and of his ideas, and a narrative of events during the troubled year that lies behind us.

Mr. Brockway has tried to see all sides of this tangled question. He insists, as any Socialist must, in the poverty of these workers, who are lucky (as a high British official put it) when they have one sufficient meal in the day, and on the tribute which Imperialism levies in salaries, pensions and interest. But he can also write with just enthusiasm about the splendid work of British officials and engineers, who in the Punjab have turned a desert into a garden, and organised prosperity through co-operation.

INDIAN POVERTY.

He does not forget the share of Indian superstition and inertia, of caste and child-marriage, in explaining the poverty, and the low vitality of this race. He does not shirk the painful subject of the Hindu-Muslim feud. The main explanation of Indian poverty is, after all, that the peasantry, who form eighty per cent. of the working population, can work productively only for three months in the year. In the rest of the nine no labour in the fields is possible, and modern machine industry has destroyed village industries. When one adds that during the active quarter of the year these peasants make every mistake which ignorance can commit, in wasting the resources of the soil, one ceases to marvel at Indian poverty.

I shall be myself abroad ship and bound for India, when these lines appear. I am reluctant to record opinions which I may come to modify. But I gather that Mr. Brockway shares my main feeling about India. Its real problem is social and economic. One wants to see an organised Rationalist campaign which will fight the relics of primitive thought that underlie ideas that militate against health and even against good farming. One wants to see a furious battle with ignorance, such as the Russians are waging in their villages, by means of the wireless, the cinema and the popular Press. One wants to see a Trade Unionist effort which will civilise the existence of the urban workers, and an agrarian effort which will sweep away the parasitic landlord class and deliver the peasantry through co-operation from the curse of usury which dominates its life.

A generation ago one might have hoped that British leadership might have had the honour of doing these great things. It is too late. We threw the chance away. India will sit no longer at our feet to learn. One is impatient that this political struggle should bar the road to constructive advance. It can end only in freedom but the end may come with comparative ease, or it may come with rage and bloodshed and destruction. The Empire which cannot come to terms with Mr. Gandhi's gentleness may have to yield to the young men who are impatient to copy Irish methods.

WHAT SHALL THE ANSWER BE?

The tragedy of this situation is that one feels certain that both Mr. Benn and Lord Irwin are ready to give India the substance of what she demands. So sure one is of that, that one would say no word which could add to their difficulties. Of the details of the recent negotiations I know nothing: the account which reached our newspapers was a summary, and it wants an unblessed mind to make such summaries fairly. If I could trust it, I should have to say that the Indian leaders put forward some wholly needless demands, which they must have known that any British Government was bound to reject—demands that had no bearing on the substance of their claim. But, equally, I cannot discover that the British Government, faced for a year and a half with this Indian tragedy, driven against its will to imprison good men in tens of thousands, has ever been willing to answer the main question that every Indian has a right to put to it.

I will not speak of Dominion status: that is a phrase that calls for definition. I do not mean any of the endless details that will have to be faced at the Conference—the Army, the communal electorates, the franchise, the various checks and safeguards. I mean something vastly simpler. Assuming that no one will propose for the provinces anything less than the autonomy which Sir John Simon advises, the crux is at the centre. Will you, or will you not, grant at Delhi a Government responsible to an All-India Parliament? If you will do this, you may have peace and co-operation, a harmonious discussion of the many difficult questions that remain. If you won't do this, the struggle will go on, and it will not become gentler than it is to-day.

I do not know the answer to this question. No one knows it. There is no answer. It is not settled. Yet, is it possible that any member of the Cabinet is in doubt? One answers such questions instinctively, in a flash, with the whole of one's past and one's personality in the answer. Then why was no answer available last autumn, when Mr. Gandhi's passive rebellion might have been prevented, or this summer when it might have been stopped? Is it because an affirmative answer would have ranged some Liberals and most Tories against us, and forced us to fight for our principles?

One day the answer must be given, after our delays have filled India with passionate rebellion and wrecked the hope of a representative Conference. What will it be? One does not know! In the end, by a belated affirmative, we may save our own honour and convince India that she has still an honest friend among British parties. A negative might mean another year of ignominious office, but it would also mean the moral wreck of the Labour movement.

MR. KAKALBHAI KOTHARI

Brought Back to Dhan.

(From A Correspondent.)

DHANDHUKA, Oct. 20.

To the wonder of all Sjt. Kakalbhai Kothary of "Saurashtra," who has been charged with having made a speech coming under the Ordinance and whose case has been going on for the last month and a half, has been brought here again from Ahmedabad. It will be remembered that Mr. Eusafji Patel Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Dhandhuka sentenced Sjt. Hargovend Pandya in the same case. Sjt. Kakalbhai's case was transferred to Khan Bahadur Kadari's Court at Ahmedabad and Sjt Kakalbhai was transferred to Sabarmati Central Jail on 10th. Sjt. Kakalbhai Kothary was then produced before Khan Bahadur Kadri on 17th inst., when he was told that the Khan Bahadur had already written to the District Magistrate that he was unable to take up that case. Sjt. Kakalbhai Kothary was then produced before the District Magistrate Mr Taylor. It was thought that Mr. Taylor would send the case to some other local Magistrate. But Mr. Taylor after two days' consideration and consultation decided to send back the case to Mr Eusafji at Dhandhuka. As Sjt Kakalbhai Kothary is suffering from piles and has been reduced in weight by over seven lbs during the sub-jail life of a month and a half, he submitted an application to the District Magistrate requesting him to release him on bail for the medical treatment or make arrangements for the same in the Jail. District Magistrate Mr Taylor referred the application to the trying Magistrate suggesting him that the applicant should be released on bail or else be given every convenience regarding diet and medical treatment. Sjt Kakalbhai was then produced before Mr. Eusafji on the 19th inst. The question of his release on bail is not still decided. Sjt. Kakalbhai looks pale and weak. It is very necessary that proper arrangement for his medical treatment should be made immediately.

MR. ISHWARLAL VYAS NOT RELEASED.

Sjt. Ishwarlal Vyas, president of the Dhandhuka Taluka Local Board, who was sentenced as a Secretary to the First Ranpur Police Enquiry Committee, is not yet released from the Jail while all the members of the Committee sentenced with him are released from the Sabarmati Jail on the High Court decision. But he is brought here back to Dhandhuka Sub-Jail as he is to be tried in the Dhandhuka Taluka Praja Parishada case.

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C. L. Amendment Act And Unlawful Assembly

MEMBERSHIP NOT NECESSARY FOR CONVICTION UNDER SECTION 17 (CLAUSE), SAYS MAGISTRATE.

Is it necessary that persons should be members of an unlawful assembly in order to be convicted under Section 17 clause 2 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act namely, with assisting in the promotion of the operations of an unlawful assembly?

This question came up for consideration before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on Friday morning when the 3 accused arrested, in connection with the New Custom House picketing, were charged before him under the Picketing Ordinance. The accused stated that they were not members of any unlawful association, but the Magistrate was of the opinion that it was not necessary that persons should be members of an unlawful association to be convicted under Section 17 clause 2 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act. It was enough if they were found assisting in promoting the operations of an unlawful assembly. The Magistrate therefore found them guilty under Section 17 (2) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act and sentenced them to six months' rigorous imprisonment each.

The accused in this case are: (1) Wasudev Deshpande, (20); (2) Aziz Hyder (20); and (3) B. Motishah (26).

Mr. Spencer, appearing for the prosecution, stated that the accused were charged under Section 4 of the Picketing Ordinance. They were arrested on Thursday when they picketed in front of the New Customs House and persuaded the customers not to pay Customs duties.

At this stage the first accused was heard shouting something when the Magistrate said: "This is not the Esplanade maidan but a police court."

First accused: I know that.

THE CHARGE.

Mr. B. S. Gordon, Inspector of Customs, giving evidence in the case, stated that the accused were standing on the doorway of the New Customs House, and prevented people from going in. Accused asked customers not to pay the Customs dues and requested the staff not to serve.

The first accused stated that he did not prevent persons from going in, but merely advised them.

The Magistrate then said that he had altered the charge against them, and that they were now charged with assisting in the promotion of operations of an unlawful assembly namely, the "Congress Committee" or the "War Council".

Accused: We are not Congressmen.

Magistrate: It doesn't matter whether you are Congressmen or not! It is enough if you are found assisting the operations of an unlawful assembly to be guilty under the Section.

Deputy Inspector Parker then gave evidence.

The Magistrate then questioned the first accused whether he had picketed the New Custom House.

First accused: Ask the Police.

Magistrate: You can answer if you want. Don't put questions to me.

Accused: I don't want to answer.

The second accused stated that he was not a member of an unlawful assembly.

The third accused admitted that he had picketed the New Custom House and had prevented people from going in.

The Magistrate sentenced all the accused as above.

AN UNFINISHED SHOUT.

The First accused on hearing the sentence raised a shouts of "Vande", but before he could finish the slogan the Magistrate said "who said that, stop him". The other two accused were then taken away and it appears that the first accused will be charged with obstructing the proceedings of the court.

INCOME-TAX OFFICES PICKETED.

"People's Battalion" Activities.

Three Volunteers Arrested.

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

Three volunteers belonging to "People's Battalion" enacted the Income-Tax Offices this (Friday) afternoon at about 12 o'clock and approached all the office-clerks with pamphlets in which an appeal was made to all Government servants to resign their posts and join the Congress. They also addressed the public gathered in the office premises, calling upon them to withhold all taxes to the Government. Though ordered to leave the office premises, the volunteers seemed to have succeded in carrying on their propaganda in the whole of the office and even in approaching the Assistant Commissioner of Income-Tax. The police were called and they were arrested at about 2 o'clock, and were taken to the Esplanade lock-up.

NAMES OF ARRESTED VOLUNTEERS.

The following are the names of the volunteers who were arrested for picketing at the Income-Tax Office.

(1) Sirish Chandra Das, captain. An Inter Science Student.

(2) Sitanath Chakravarti aged 55.

(3) Shankar Ramjee Shinde.

They were subsequently placed before Chief Presidency Magistrate and sentenced to eight months' hard labour.

MASTER BATUK DESAI ACQUITTED.

"Inspector Bailey's Order Unreasonable" says Magistrates.

DRILL ON GOWALIA TANK MAIDAN NOT ILLEGAL

Master Batuk Desai, the youthful Captain of the Vanar Sena was acquitted by a bench of Honorary Magistrates consisting of Mr. B. S. Tarkhud and Dr. Jadhaoli Hansraj at the Girgaum Police Court, Bombay, on Friday morning. He was charged with "disobeying the reasonable directions" of a Police Officer, under Section 32 (2) of the Police Act.

It will be recalled that Sjt. Desai was taking a parade of some boys of the Vanar Sena on the Gowalia Tank maidan on the morning of October 19, when Inspector Bailey of the Gamdevi Police Station asked him to disperse the boys and arrested him.

The Magistrates, in passing judgment, considered the order given by Inspector Bailey as unreasonable and that he was not justified in asking the boys who were performing drill on the maidan to disperse. They, therefore, acquitted Sjt. Batuk Desai.

The prosecution story was that on October 19 at about 7 a.m. Inspector Bailey attached to the Gamdevi Police Station went to the Gowalia Tank Maidan and saw the accused holding a parade of the Vanar Sena consisting of about 30 to 35 boys. The accused did not obey his directions to disperse and therefore he ordered Sergeant Good to arrest him.

The accused pleaded "not guilty". He contended that no notice was served on the authorities of the Vanar Sena and that he read in the paper on Sunday that a mere suggestion was made by the Commissioner of Police to the parents of the children not to send their children to the Gowalia Tank Maidan and that the parade of the Vanar Sena was not banned. He added that the parade that was held there on that day was a usual one, and as soon as Inspector Bailey asked him that the boys should disperse, he immediately complied with the request.

Inspector Bailey then called him a "coward" to which he took objection upon which Sergeant Good struck him two blows and threw him bodily out of the maidan thereby tearing his shirt. He was then arrested.

The Magistrates, in passing the judgment, observed that the point at issue in this case was whether the order given by Inspector Bailey was reasonable and whether it was given in the fulfilment of his duties.

INSPECTOR BAILEY'S EVIDENCE.

Inspector Bailey in his evidence stated that he gave the order to disperse neither under the latest Ordinance nor under any other notification issued under the Ordinance but that he took action under the existing law, namely, the Police Act. Further Inspector Bailey admitted that he gave the order to disperse in anticipation of the formation of a procession of the Vanar Sena, as announced in the press, in reference to which the Police Commissioner had issued a warning to the parents of the children not to send their children to the procession.

After carefully considering all the points at issue the Magistrates arrived at the conclusion that:—

(a) that to hold a drill on the Gowalia Tank Maidan was no offence and that the police can take no action as long as it is not prohibited or banned by an order issued by the authorities;

(b) that such drills are being held almost daily by the boy scouts, school boys and other institutions without any interference by the police;

(c) it is not alleged nor supported by the prosecution that the boys of the Vanar Sena holding the drill were obstructing the traffic or causing inconvenience to the passersby in any way.

(d) that further they had not formed into a procession or exhibited any sign of preparing them to form a procession.

The Magistrates therefore held that the anticipation of Inspector Bailey that the boys would start the procession was not justified. They also held that the direction or the order given by the police was not reasonable and therefore no offence was committed.

The accused was ordered to be acquitted.

S. VYN AND VINA DESAI ACQUITTED.

—:o:—

Police Fail to Prove the Charge.

Mr. Senatkumar Vyn and Mr. Vina M. Desai, who were arrested by the police on October 15 at Dalpatram House for being members of an unlawful association were tried and acquitted by Mr. I. N. Mehta to-day at the Girgaum Police Court.

Both the men were charged with being members of the Youth League, which had been declared unlawful by a Government notification last week. Mr. Vyn did not defend or take any part in the proceedings, but Mr. Desai was represented by Mr. C. N. Kanuga assisted by Mr. Mohanlal Desai. While declining to take part in the proceedings, Mr. Vyn stated that he was not a member of the Youth League nor in any way connected with it.

NO EVIDENCE.

The prosecution could not produce any evidence to prove that the accused were members of the Youth League. Thereupon the Police made an attempt to charge Mr. Vyn with being a member of the Satyagraha Volunteers Corps. Sub-Inspector Kamat produced a register containing the names of the Satyagraha volunteers, and he stated that the register contained the name of Vyn. He, however, admitted that the register was seized by the police in May last.

Mr. Kanuga pointed out that this evidence was quite irrelevant as the accused were charged with being members of the Youth League and not for being Satyagrahis. The Magistrate agreed with that view and ruled out the evidence.

The prosecution then tried to show that there was connection between the Youth League and the B.P.C.C. and that the latter was carrying on the work of the Congress Committee.

The Magistrate said that he could not act on the suggestion unless it was proved that the Youth League was definitely a part of the B.P.C.C.

The case against the accused having not been proved, both of them were acquitted and ordered to be released.

"Merge Into The Congress"

—:o:—

The following message was by Mr. Cassumali Mahomedali Fatehali, Editor "Congress Bulletin" on the eve of his conviction:—

My only message to my comrades is that we have entered upon a new phase in the struggle for our Independence. Men and children Hindus, Muslims and Christians Parsis and Sikhs, one and all are doing their duty and there can be no doubt about the result.

I have had the privilege of being appointed Dictator of Muslim R. S. Mandal and it is my desire that in view of the present situation all institutions must merge themselves into the Congress. I therefore dissolve the Mandal and call upon my Muslim Comrades to lay their services at the disposal of the Bombay War Council.

MAHAD WELCOMES ITS LEADER.

Mr. Surendranath Tipnis who was undergoing his imprisonment in the Thana jail was released on Saturday last after completion of his sentence. Mr. Tipnis was sentenced to six months' A.I. in May last for breaking the Salt Law. He is the first man from Mahad to come back.

The news of Mr. Tipnis' release was received on Sunday and the local Satyagraha Shibir made excellent arrangements to receive him. He was given good reception at several places 'en route' from Bombay to Mahad.

TAKLI COMPETITION AT KALYAN.

A Takli Competition under the auspices of the Andhra Association, Kalyan, was held on Wednesday in their Hall. Dr. V. W. Phadke presided. 28 males and 8 ladies have participated in the competition.

The following three won the medals:—

Adults: Sjt. Vayuvegula Venkata Narayan 1st Silver Medal.
Boys: Sjt. Nathuram Narayan Khedekar. 1st Silver Medal
Ladies: Srimati Yemunabai W. Bhanu 1st Silver Medal.

The President while awarding the prizes, emphasized the importance of spinning and advised that every Indian should make it a point daily to spin as much as he or she could do for the economic uplift of India.

IN SURAT DECLARED ILLEGAL

(Continued from page 1.)

on Friday morning and a Congress flag and board were confiscated.

DECCAN LADIES IN EARNEST.

The nomination of Mrs. Avantikaoai Gokhale as the new President of the "War Council" has aroused the Deccani ladies, many of whom were seen in their familiar orange coloured sarees delivering street-corner lectures, particularly in the Girgaum locality.

Two women delivering an address at Gamdevi asked the people to carry on the Congress activities inspite of the repressive action of the Government. They exhorted the people to have a flag salutation ceremony in every locality next Sunday.

PICKETING AT MANGALDAS MARKET.

The women were also picketing a large number of foreign cloth shops at the Mangaldas Market, and at Girgaum and other localities.

Volunteer Beaten By Sergt

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

A volunteer, Mr. Krishna Dadoo Amle, was sitting in front of a temple with a national flag and "Congress House" board on a tree, in the E Ward. A sergeant came at about 12 o'clock with a batch of constables and began to beat the volunteer, asking him to remove the national flag and the Congress board. On his refusal he dragged him and went on beating him for nearly fifteen minutes. Then a constable climbed up the tree took down the flag and the board, meanwhile a big crowd gathered. The sergeant dispersed the crowd with his stick and took the volunteer to the police lock-up, beating him all along the way.

FOURTH RAID ON 'F' WARD OFFICE PAREL

—:o:—

The 'F' Ward Congress Committee Office was raided for the fourth time by the police at 6-15 p.m. on Friday. A crowd of several collected as the police were carrying out the raid. After the arrest of two volunteers and snatching away of the National Flag the sergeants and police boys charged the crowd with lathis as a result of which about half a dozen passers-by received injuries. The names of arrested volunteers are (1) Bahadur Singh (Gurkha) (2) H. H. Chavarkar.

SURAT CONGRESS BODIES DISSOLVED

—:o:—

Dr. M. K. Dixt Made "Dictator"

SURAT, Oct. 24.

Following the raids and arrests of Congress office bearers, Congressites held an emergent meeting this afternoon and resolved to dissolve the District and Taluka Congress Committee as also the "War Council". They appointed Dr. M. K. Dixit, ex-M. L. C. (President of the Chorasi Taluka Samiti) Dictator for Surat District.

A mass meeting was held this evening to congratulate the arrested persons. Ladies and boys went in a procession to the river where a meeting was held.—A. P.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau, 781, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK MARKET.

—:o:—

JANUARY NEW 1931.

New York, Oct. 24.

Previous Closing Rate	10.97
To-day's Opening Rate	11.14
Difference	plus. 17
To-day's Closing	11.07
Difference	plus. 10

Broach Expectation A./M. Rs. 199

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

—:o:—

JANUARY NEW 1931.

Liverpool, Oct. 24.

Previous Closing Rate	5.89
To-day's Opening Rate	5.94
Difference	plus 05
To-day's Closing Rate	5.94
Difference	plus 05

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

—:o:—

London, Oct. 24.

Silver (Ready)	16	8	0
Higher	0	2	0
Silver (Forward)	16	8	0
Higher	0	2	0

Tone of Market:—India bought.

BOMBAY PRICES.

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Kartak	47	5	0
Magsar	47	4	0

Suburban Congress Workers On Trial

—:o:—

EX-HON. MAGISTRATE ON HIS PROGRESS FROM CO-OPERATOR TO CONGRESSMAN

Khadilkar Not Allowed To Read His Statement.

The trial of a number of Congress workers alleged to be the members of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee who were recently arrested at different places in the suburbs commenced at Bandra on Friday morning before Acting First Class Magistrate.

The trial roused considerable interest among the public and a very large number of relatives, friends and admirers of the accused gathered near the court premises. But the court room being very small majority of those who gathered there had to go back disappointed or to wait in the burning sun for hours together. Admission to the court room was strictly limited and many of those who ultimately got admission had to wait for a considerable time at the gate. Among those who had to wait like were Mr. K. Natrajan and his daughter Mrs. Natrajan.

MRS. KASTURBA IN COURT.

About an hour before the proceedings commenced the court room was fully packed, the majority of those present being women. Among them were Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi, Mrs. Perin Captain, Mrs. Jamnalal Bajaj, Mrs. Barfiwala, wife of one of the accused Mr. C. D. Barfiwalla and ex-honorary magistrate and ex-chairman of the Notified Area Committee of Andheri, the aged father of another accused Mr. Purshottam Kanji of Santacruz.

At about 12-15 p.m. the following eight accused were brought to court from the lock-up amidst shouts of "Inqilab Zindabad" and "Bande Matram."

The following persons were on trial:—

(1) Rustomji Dosabhai Baliwala of Bandra.
(2) Chotalal Balabhai Kora of Khar.
(3) Chunilal D. Barfiwala of Andheri.
(4) Jayantilal C. Nanavati of Andheri.
(5) Shantaram K. Chemburkar of Chembur.
(6) Prabhakar Hari Khadilkar of Vile Parle.
(7) Bhadas Dharsi Bhuta of Vile Parle and
(8) Purshottam Kanji of Santa Cruz.

ONE PERSON MISSING.

The ninth accused Mr. V. V. Naik of Andheri who has been let on bail was not present in the court when his name was called out and the police prosecutor Mr. Nerurkar suggested that the case against those accused who were present should be heard.

BUILDING MAY COME DOWN.

Before the proceedings commenced Mr. G. B. Trivedi requested the Court that about 15 relatives of the accused were waiting outside and they should be allowed to come in. He also suggested that as there was no accomodation in the court room they should be allowed to stand in the gallery but the Magistrate refused to allow any more visitors saying that the building may crumble down if he allowed more men to come up.

BROTHERS AND WOMEN RELATIVES KEPT OUT.

Mr. Barfiwala requested that at least some women relatives should be allowed and Mr. B. D. Bhuta's appeal that at least his two brothers who were waiting out should be allowed to come in, was not granted.

The Magistrate then informed the accused that they were charged under section 17 (1) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act with being members of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee at Vile Parle which was declared by Government to be an unlawful association on October 10.

NATIONAL SERVICE AS OCCUPATION.

Some interesting replies were given by the accused when the Magistrate recorded their statements. The first accused Mr. R. D. Baliwala in reply to a question said: "My caste is Indian."

Magistrate: What is you occupation?

Mr. Baliwala: National Service.

Magistrate: Which is your residence?

Mr. Baliwala: India.

Magistrate: Have you understood the charge that has been explained to you?

Mr. Baliwala: Yes.

Magistrate: Have you any cause to show why you should not be convicted?

Mr. Baliwala: I do not wish to take any part in this farcical trial.

The second accused Mr. C. B. Kora also refused to take part in the proceedings.

HIS REGRET.

Mr. C. D. Barfiwala, the third accused, giving his occupation stated that he was a lecturer in local Self-Government and to his shame a dealer in foreign piecegoods. He refused to admit that he had committed the offence for which he was charged.

A DESH SEWAK.

The fourth accused Mr. S. K. Chemburkar who is only 19 said that he was a Desh Sewak and refused to take part in the proceedings.

Mr. P. H. Khadilkar, the fifth accused stated that he was a journalist and was working on the "Nava Kal" as an assistant editor. He reserved his statement till the prosecution evidence was recorded.

The other accused also refused to take part in the proceedings. The last accused Mr. Purshottam Kanji giving his residence said that for the last five days he was in the Bandra lock-up and prior to that he stayed at Santa Cruz.

PROSECUTION EVIDENCE.

Sub-Inspector Khan of Vile Parla stated that the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee was declared to be an unlawful association on October 10 and he raided the office of that association on October 11. From the records that he attached he prepared a case against the accused and arrested three of them who were in Ville Parla himself and instructed the police at Bandra, Andheri and Chembur and arrest the other accused. From the records it appeared that the accused were members of the B. S. D.C.C. a meeting of which was held on October 5.

Cross-examined by the third accused Mr. Barfiwala the witness stated that during the raid he did not find any list of the members meetings. He had no evidence the names of the accused from a file of rough minutes of the meetings. He had no evidence whether recorded or oral to show that the Committee met or functioned after October 5 and he had also no evidence to show that Mr. Barfiwala took any part in the activities after April 26. He could not also say if Mr. Barfiwala took any part in the operations of that association.

After the evidence of the first prosecution witness the court rose for ten minutes.

When the proceedings were resumed three more Sub-Inspectors from Bandra, Andheri and Chembur gave evidence for the prosecution and the case for prosecution was closed.

EX-HON. MAGISTRATE TAKES PART.

When the Magistrate asked the accused if they wanted to lead any evidence all except Mr. Barfiwala refused to take part in the proceedings.

Mr. Barfiwala asked the court if he would get all the documents seized by the police for inspection or at least the inventary of those documents, but the police prosecutor informed the Courts that nothing except the records presented in the Courts would be given for inspection to the accused. If he wanted any other document he should name them but Mr. Barfiwala said that he was unable to do so unless he had the inventary before him and so he did not want to lead any evidence except making a statement.

MR BARFIWALLA'S STATEMENT.

In his written statement Mr. Barfiwalla stated that he was a co-operator but withdrew his co-operation with the Government as a protest against the severe sentences passed on prominent and respectable citizen in the Bandra Court for third crime of "patriotism". His activities in the field of local Self-Government and his criticism of Government actions made him an enemy of the officials who wanted to wreak vengeance on him and the present case was only an outcome of that feeling.

The fourth accused Mr. Jayantilal Nanavati also read his statement in which he said that he was merely interested in the propagation of Khaddar and had nothing to do with the law-breaking activities of the Congress.

KHADILKAR NOT ALLOWED TO READ STATEMENT.

Mr. H. P. Khadilkar wanted to read out his statement but the Magistrate did not allow him to do so as then was no time. He only recorded the written statement.

The police prosecutor then addressed the Court after which Mr. Barfiwala once again addressed the Court and said that he and his colleagues were all innocent persons. They had committed no offence and it would be sheer injustice to convict them as the prosecution had not been able to prove that the Committee functioned after October 5.

The Magistrate reserved the judgment till to-day (Saturday).

The case against Mrs. Kamalabai Sonawala and some other accused who are in police custody will be heard to-day.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

—:o:—

PUBLIC MEETING AT MAZAGON.

To-day (Saturday) a public meeting will be held under the presidenship of Sjt. Gopalrao Gole, at 9-0 p.m. (S.T.) at Tarabag Love Lane, Mazagon.

UNFINISHED MAN—A STUDY IN EVOLUTION.

This is the subject of a free public lecture to be delivered to-morrow (Sunday) evening at 6 o'clock in the Hall of the United Lodge of Theosophists, 51, Esplanade Road.

FLAG HOISTING AT KHAR.

The monthly flag salutation ceremony at Khar will be performed on Sunday (the 26th instant) at 8 a.m. on the Promenade Circle. Mrs. Gangaben Patel will hoist the flag.

TO CONGRATULATE MR. KORA.

A public meeting of the citizens of Khar will be held to congratulate Mr. C. B. Kora on his arrest, to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Purnanand Bhatt's House, Sarada Nivas, at the junction of 8th and 11th Road.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Owing to general breakdown of wires in Southern India the traffic is subject to delay.

THE EUGENIC SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the Eugenic Society Mr. M. D. Choksy will give a lecture on "Does Birth Control lead to Immorality?" at the Society's office (Ranchod Bhuvan, Opp. Opera House Tram-terminus) at 5 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Viswananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on "Bhagawad Gita" at Shyamji Ladha Building, Matunga (G. I. P.) to-day, Saturday at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY SWADESHI LEAGUE WORKERS' MEETING.

There will be an urgent meeting of all the workers of the Bombay Swadeshi League on Sunday (the 26th inst.) at 9-30 a.m. in the League Headquarters, Blavatsky Lodge Building, French Bridge, Chowpatty. All workers are requested to attend.

FEMALE INDUSTRIAL AND CHARITABLE SOCIETY.

The Annual Thanksgiving Mass will be celebrated on Sunday (26th inst.) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Church of Our Lady of of Health, Cavel, in honour of its August Patron, the Most Sacred Heart of Jesus, as well as in commemoration of its 10th Anniversary. Revd. Dr. L. Raymond D. D. will preach on this occasion.

LOHANAK SNATAK MANDAL.

The New Year's Social Gathering of the above Mandal will be held on Sunday, the 26th inst. at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Princess Street, Devkaran Mansion.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY STUDENTS' CONFERENCE.

A meeting of the leading students of Surat was held on 23rd inst.. Shrimati Jyotsana Shukla presiding when it resolved to hold Bombay Presidency Students' Conference to decide what students should do on the present situation.

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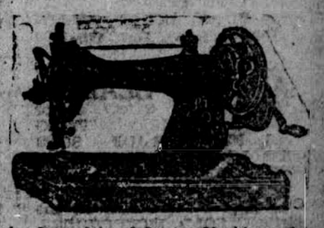

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25 1930.

F. BROCKWAY ON INDIA.

—:o:—

We offer our very hearty congratulations to Mr. Fenner Brockway on his book "The Indian Crisis" (Victor Gollancz Ltd., London, Price 2/6.) It is a small volume of 208 pages. And yet, as Miss Gwyneth Foden says: "It is so compact, so concise, yet so absorbingly informative as to be intensely interesting to both Indian and British alike." As a study of the India of to-day, apart from Dr. Sunderland's book, it is far and away the best book that has been written for many a day. The author has neither exaggerated nor minimised nor yet, omitted anything material to a proper appreciation of the situation. And his claim that he has "tried to be scrupulously fair" is amply justified. Mr. Brockway gives credit to the Government for railways, irrigation and public health services. But he naturally cannot help giving facts and figures regarding the appalling ignorance, the terrible poverty and the pitiable condition of the Indian peasantry.

"The British Government," he says, "has built up an extra-ordinarily efficient machine for the maintenance of law, collection of the revenue, and the defence of the country; but this machine has contributed practically nothing to the improvement of the standard of life of the masses of the people. Of the national revenue raised from the Indian people by taxation, one-third is expended on the maintenance of the British and Indian armies in India, another one-third on the maintenance of the Civil Service, which is manned in most of its higher posts by Englishmen. Only about one-fourteenth is spent on education, one-twenty-eighth on health, and about one-twentieth upon agricultural re-organisation and other "transferred" subjects."

There is no one, with any knowledge of India who can question the conscientious correctness of the conditions as set forth above. Nor is there any one who can deny that the author has truthfully represented the Indian position as follows:—

"But in considering the effects of British rule, it is not necessary to prove that British influence has directly caused the ignorance and poverty and social injustice which abound; the indictment rests on the fact that the British administration has failed so completely to change the conditions of the people."

Mr. Brockway, does not hesitate to lay his finger on the central weakness of British rule. "The most serious effect of British rule has been the breaking of the spirit of the people. They ave been kept in bondage, a subject race." He, therefore, does not hesitate to place the horse before the cart and arrives at the conclusion that although "India's salvation must come from herself," "the first step is political freedom: then the much greater step of social freedom." Holding these views it was only to be expected that Mr. Brockway would sympathise with the Indian movement led by Mahatma Gandhi. The book contains a comprehensive, sympathetic—and accurate—description of the initiation and development of Satyagraha and its reactions both on India and her rulers. He deals with the response of the people to the repressive policy of Government. He shows how the nation adhered firmly to non-violence and he has no difficulty in exposing misrepresentations so sedulously fostered by India's enemies, regarding the position and the representative character of the Congress. Mr. Brockway summarises the Simon report and shows why it was rejected. The concluding chapter contains his own suggestions. He wrote the book before the Congress terms were rejected by the Government. One of the main suggestions, therefore, is that the British Government should deal with the Congress. For, "a Conference from which Mahatma Gandhi, Motilal Nehru and Jawaharlal Nehru were absent would be worse than useless." The Government, however, have decided otherwise. Mr. MacDonald and his colleagues decided to betray the principles of Social Democracy lest they should falsify hopes reposed in them by the very Imperialism which they have spent their lives in condemning. So complete and cynical has been the betrayal that even an old associate of the British Premier like Dr. Walsh has felt compelled to utter a stern protest. We doubt if Mr. MacDonald has eyes to see the choice before him so clearly put forward by Doctor Walsh. Imperialistic respectability is blinding. It dazzles and it obliterates the past. It is idle to deplore the wrong perpetrated on India as an "inglorious retreat, not only from the Labour Party's public declarations, but from the promises repeatedly made to India." There is glory in ignominious surrender to your new love.

INVASION OF FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

—:o:—

In all civilised countries one of the most cherished principles of justice is that the accused must have a fair trial. Particularly in the administration of criminal law, modern States take special care that the accused has no reasonable ground of complaint that he was deprived of a fair trial. Hence the necessity of a formal preliminary inquiry by a magistrate before a case is committed to a higher court. The Indian Code of Criminal Procedure does provide safeguards against the possible miscarriage of justice by insisting upon procedure which to those who are in a hurry to secure a short and quick trial may appear "protracted", but which is essentially necessary in the interests of the accused. Latterly assaults have been made on the fundamental right of a citizen to secure a fair trial by the enactment of the Criminal Law Amendment Act in Bengal and now the Government of the Punjab intend to follow the pernicious example of Bengal on a more extended scale. They propose to introduce a measure, called the Criminal Law (Punjab Amendment) Bill, under which the rules relating to procedure for the trial of criminal cases will be drastically revised in order to secure the avoidance of "protracted hearings". The reason given for the introduction of the Bill is the "increase during recent months, of murderous outrages and conspiracies to commit crimes of violence" and the Bill proposes the establishment of special tribunals by the local Government, for the trial of prisoners accused of complicity in such crimes. There will be no preliminary magisterial inquiry because according to the official statement which explains the necessity of introducing the measure: "The ordinary commitment procedure provided in the Criminal Procedure Code involves in practice a double hearing and a protracted trial extending over many months and the resulting delay in obtaining a final decision and the risks to which witnesses are exposed by frequent appearances in court require the abolition of commitment proceedings."

The Government of the Punjab thus seek to put upon the statute-book of the province the main provisions of the Lahore Conspiracy Case Ordinance, an Ordinance which elicited universal condemnation in India as a move to do away with normal legal procedure to expedite a particular political trial. The concern which the Government of the Punjab display for the witnesses exposed to "risks" is considerably open to suspicion. In many cases—the Lahore Conspiracy case was a notable instance in point,—the Crown witnesses were more in number than the defence ones and this latest attack of Punjab officialdom on the fundamental right of an accused person to be assured of a fair trial shows that if the Bill is allowed to pass, not only will the accused be denied the salutary safeguard of a preliminary magisterial inquiry, but there will also be no particular anxiety on the part of the prosecution to buttress its case by producing a sufficient number of witnesses. We hope legal opinion all over India will condemn promptly this move in the Punjab to secure a short cut—to injustice.

LEARNING FROM GANDHIJI.

—:o:—

Commenting upon the White Paper issued by the MacDonald Government on the policy they propose to follow in Palestine, we remarked that their proposals would please neither the Arabs nor the Jews. The Arabs, of course, will refuse to accept a policy which promises them a measure of Self-Government "compatible with the retention of the mandate." Mr. John H. Holmes, the well-known American divine who visited Palestine recently and published his impressions of an exhaustive study of the political and economic conditions there in his paper "Unity," urges the Arab population "to follow Gandhi's example" and adopt towards the British a policy of passive resistance. His suggestion is all the more significant in view of the fact that in his series of articles on Palestine he had paid a handsome tribute to Jewish economic enterprise in that land. But the most curious thing is that the Jews contemplate also imitating Mahatmaji's method. The French Zionist Committee and the Jewish National Council in Palestine have passed resolutions declaring a boycott of the British in Palestine. Why cannot the MacDonald Government face the problem boldly and declare for the abolition of the mandate and make an honest endeavour to initiate genuine Self-Government in Palestine?

ABUSE OF POWER

—:o:—

In acquitting Mr. Batuk Desai, the fifteen-year old Captain of the "Vanar Sena", of the charge of disobeying a police order under Section 32 (2) of the Police Act, the Honorary Magistrates' Bench that tried the case rightly observed that the order given by Inspector Bailey was unreasonable and that he was not justified in asking boys who were performing drill on the maidan at Gamdevi, to disperse. The defence evidence brought out the fact that the rally of the Vanar Sena was not banned. Inspector Bailey's justification of his order was that he wanted the boys to disperse "in anticipation of a procession of the Vanar Sena". The police action was clearly an abuse of power. The public have reason to hold that this is not the only instance in which the police have abused power. How is it that the Commissioner of Police has not, to public knowledge, given strict instructions to his subordinates not to exceed their authority and how is it that the Director of Information with the Government of Bombay maintains a strange silence concerning points like arrests of and assaults on members of Prabhat Pheris by the police, regarding which the public is entitled to seek enlightenment from him?

FOR SWADESHI CLOTH.

ABOLISH "VIDESIH" DESIGNS.

(BY KANAIYALAL H. VAKIL.)

Is it surprising? Agencies of education, official, semi-official and pseudo non-official, schools and colleges, "private", aided, municipal and official, and, finally, universities in India have left to the astrologers to discover the chance conjunction of stars and the auspicious occasion for the education of the people, by the people, for the people of India. In the meantime, schools and colleges and universities multiply, examinations multiply and the officials multiply the jobs and the departments for their own multplication. The game seems to be to invent new names for the old pastimes. The more exotic the name the better it is for popular excitement and exploitation. Research is apparently re-search. Really, it is, more often than not, random rush for imported, exotic, novelties. Consequently, there have been ninety-nine educational agencies and importing firms for one independent institution that can educate the nation, as a nation, fully conscious of its unfettered and enduring future. Is it surprising? I have heard about and known teachers and professors and inspectors of education. Not one of them has the slightest difficulty, the slightest inconvenience, the slightest resistance offered. Every one of them is popularly assumed to be an "educationist." Naturally, not one of them is interested in cultivating the non-conformist conscience. As it happens, I am so interested. I feel not the slightest need to dispute their existence. I merely look at their credentials.

A QUESTION.

How many of them have, for example, specifically endeavoured to define, as precisely as it could be so defined, the vital, indispensable intimate, inter-relation between education, art and industry? That question, the question which touches very closely the fundamentals of national industry and economics, is for most of them not yet a question. They are, placidly, unconscious of the inconvenience. Is it surprising? It should not be. For, we have for long acquired the habit, Westerners call it "Oriental" courtesy, of honouring every money-changer and speculator, dividend-hunter and stock-broker, as an "industrialist." We accept every "curios" dealer and collector of "art wares" as well as every archaeologist as an "expert" on Indian art, every visitor, tourist or "friend" from abroad with apparent" sympathy" as our saviour. Why withhold the honour, the "Oriental" courtesy, from the community, generally believed to be long-suffering of teachers, professors and inspectors? Call them, honour them, as "educationists." Will that solve the question? Or, will it suppress, as it has suppressed, its existence?

RIGHT OCCASION.

The Swadeshi shops, the innumerable Swadeshi exhibitions and the speeches and discussions prompted by the dynamic urge of the present Swadeshi movement recall vividly the fact that the question exists, exists undefined and, certainly unsolved. The speeeches of Syt. S. A. Brelvi and Srimati Sharda Mehta, at a recent exhibition at Ahmedabad, provided the right occasion for the question. Syt. Brelvi could not "too strongly emphasise that industry and art should always go together." He suggested, quite definitely and justifiably, that in the production of cloth "all artistic traditions talents and instincts of their country were to be fully employed." Srimati Sharda Mehta spoke about some of the members "who had interested themselves in khadi from the point of view of art." She referred to the materials utilised in the manufacture of cloth.

(Continued on Page 10.)

ADULATION AND STUPIDITY.

—:o:—

(BY PAUL PRY.)

Readers of "The Chronicle" who are also readers of "The Times of India" must, by this time, be very familiar with the names of certain persons, whose sole aim, nowadays, seems to seize at every opportunity to run the Congress down, and express their unswerving loyalty to the British. I have nothing to say against their desire to express, in season and out, their loyalty. I will not even insinuate that they have their own axes to grind in their intense anxiety to do so; but I see no reason why they should make it a point to slander the Congress in the manner they do. Many must have, of course, remarked that any ass in these days can make himself or herself prominent in the columns of the "Times" by simply abusing the Congress. Some people are taking a good advantage of this. One of these pillars of the British Empire in India, one of the detractors of the Congress here, at present, is without a doubt Mr. Jehangir R. P. Mody. Though he is evidently an ignoramus, he frequently rushes into print to give the Bombay public through the "Times of India", the benefit of his deep thinking and profound wisdom in matters involving serious political, social and even religious proolems. One of his latest efforts in this direction is to be found in a letter addressed to the "Times" of 22-10-30 under the sinister heading, "Congress In Hands of Bolsheviks?" In the same issue of that paper, he is taken to task by a Mr. D. A. Khariwala who evidently cannot stomach all the nonsense of Mr. Mody.

THE BOLSHEVIK BOGEY.

In that latest effort of his, Mr. Mody gravely warns his coreligionists and others that "The Congress to-day is in the hands of the Bolsheviks," and he proceeds to give a lurid picture of the fate of India if the dreams of the Congress are realised. I call Mr. Mody an ignoramus and I think I am quite justified in saying so. Were he a wise man, sufficiently well informed, he would have refrained from exploiting this persecution stunt by the Bolsheviks. He should have known that it is a shameless and mendacious propaganda against the Soviet Government by some Imperialistic Governments. He should have known that very few intelligent persons now credit stories though they are a feature of all the newspapers that support the Imperialistic domination. He should have remembered that generally we hear only one side of the question, and it is very seldom that we have a chance of hearing the other. He should have known why it is so. In trotting out the story of religious persecution in Russia, Mr. Mody, like the ignoramus he is, has evidently swallowed all the ridiculous stories he heard recently when the Pope and the Archbishop of Canterbury attempted to rouse the feelings of Europe by drawing a lurid picture and relating awful stories of religious persecution in Russia. Fortunately the saner elements in Europe promptly exposed and ridiculed that hypocritical attempt on the part of Western Christianity to raise religious feeling against Russia. It was pointed out that Western Christianity conveniently forgot its own persecution in days gone by before which the so-called Russian religious persecution pales into insignificance. It was shown that stories of persecution which actually happened during the Csarist regime were collected to make believe that they were of recent occurences under the Soviet Government. To such extent can mendacious propaganda go!

MISLEADING PROPAGANDA.

Mr. Mody who talks so glibly of things he obviously knows nothing about, might do well to read what other people say about these so-called persecutions. In the English papers which reached Bombay by the last mail, there is an abstract of an Address delivered by Mr. John H. Dietrich, Minister of the First Unitarian Society, Minneapolis, Minn, U.S.A. on "Religion in Russia." Mr. Dietrich describes the attempt of the Pope, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and other ecclesiastics to exploit the religious feeling of Western Europe; he describs other attempts of the propagandists to spread this false news and he tells us that "when these stories are traced down they are found to be without foundation. "Perhaps the best evidence in this respect," he says, "is found in the words of the Chief Patriarch of the Russian Churches who has recently told us that religion has never been and is not now subjected to persecution, that ministers have never been forbidden to conduct religious services, that the churches which were closed have been closed not by the authorities but upon request of the people, and that any repression applied to believers and clergyman has been applied not for religious beliefs, but for anti-Government acts, just as against other citizens."

So much for Mr. Mody's knowledge of what is going on in Russia.

His appeal to Indians about the thing they prize most, namely their religious rights, and his warning to them that the object of the Congress is to interfere with these is on a par with his pitiable ignorance. This is not the object of the Congress as he well knows; he is only appealing to ignorant fanatics. Every intelligent Indian now knows that religion is one of the causes of her present plight. Every intelligent Indian begins to appreciate that a sensible and rational view of religion is the aim of every reformer and well-wisher of India; and India will be a happier place to live in with less religion and more common sense among the people. Mr. Mody is still very benighted in this respect.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

Ninth Ordinance Wins.

It was with a sense of the usual weekly relief that we read the latest 'Government's appreciation of the situation in India'. "While it may be assumed that efforts will be made to maintain and increase enthusiasm, the immediate result of action under the Ordinance has been definitely to discourage the movement." We are very happy to note that our own impressions have been "definitely" confirmed. For, we had held that all the talk about increasing discontent was so much Congress propaganda. Meetings and Prabhat Pheries and their dispersal by lathi charges were figments of imagination. The fact of a "war council" springing up almost every day as soon as one was jailed was merely a myth, and so was the Muslim reaction to the Ninth Ordinance. As to the indefinite closing of the Mulji Jetha Market—and that too as a protest against the Ordinance—no lie could be more coolly deliberate.

More Real Facts.

For, as a matter of actual fact, the market is open and dealers in foreign piece-goods are doing a roaring trade and the key in which they are singing the praise of the Ninth Ordinance is in direct proportion to the roar of the trade. This is not all. The Congress movement has been so "definitely discouraged" that business in Br.—we mean 'foreign' goods—has been restored to the level of October 1929. So all is well, save that "the campaign against non-payment of Land Revenue will not, however, be lightly abandoned." But we are not disposed to take this seriously. For, Simla is much too clever to become the victim of sedulous Congress propaganda, the very mischief of which it is exposing with such merciless effect. We suspect rather, that it is a joke intended to frighten the public for a brief while. Officialdom also has its moments of relaxation and humour. And who can deny that it deserves them more than any institution or individual in the whole world?

Authoritative.

Apropos of the two Ordinances that are shortly to expire there has been general speculation as to whether or no they are to be allowed to die without being revived. Some simple-minded well-meaning persons went even so far as to discuss the legal issues involved. This, of course, these speculative minds must now definitely set at rest. For, according to the Simla correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette" the emergency exists, hence also the need for meeting the emergency with the help of Ordinances. This annoutice-ment may be safely regarded as authoritative. For the "Civil and Military Gazette" is the darling of Bureaucratia and, therefore, knows.

Amazing.

There will be general indignation, more particularly amongst Mussalmans, at the news that the body of a Muslim volunteer, who died in the Central Jail of Lahore, was not given to the relatives of the deceased. It is difficult not to be amazed at the authorities refusing to do a simple human act. There is enough bitterness already without an unimaginative bureaucracy going to the length of treating the dead with disrespect and punishing their relatives.

An Agra Report.

According to a Free Press report, Shrimati Shantidevi of Agra sentenced to six months' simple imprisonment in "B" class for inciting the Police has been transferred to class "C". She has an infant in arms and "feels much hardship for want of milk for her child in jail". We sincerely wish the report were untrue. For, if it is true, it betrays on the part of the authorities concerned a callousness that will make any one with ordinary human sentiments shudder. We do hope, we repeat, that there is some misunderstanding somewhere.

CALCUTTA EUROPEANS' EFFRONTERY

—:o:—

Sjt. Purshottamdas Hits Out

NO COMPROMISE POSSIBLE

Why Commercial Community Supports Congress

The ninth annual general meeting of the East India Cotton Association Ltd., was held in the Board Room, Cotton Exchange, Sewri, Bombay, on Friday, at 1 p.m. (S. T.). Sir Purshottamdas presiding.

The meeting commenced exactly at 1 p.m., and Sir Purshottamdas Thakordas took the chair amidst loud cheers.

Sir Pushottamdas in the course of his speech said:—

The events of the last seven months make an inexhaustible theme for anybody to dilate upon, and are likely to play an important part in making the history of India for long, and in moulding the fate of important countries in the civilized world for years to come. The serious unsettlement of economic condtions in China which has affected silver so seriously, and the unparalleled discontent which has shown itself in such unmistakable manner in India during the last seven months show the extent to which the highly organized and advanced countries in the West are dependent on normal conditions in these two sub-continents of the world containing more than one-third of the population of the world.

NAUSEATING.

I will not trace the history of the events which culminated in Mahatma Gandhi's fateful march from Ahmedabad to Dandi last March. The economic distress in the rural areas showed itself in unmistakable forms, and such of the commercial community as were in comparative distress or danger were not slow to follow. The lathi charge, and increasing estrangement between the public and the Government servants, especially the police, did the rest and the position to-day is that active participants on both sides regard themselves at war with each other. The sympathy of the masses and the average man in the street is, as it is bound to be in any country, with the weaker of the two sides. And when this weaker side 'refuses' to be violent, that sympathy is increased tenfold, and the physical strength of the Government becomes to many almost nauseating. This finds universal expression when well-fed and fully armed police officers attack helpless innocent passers-by and especially so when women and children are attacked.

The Government have not on the whole been slow in showing their power and strength. The regime of one of the best meaning Viceroys has been shadowed by 9 Ordinances which put unheard-of powers in the hands of the police. Excesses with such powers are unavoidable and the people begin to wonder what this rule is coming to.

THE LAST STRAW.

I cannot help feeling that the Government are seeking, by their measures taken till now, to treat the symptoms and not the disease. People do not seek to make salt because it gives them a living. Nor do they go out in processions because it is good for their physique. Their main demand is that the form of Government in India by which this country can be exploited for the benefit of either the United Kingdom or any of the Dominions cannot be tolerated. They do not want interference from Whitehall in their internal domestic civil administration. The exchange and currency manipulations since 1919-20 are too fresh in the minds of the people to enable them to tolerate any further effort at this any more. The effort at protection to Lancashire piecegoods last March simultaneously with a little protection to Indian cotton mills appears to have been the last straw to break India's patience with the fiscal policy enforced from Whitehall.

The question is, is this demand and aspiration of India wrong or one which should be crushed with brute force? I have not met any sane man saying so.

All that is urged is that the Congress should have waited till after the Round Table Conference to take such drastic steps if necessary. I myself was of the same opinion, but the leaders of the Congress thought otherwise. It must be admitted that the Simon Commission Report does not show the Congress to have been absolutely in the wrong. The publication of that report has strengthened the Congress more than many British politicians can realize.

NO COMPROMISE.

The Indian commercial community do not want a revolution but orderly evolution. At the same time their minimum is clear and unambiguous and admits of no haggling. It is their fear that England is not prepared to condian commercial community so cede this that has made the Inanxious and uneasy. They are convinced that neither the masses can stand nor the youth of the country will permit a compromise regarding the minimum which they require in their constitution of Government hereafter.

WARPED MENTALITY.

I must refer to a peculiar instance of the warped mentality of some non-Indians, a handful I hope, who think they have interests in India more sacred than those of the sons of the soil. "Capital" of Calcutta in its issue of last week criticises the European Association of Bombay, and the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the very sensible and statesmanlike correspondence which is now known as the "Hooseinbhoy-Abercrombie correspondence". The European Association of Calcutta have made themselves notorious by their narrow and chicken-hearted outlook. The leading lights of that body I look upon as Empire-wreckers and, therefore, no notice need be taken of this lot. Now that the Editor of "Capital" joins them, owing, I believe, to the dangerous proximity of his headquarters to Clive Street, we know what value should be attached to that writer's view. That Association asked for the resignation of Sir Frederick Sykes because he would not work with the methods of the Punjab, the United Provinces and Bengal. The Indian commercial opinion is that His Excellency Sir Frederick Sykes, who has the best of intentions and undisputed sympathy with India's just aspirations, gives way too often and unduly gently to pressure from the Services and the extreme European interests. To ask for his resignation on the ground that he is too weak against Indians is a piece of check and effrontery which can be practised only by those who find themselves entrenched behind the guns and armament of the British Army in India.

As to the letters between Mr. Husseinbhoy Laljee and Mr. Abercrombie I think it can safely be said that the correspondence does credit to both sides. By that correspondence the Bombay Chamber of Commerce under Mr. Abercrombie, and the local European Association have shown that they can appreciate the other sides' point of view. Mr. Abercrombie gives away nothing, but is at least fair and practical. These bodies have shown that if India is to be a contented part of the British Empire it will be owing to their mentality and in spite of the pusillanimous efforts of the European Association of Calcutta.

VICIOUS CIRCLE.

It is the activities of this last-named body which encourages the increasing bitterness between England and India and it is a tragedy that the European Association of Calcutta do not realise that they are moving in a vicious circle by their definite opposition to India's just national aspirations. I sincerely hope that this contagion will not spread from Calcutta to Bombay and I look forward to the leaders of European commercial community in India holding on to their clearly definite position from which they are being sought by Calcutta to be frightened away.

The recent unparalleled economic depression in the world has given most unexpected support to the movement of Mahatma Gandhi. The staying power of the masses, sorely undermined by the ratio of 1/6 forced upon India, suffered a rude shock by the unprecedented fall in the silver market.

GOVT'S APATHY TOWARDS AGRICULTURISTS.

With this background the new crop season commences now. The dismal outlook is aggravated by the uneasiness caused by the Civil Disobedience movement, but no thinking man is able to say to what increased extent the aggravation is telling upon the people. It undoubtedly must lessen and contract credit, but it is not likely to affect prices available in world markets. And these prices are so low and 'below the cost of production' to the Indian cultivator that the Indian Central Cotton Committee felt compelled to send a note of warning to the Government of India as early as June last. The Government asked for a scheme of relief to the cultivator which the Central Cotton Committee submitted a month back. The Government of India sees germs of speculative risk in that scheme. They cannot realize the difference between the outright purchase of cotton by the American or Egyptian Government's at rates "well above cost of production' and the scheme of the Central Cotton Committee which asks for finance of cotton by cultivators and middle-men with margins of 20 per cent. of the range of prices named. The main motive of the scheme is to prevent further slump in prices owing to want of finance. The idea of cotton being well under the range of prices at which it is an investment does not appeal to Government. The nett result is that Government propose to do nothing to protect the interests of the one class for which they profess so much concern. They were warned at the Conference in Bombay last week that they may have to give out much larger sums (than they can lose by financing according to Central Cotton Committee's scheme) as 'takavi' and Government said this they would be prepared to do so if found necessary. Four days after this was said we learn from Bengal that liberal 'takavi' advances to jute growers are very likely.

With this policy of the Government of India, the outlook for the cotton-grower whose crop is to be marketted during the next eight months is not very cheering. But India will trust the merciful Providence which has given this year's bountiful crop, to help the marketing of the same. I regret very much that the Government have not been able to rise to the occasion and say that it will do all it can to help the grower under such exceptional circumstances.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

The statement of Income and Expenditure in the year under report, which discloses the financial position of the Association, states that the excess of Income over expenditure is Rs. 74,958-13-2, which together with the last year's balance, viz. Rs. 790-2-8, amounts to Rs. 75,748-15-10. Out of this amount, it is decided to appropriate Rs. 60,000, Rs. 6,093-12, Rs. 7,844-8 and Rs. 511 to the heads "New Exchange Building," Reserve against investments, "Bonus to staff", and "electric fittings" respectively, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,299-11-10 to be carried forward to the Accumulated Fund Account.

REPORT ADOPTED.

The meeting adopted the Directors' report and the audited Balance sheet and the statement of Income and expenditure of the year ended 31st August 1930.

Messrs. A. F. Fergusson & Co. were appointed the auditors for the new year and a remuneration of Rs. 175 per mensem was fixed.

The meeting came to close at 2 p.m.

FIRE IN ABDUL REHMAN STREET

—:o:—

Crackers Shop Gutted

A serious fire broke out in a crackers shop at Abdul Rehman street on Friday evening. The shop was completely gutted and the damage is estimated at Rs. 10,000/-.

It appears that the fire originated on the first floor of the building and quickly spread to a crackers shop on the ground floor. The Fire Brigade was communicated with and the fire was brought under control. The cause of the fire is not known. The damage which is estimated at Rs. 10,000/- is understood to have been covered by Insurance.

WHY PRABHAKER GUPTE WAS ARRESTED.

(From A Correspondent.)

PANVEL, Oct. 24.

Mr. Prabhakar Keshav Gupte was arrested under criminal amendment act, Section 17(2) two and not in connection with Chirner affairs. The other two arrests are in connection with Chirner affair.

200 HUTS BLOWN AWAY.

MADRAS, Oct. 24.

Several small houses collapsed in various parts of the city last night as the result of heavy rains. Over 200 huts inhabited by Adi Dravidas on Barracks Road near Vyasarpady were blown away by a strong wind leaving the occupants homeless. No loss of life is reported.—A. P.

"NO MORE FATHERS"

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

The following incident took place at a suburban Police Court, pending the trial of Satyagrahis, 11 in number:

There was a large crowd of friends and relations of the accused persons awaiting admission to the Court which was stoutly refused by the D. S. P.—a stout, noisy and irritable person, evidently conscious that he was carrying a load of Empire prestige on his shoulders.

D. S. P. (shouting): I won't allow anybody to get in. Clear out.

Visitor: Please allow the father of Mr. X. He is an old gentleman.

D. S. P. (with heat): I have already allowed one father. Now I won't allow any more fathers. Go away all of you. Clear away.

Visitor: But there are eleven accused and there may be present eleven fathers who must all be allowed.

D. S. P. (angrily): No more FATHERS.

Visitor: Here's an Uncle of —— Please allow him.

D. S. P. (Mussolini style): ALL UNCLES allowed.

AT THE EXHIBITION.

—:o:—

Aesthetics Of Swadeshi

It would be difficult to understand what might appear to be a vogue, craze even of exhibitions that are set up by the enthusiasts of Indian Industries, in certain parts of the city. If we missed the main idea that it expresses—or ought to.

IS IT A CRAZE?

One has only to pay a leisurely visit to one of these to discover in each of them the highly individual viewpoint, task and personality of the particular group of organisers that vary each from the other. The monotony of what is probably a popular fashion of the day is not without its redeeming aspects. It is not all factory products of Bombay's textiles, arranged with the enterprise, skill and, not infrequently vulgarity of the salesman exploring the possibilities of customers and cash; nor is it the mere monomania of Swadeshi that the critics and enemies of this movement assert, with ill-disguised antagonism and self-interest, it is. The young men and women who expend their energies on this kind of pleasant but laborious sales-room pursuits of Swadeshi products are not inspired by some frenzy that brings in harvests of profits to the Indian producer, capitalist and employer of labour.

RAISON D'ETRE.

As far as my impressions go, in any case, the exhibition-vogue has, in its inspiration, a certain idealism that has a definite asthetic aspect. Swadeshi demands response from us in so far as it promises to give an outward shape to this idealism that is concerned more with the human element in both artistic and utilitarian production than with the producer's profits. It is the ideal of the poet and socialist William Morris—Ruskin, in my view, was much too pedagogic (like most imbeciles who believe feeling was a matter of the lecturehall) for that. It is the ideal that could alone wipe off the human brow the sweat of shame and slavery and heal the sores of the human heart, caused by the mechanistic civilisation of textile machinery. One smells in the little stalls, designed by the Bombay College Students' Union in the Exhibition at French Bridge not the nauseating smells of the cotton mills but the fragrance of perspiraation that one of William Morris' printer or carpenter might have wiped off with the freeman's fingers. The small-producer, small holder and tradesman ought to occupy these and other stalls—not factory hands and petty clerks sweating to swell the slave-trader's profits.

THE IDEAL IN ACTIVITY.

Which is, of course, no argument against either machinery or in favour of some romantic view of industrialism. The sheep who believe that art such as human fingers can weave in their productive pursuits and who would have a suburban mansion built away from the proletarian and bourgeois urban crowds for that art may live and die in that holy belief. They will probably find a good pasture in the room where our college "youngsters" and little girls have collected the inevitable *bric a brac* of art. The faded designs of tapestry with little paintings and a bit of carved wood displayed in this 'art gallery' may breathe out vibrations of the exotic. But they seem to me full of interest only in so far as they describe the line of not in the sense of mere cash produced cheap that is to say, demarcation between the factory articles and the articles that are appraised essentially in terms of the human element in all production. Swadeshi, if it mutst be true shall have to rise up to that ideal of humanism and prescribe a cure for poverty of both body and soul. The college "youngsters" seem to have in them something of this inspiration.

CASIMIR JEUNE.

"JOIN PEOPLE'S BATTALION"

—:o:—

Inspiration From Youth Of China And Egypt.

Under the auspices of the Suburban Youth League, a public meeting was held at the Azad Maidan on Friday evening.

Mr. H. D. Raja made a fervent appeal to the citizens to enlist in the newly started "Peoples' Battalion' which had been doing such excellent service to the national cause during the last few days. The younger generation, he said, would never be crushed by repression or tyranny. This was the time when everyone should come forward to do his duty by the country. He pointed out the glorious achievements of the youths of China and Egypt, which should be an inspiration to the youths of this country. The People's Battalion, he added, were prepared to make the highest sacrifice for the cause of the Congress.

EVERYONE SHOULD WEAR CONGRESS UNIFORM.

Mr. Chandarana the Dictator of Mandvi who spoke next said that Congress had taken hold of the heart of every one in the city. In Mandvi locality of the city, the picketing was going ahead with full vigour with the result that the Multani Bazar was closed till Sunday, and a movement was a-foot to continue the hartal for two months. He exhorted every one to put on the Congress uniform, or at least the Congress badge, just as the ladies had been wearing the Sevika's uniform of orange-coloured saries.

A Mahomedan speaker said that the situation demanded the sacrifice of everything at the altar of the motherland.

"GUJERAT HAS STOOD THE TEST."

Mr. Nairnchandra a young boy who is the leader of the "Vanar Sena" of Jalalpur Taluka then spoke about the stand taken up by the people of Gujarat. He said that the illiterate and poor peasants had realised that they should not pay a single pie to the coffers of the Government. This no-tax movement was not a child's play, but a grim fight requiring the utmost power of solidarity, endurance and sacrifice. The peasants of Gujarat had stood the test and had been living up to the message of Mahatmaji and Sardar Vallabhbhai.

CHRISTIANS AND NATIONAL MOVEMENT

—:o:—

A meeting was held on Friday in the Blavatsky Lodge under the auspices of the Christian Nationalist Party when Mr. Thomas of Travancore exhorted the Christians to plunge themselves wholehearedly in the Congress struggle for freedom. Miss Tarabai Tilak presided on the occasion.

(Fuller report will appear in a later issue of the "Chronicle").

STOP PRESS.

R. T. C. PRINCES TO DINE WITH KING AND QUEEN.

—:o:—

LONDON, Oct. 24.

The King and Queen will entertain the Indian Princes attending the Round Table Conference at dinner at Buckingham Palace on 4th November. The Duke of York will be among the guests.

The Maharaja of Bikanir is going to Chequers this weekend as the guest of the Premier.—Reuter.

"BALFOUR DECLARATION IS DEAD."

—:o:—

LONDON, Oct. 24.

Jerusalem.—The local Arab newspaper "Falastin" describes British Government's statement of policy in Palestine as "great Arab victory." It declares that Balfour declaration is dead and there will be no more land for Jews. It calls on Arabs to cooperate (presumably with Government) for completion of their independence.—Reuter.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 24.

Three cases against Congressites Mr. Arif Hasui, Mr. Chiranjilal and Mr. Mohammed Ismail under Section 17 (1) Criminal Law Amendment Act were heard by Mr. Isar, City Magistrate when the prosecution evidence was recorded.

For the first time here since the commencement of the movement all that three cases were defended. Considerable discussion ensued as to whether the District Congress Committee of which Mr. Arif was a member had been declared unalwful. Prosecution urged that the terms of the notification were sufficiently wide and embraced all Congress Associations in Delhi.

Judgment was reserved till Monday.

DACCA, Oct. 24.

Two more persons accused in connection with Lowman's murder have been released on bail of Rs. 1,000 each by the Sessions Judge.—A. P.

"YOU HAVE WRITTEN A GOLDEN PAGE IN OUR HISTORY"

Pt. Jawaharlal's Message To N. W. F. Province

LAHORE, Oct. 19.

In a message to the men and women of the Frontier Province, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President, Indian National Congress, writes:—

"During the last seven months, India has witnessed many a deed of heroism and self-sacrifice. It is difficult indeed to enumerate them or to give a list of the brave men and women who have given their lives or suffered exceedingly so that India may be free. On my discharge from prison, I have taken the earliest opportunity to pay my reverent homage to all these heroes. I should like, however, to make special mention of our brave comrades of the Frontier Province who, right at the beginning of the great struggle gave an exhibition of peaceful courage and wonderful sacrifice at which India and the world have marvelled. The Pathans are known to be brave fighters, but they have shown that even in our non-violent struggles, they can take the lead and set an example which is not easy to emulate. I would, therefore, like to send my greetings and my homage to all our comrades of the Frontier Province, whether in prison, or outside. The dead are no longer with us, but their memory lives and will live.

"There used to be in the past years, talk of petty reforms in the Frontier Province. To-day we are not fighting for reforms, but the independence. Our comrades of the Frontier have shown in the fire of suffering what mettle they are made of. Out of our common suffering, we shall fashion a Free India in which all of us including the Frontier Province will be equal sharers. The men and women of the Frontier Province have purchased by their blood and suffering a full right to this freedom. For the brave, no gift can be too much and those who know how to die know also how to live as free men.

"Men and women of the Frontier, you have written a golden page in India's history. That will be an inspiration for us and we shall remember it in he long days to come. India cannot forget those who helped those to make her free.—"Hindustan Times."

SHRIMATI DAHIBEN DESAI

—:o:—

New "Dictator" For Upanagar Satyagraha Camp.

Ratilal Shah, Publicity Officer, Upnagar Satyagraha Camp writes:

Shrimati Kamlaben Sonawalla the Dictator of the Bombay Upanagar Chhavni on the eve of her arrest had nominated Shrimati Jankiben Bajaj as her successor but as Jankiben is required on a more important mission elsewhere the said appointment is cancelled and in her place Shrimati Dahiben Desai, the prominent worker of Santa Cruz, is appointed by Shrimati Kamla Devi as her successor.

The New Upanagar Satyagraha Camp will be opened by Shrimati Dahiben at Ghatkoper at a p.m. to-day.

SWEEPER AND A BARBER !

—:o:—

Front Benchers In Punjab Council

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

The newly elected Punjab Legislative Council opened this morning when seventynine out of ninety-four members were sworn in.

The Governor has appointed Mr. C. A. Townsend, Financial Commissioner, of Revenue, to preside till the election of the President to-morrow.

THE SWEEPER AND THE BARBER.

Mr. Bansi, sweeper member, Congress nominee from Lahore, was escorted by a friend to a seat on the front bench to the President's right.

Bansi and Ramjidas (a barbar, another Congress nominee from Amritsar) were greeted by members including Sir Jogendra Singh, Malik Feroze Khan Noon, Dr. Gokulchand Narang, Ministers and Sir Shahabuddin, ex-President.

Being illiterate they could not read the oath of allegience; so the Secretary of the Council has to read it to them and they repeated the same.—A. P.

TELEGRAMS SUBJECT TO DELAY.

—:o:—

Owing to general breakdown of wires in Southern India, telegraph traffic is subject to delay. —A. P.

Bombs In Hyderabad Post Office

—:o:—

HYDERABAD. (Sind) Oct. 23.

Considerable sensation was caused here by the discovery of two bombs in a local post office in two covers addressed to the Post Master and the City Magistrate of Hyderabad respectively.

One bomb exploded as the date stamp was being affixed. The C.I.D. has taken up the matter for investigation.—A. P.

PRESS ORDINANCE IN SIND.

Surprising Order.

COLLEGE MAGAZINE TO DEPOSIT SECURITY.

HYDERABAD, (Sind), Oct. 17.

A security deposit of Rs. 500 under the News-sheet Ordinance has been demanded by the District Magistrate of Hyderabad (Sind) from the publishers of "The Phuleli," an annual magazine published under the auspices of the Hyderabad Arts College by a committee elected annually from the staff of the college and the under-graduates.

Professor Vaswani of the College is an ex-officio member of its publishing and editing committee. He has accepted the local Congress "Dictatorship" and this is stated to be the reason for the demand for security.—*Pioneer.*

"Frontier Tragedy" Booklet Seized

—:o:—

The booklet called "The Frontier Tragedy" dealing with the tragic events that recently took place in the Frontier Province and published by the Khilafat Committee, Peshawar, has been proscribed by the order of the Punjab Government. Some 125 copies of the same were taken possession of by the Bombay C. I. D. inspectors, to-day, (Friday) at 3-30 p.m. from the Khilafat House, Bombay.

WADIAJI'S FIRE TEMPLE CENTENARY CELEBRATION.

—:o:—

FREE FEAST TO POOR AND EXHIBITION.

Under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal there will be a free cinema show at the Majestic Cinema, Girgaum, and several Parsi families of very poor classes will be fed at the Alfless Baug tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon. In the evening there will be a public gathering at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. An Exhibition of over 100 years old relics of the Wadia families will be opened at 4 p.m. (S.T.) and at 5-30 p.m., the proceedings will open with a joint prayer followed by a sermon by Shamshul-Ulma Dastur Dr. Darabji P. Sanjana.

There will be short address from Ervad Hormasji Dinshaw Unwalla, and others. Mr. R. B. Paymaster will show on the screen the famous Wadias of the past ages. There will be prize distribution also. At the end of the programme 101 pupils of the Parsi Music Institute will give a specially composed song with music. Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy, Bart, will preside.

Exhibition and the meeting are open to all but certain seats are reserved by the management.

Announcement.

THE DHARAMSI MORARJI CHEMICAL CO, LTD.

We beg to announce to our patrons that on and from the 1st January 1931, we will sell our following products directly and independently:—

COMMERCIAL SULPHURIC
HYDROCHLORIC (MURIATIC)
NITRIC and BATTERY ACIDS
and DISTILLED WATER

and not through Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co. Ltd., Bombay, as at present.

All our patrons are, therefore, requested to communicate and send their orders henceforthdirect to us.

THE DHARAMSI MORARJI CHEMICAL CO., LTD.,

Sudama House, 31 Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

AMERICAN COTTON EXCHANGES

STRONG ON FIRM WALL-STREET.

Good Demand for Spot Cotton.

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

Yesterday's rise of 33 to 34 points in New York futures was more or less a mild surprise to cotton operators. Judging the action of the market during the last few months, it can safely be said that there is something now particularly in speculative circles which discourage any short sales. The demand for spot cotton continues at a satisfactory level and some improvement in Wall-street influenced good demand for cotton. How far this improvement will be carried remains a puzzle but one can easily look for the reply of this question on the amount of hedge selling. If the loudly talked holding movement has its real existence, one should afraid of any material increase in ogerings. Of course national reactions are likely, but these should not come in against general improvement provided textile trade keeps on relative improvement in the demand. Spot Cotton prices advanced 30 points to 10.80c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market also ruled strong and closed at a rise of 35 to 26 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 23 points to 10.25c.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at rise of 8 points on parity with overnight advance in New York futures. Manchester reports were encouraging and improved demand resulted in rise of 17 to 19 points at the close.

Middling-American spot cotton prices advanced 4 points to 5.92 and sales amounted to 5000 bales.

Empire Cotton futures advanced 18 to 17 points and Egyptian prices advanced 17 points.

PREDICTION OF FROST.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. state that market continues steady on better American and Lancashire trade reports. The fulfilment of October shipments is causing steadiness in America in consequence of large holding movement and deferred hedge selling by Co-operatives and Wall Street operators covering "shorts" on prediction of frost reports. Near approach of Indian Conference in London is inducing optimism in Lancashire and Manchester, though the demand for goods is not very brisk. However, there is no set-back to crop progress and no prospect of any reduction in next Government estimate. The Ginning Report due to be published to-morrow is expected to be around 95 lac B/s. There has been a slight seasonal improvement in the World's textile trade but the World's Spinners' Taking of about 19,16,000 B/s against 29,55,000 B/s same period last year are not yet very reassuring. Although the operators avoid "short" side at lower prices, there is no general enthusiasm to bull the market with the knowledge that the farmers in America hold through Co-operatives a large quantity of unhedged cotton, free movement of Indian cotton will also affect the spot demand for American Cotton and the distressing prices in India have failed to bring out any material reduction in acreage.

As we said in our report of 10th instant, the parity between American and Indian Cotton is again widening on the eve of crop movement in India and small export demand and we believe this difference may still widen further later on.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October Highest 11.05 (1-21 p.m.)

New York Lowest 10.70 (opening).

Fossick Estimates Ginning 91 lacs bales.

Garside estimates Ginning 9,277,000 bales.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 23rd instant (1-55 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:b

"Consider values are gradually stabilising, and we favour purchases especially for distant positions on all weak markets unless some fresh developments occur."

Messrs. Khimji Poonja and Co. have received the following cables:—

(1) "New York cables: Better Stock market, trade improving."

(2) "Market firmer with little offering. Lancashire yarn in better demand. Good report respecting Chinese Textile market. Think prices are near bottom."

Reuter: Market was active and strong on general buying influenced by favourable spot market and strength of Wall Street.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from Liverpool Agents dated 23rd instant under:—

12-30 p.m.: Greenville cables: Improvement textile maintained confidence growing, manufacturing margin better, spots fair demand, basis steady, picking some sections nearing completion but ginning figures on Saturday should be large in the Eastern belt.

6 p.m.: Liverpool market firm on short covering, considerable new buying, very little cotton for sale.

Reuter's cable: New York market was active and strong on general buying, inpuenced by favourable spot markets and strength of Wall Street.

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MARKETS.

Liverpool May (expected) eq. 6.14

Broach A-M (expected) Rs. 200 eq. 4.54

Difference 160 pts eq Rs. 70

New York May (close) 11.42 eq. 5.71

Broach A-M (expected) Rs. 200 eq 4.54

Difference 117 pts eq Rs. 51

Liverpool-New York

At Liverpool close Jan 89 May 86 (American points)

NEW YORK, COTTON.

New York, Oct. 23.	
December	10.88 plus 33
January	10.99 plus 30
Dec. (New Contract)	10.54 plus 29
Jan. (New Contract)	10.97 plus 28
Mar. (New Contract)	11 19 plus 27
May (New Contract)	11.42 plus 24
July (New Contract)	11 62 plus 24
Middling Spot	10.80 plus 30

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Oct. 2p.	
Oct.	10 72 plus 35
Jan.	10 93 plus 26
Middling Spot	10.59 plus 28

New York, Oct. 23.

New York: 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).

Oct. (New Contract) Unquoted.

January (New Contract) Unquoted.

March (New Contract) Unquoted.

New York 11 a.m.

Oct. (New Contract)	10.55
Jan. (New Contract)	10 87
March (New Contract)	11.12

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Oct. 23.

Day's receipts at all U. S. ports 59,000 bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain nil.

Day's exports to the Continent 9,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 22.	Opening	Closing
Oct.	5.67	5.76
Nov.		5.77
Dec.		5.74
Jan.	5.80	5.89
Feb.		5.93
March	5.91	6.00
April		6.04
May	6.01	6 20
June		6.14
July	6.10	6 20
August		6.23
September		6.26
Oct.		6 30
Middling Spot		5.92

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Oct. 22.

Sales at Liverpool 5,000 bales.

Sales on Speculation 100 bales.

Sales of East Indian Cotton 500 bales.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.	
Scinde, Fully Good	3.60
Scinde, Fine	3.35
Scinde, Superfine	3.95
Bengal, Good	3.35
Bengal, Fully Good	3 60
Bengal, Fine	3 85
Oomra, Good	3.50
Oomra, Fully Good	3 80
Oomra, Fine	4.10
Broach, Fully Good	4.20
Broach, Fine	4.45
Broach, Superfine	4.70

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.	
Nov.	8.62
Dec.	8.66
Jan.	8.70
March	8 87
May	9.07
July	9.23
Sakellaridis, F.G.F. Spot	9.45

YOUR Eye

DOES IT TROUBLE YOU? IF SO, try Seller's Lotus Honey, the safest, surest and most high-praised. Natural Cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract, etc. Literature free. THOMSON & TAILOR, LTD., BOMBAY.

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Oct. 24.

The unexpected rise in New York futures failed to influence any buying in the local market. The market was expected to open at Rs. 200 for Broach A-M delivery but actual business was done at the opening at Rs. 197/12. The market fluctuated within a range of annas four both ways with a limited turn over of business. Daily average business in the contract market has dwindled down to about 5,000 bales which is absolutely too small to cope with India's cotton crop. The benefits of hedging are no more in evidence and it seems that cotton growers will find it difficult to market their crop at a fair level of prices. The Cotton Enquiry Committee appointed by the Bombay Government seems to have issued some questions but nobody knows anything about them in the market. The whole constitution of the cotton trade requires to be changed to meet the changed conditions and any delay in this direction is likely to result in further heavy losses.

Liverpool opening cables were steady at a rise of 5 points. Prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 199/ and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A-M. 198/8

Oomra D-J. 167

Bengal D-J. 138/8

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 24.	
October	139.80+1.20
January	129.50+1.30
April	123.70+1.50

GOLD AND SILVER.

Bombay, Oct. 24.	Rs. a. p.
Mint Gold Ready	21-7-0
Mint Gold 1st Settlement	21-5-6
Mint Gold 2nd "	21-5-9
Silver Ready	47-2-6
Silver 1st Settlement	47-2-0
Silver 2nd "	46-14-0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 24.	
Broach	189/192
Bengal	142/147
Mathia	157/165
Khandesh	161/166
Akola/Khamgaon	182/187
Nagpur/Wardha	167/174
Barsi/Kurduwadi	161/166
Jalna/Aurangabad	162/167
Nagar/Vambori	160/165
Purna/Parbani	162/168
Khandwa/Sanavad	164/170
Indore/Ujjain	164/172
Miraj/Sangli	217/225
Coompta	212/227
Tirupur/Cambodia	248/275

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

52 G. G. Kesha Bhavnagar 151
49 Arjan Khimji Manmar 140
50 A. Damodar Arvi 161½
100 E. Spinner & Co. Arvi 169½
100 Colaba Land Jalgaon 164
41 P. Crystal & Co. Firozabad 144
100 G. G. Kesha and Co. Lasur Old 160-1/4
100 Prahalad Mill Belari 221
80 Colaba Land Mill Chopda 164
114 E. D. Sassoon Chandur Old 150
100 Gokaldas Dossa Budarpur 187½
100 Do. Samaya 187½
65 A. Damodar Ellichpur 164½

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

F. P. Bales.	1930-31	1923-30
Receipts to date		
23-10-30	3919000	3669000
Receipts Yesterday		
23-10-30	95000	62000
Exports to date		
23-10-30	1923000	1775000
Stock at Ports		
17-10-30	3183000	1838000
Stock Interior Towns		
17-10-30	1226000	1042000
Stock Liverpool		
17-10-30	725000	682000
Visible Supply		
17-10-30	6118000	4157000
Quantity in Sight		
17-10-30	4924000	5557000
Quantity out of Sight		
17-10-30	1916000	2955000

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.

October close at s 5/8 3 8d—1/4d

December close at s 5/8 3/8d—1/4d.

March close at s 5/8 5/8d—0

Wheat Chicago Market:

December per bushel dol 80 1/2—1/8

March per bushel dol 84 1-4—0

May per bushel dol 85 3/4—0.

Argentine Linseed Quotations:—

November 14.30—25

February 12.90—32

THE TATA OIL MILLS' QUOTATIONS.

Ex-Godown.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 444/ per ton.

Filtered Tilseed Oil Ready Rs. 24/ per 84 lbs.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 100/ per ton.

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSON.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 32/13 Highest Rs. 33/3 Closing Rs. 32/15/6

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 31/10 Highest Rs. 31/15 Closing Rs. 31/11

STOCKS AND SHARES.

NARROW TRADING SESSION.

Rather Steady Undertone.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

The Bombay Stock Exchange displayed somewhat steady undertone influenced by improved reports from local hills. The demand is steady for Mill cloth and it looks that present low level of prices has inspired confidence among traders. The share market does not show any important change and both buyers and sellers meeting at around the present level., Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 667/8 and gradually advanced to Rs. 675/. At this level there was some selling which depressed prices to the opening level but there was some recovery and closed at Rs. 670. Tata Steel Defds. were rather quiet but Ordinary shares maintained steady tone.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

MILLS.	
100 Ahm. Advance	310
50 Apollo	3/6
10 Bom. Cotton P.	3-12
500 Bom. Cotton	130
250 Bom. Dyeing	670
250 Bradbury P.	160
250 Bradbury	130
100 Century	250
500 Central India P.	467-8
100 Central India	391/4
100 Colaba	105
100 Coorla	160
100 Crescent	71/14
250 Currim.	73/12
250 David	110
250 Dawn	525
220 Ed. Sassoon	70
200 Ed. Sassoon	70
10 E D. Sassoon D.	0-7-3
100 Elphinstone P.	20
100 Elphinstone	6-12
250 Fazulbhoy	380
100 Finlay	95
1000 Framji Petit	180
100 Gokak	135
1000 Hindustan	1550
100 Indore Malwa	328/12
100 Jamshed Pref.	75
250 Jamshed	15
50 Kastoorchand	12
100 Khatau	100
100 Kohincor	121/4
250 Laxmi	1050
100 Madhowji	31/4
250 Madras United	310
1000 Maneckji Petit	700
100 Meyer Sassoon	45
1000 Morarji	330
50 Mysore	115
200 New Great P.	147/8
200 New Great	140/4
100 New City	55
250 Pabani	125
250 Pearl	206/14
100 Phoenix	310
10 Premier	1-2-0
100 Shapurji	6/8
1000 Sholapur	1400
250 Simplex	55
100 Swan	85
100 Swadeshi	290
25 Tata P.	14
25 Tata	30
500 Vishnu P.	587-8
500 Vishnu	1600
1000 Western	710
BANKS.	
100-50 Baroda	70
50-25 Central	15
£10-5 Eastern	73
500 Imperial	1220
500-125 Imperial Contr.	305
100-50 India	31/8
5 Union	3/2
CEMENT.	
10 Bundi	14/2
70 Gwalior	7/6
250 Indian	138/12
100 Katni	157/8
100 Katni 2nd P.	105
40 Katni Df.	615
100 Katni	157/8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Bombay Dyeing 667, 75, 65, 70 67, 70
Century 247, 52, 47, 51, 50
Colaba 105, 6, 3, 5
Crescent 70, 71-14
Fazul 375, 81, 72, 80, 77
Indore 330, 28
Madhowji 31
Nagpur 392, 95, 91
New Great 150, 45, 47
Pearl 205, 13, 5 8, 6-14
Sibplex 57, 52, 55
Swadeshi 291, 95, 90, 91
Burma 577, 78, 76
Hydro 110, 11. 8
Tram xd 119-6, 20, 19-6
Deff. 290, 91, 85-10
Ord. 32-4, 31-14, 12
Bundi 14-2
Indian 190, 88
Katni Ord. 157
Alcock 167

10 Punjab P.	10
10 Punjab	9-8
100 Shahabad	132-8
INSURANCE.	
10 Jupiter P.	9-0
15 Jupiter	8-8
15 New India	17
200-100 Orental	1650
10 Vulcan	5-12
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad	126/4
1000 Andhra Val. P.	1000
1000 Andra Val.	117/8
50 Bom. Tram P.	64-8
50 Bom. Tram	119/6
1000 Tata Hydro P.	107-4
100 Tata Hydro	108/12
1000 Tata Power	436/4
1000 Tata Power	427/8
RAILWAYS.	
500 Ahm. Prantij	772/8
100 Amritsar Patti	116-0
100 Central Provin.	89
100 Dho. Barramati	88/8
100 Guzrat	66
90 Mandra Bhon	68-0
500 Tapti Valley	682/8
MINING.	
10 Central India	2/2
10 Shivrajpur	13/8
150 Tata Steel 1 P.	125
10 Tata Steel 2 P.	51/12
30 Tata Steel D.	285/10
75 Tata Steel	31/12
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 Alcock	167/8
80 Bom. Uganda	20-0
250 Bom. Steam	167/8
50 Bom. Telephone	44/4
8 s Brit. B. Petrol	3-1-6
125 Bom. Burma Old	576/4
50 Bom. Burma New	222-8
100 India Bleaching	108/12
16 Scindia	7/5

FOR SWADESHI CLOTH.

(Continued from page 6.)

And, she hoped that the efforts of those who were interested in khadi "from the point of view of art" would be "encouraged" by the "wealthy citizens of Ahmedabad." This should suggest conditions in Ahmedabad better than those I found when I had the opportunity some years ago of working out a modest 'Youth Week" exhibition in that city with the assistance of Prof. Malkani of the Gujarat Vidyapith. At that time, fashionable interest in the "renaissance" of Indian art, the interest which is fed by unassorted and indigestible extracts from alien "authorities" on Indian art, by romantic interviews, hectic garlanding and sentimental speeches and essays, ignored the existence of the art crafts, particularly the invaluable art home-crafts of Ahmedabad, and, still more particularly, its art-heritage in textiles.

RIGHT OPPORTUNITY.

Srimati Sharda Mehta, as an experienced worker, knows that it is futile to live on hopes.

The "wealthy citizens of Ahmedabad," a considerable number of them being owners of textile mills, have the way if they have the will to achieve more than just the pious, drifting and undirected "encouragement" of those interested "from the point of view of art." Some of them, I know, have for some years past been known to have taken keen interest in the promotion of Indian art. Srimati Sharda Mehta can, if she so determines, create the right opportunity for the solution out of the right occasion she found for the enunciation of the question which reaches the fundamentals of national industry and economics. Is it too much to expect that she will not miss her opportunity? Will she endeavour to convert the acquired art interest of "the wealthy" by the employment of hereditary art talents into a national asset alike economic, industrial and artistic? Is it too much to expect that "the wealthy citizens of Ahmedabad" who derive the bulk of their income from the textile industry will realise now not only the importance but the necessity of fully employing, as Sjt. S. A. Brelvi said, "all the artistic traditions, talents and instincts of their country?"

A SAD SIGHT.

I have been watching, watching as carefully and dispassionately as I could, the examples or rather the samples of cloth which the textile mills in Bombay and Ahmedabad have been, recently, displaying in shops and stalls. I have already described the sad sight, the sad sight of organised industry advertising not the quality of its produce but its quantity, not the modern art and far-sighted efficiency of salesmanship but the antique, petty-minded and short-sighted bazar bargaining. But the sight of the imported, "videshi," hideously ugly, designs, colours and patterns on the body and borders of the "saris," "dhotis" and similar garments, of the indiscriminate completeness of the length and width of unassorted and insignificant patterns, printed, dyed or woven randomly in all sorts of places, distances and angles, repeatedly exhibited in innumerable shops and stalls everywhere is a sight too sad for words. Let there be no mistake. I am not unconscious of the fact that producers of khadi are not less indiscriminate, not less negligent in the use of the colours, patterns and designs they print or dye or weave for khadi. But the producers of khadi have been heroically struggling, against tremendous odds, to establish the nascent industry. Their oversight or inattention, which it is to be hoped will now soon disappear, at

Dr. N. L. BURMAN, Hydrocele Expert (Balaji Road, Surat) Radically Cures

HYDROCELE

Without operation, within 15 minutes only.
Will be in Bombay for the following days—
DATES: 25th October to 2nd November 1930.
Time:—9 to 12 A. M. & 4 to 6 P. M.
—Consultation fee Rs. 5/-
Address:—Hararwala Building, Golpitha, Bombay 4.

Art is Admired everywhere
Araujo Fernandes & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
(Princess Street, Bombay.)
Have elevated their Tailoring to an Art.

is at least, under the circumstances, pardonable.

UGLY SERVILITY.

Not so the criminal nonchalance of the industry of machine-made cloth. For, it has been for decades established as an organised industry. Not one conceivable reason entitles it to justify its inefficient, obsolete, salesmanship and quality, or worse, its philistinism and its imported ugliness in design, colour and pattern. Is it a great national achievement to use swadeshi cloth for advertising the hideous nightmare designs and patterns which we still coutinue to import and copy servilely? Is it necessary to cover our bodies with swadeshi cloth and expose the nude slave-mentality of our soul? Can we afford to poison our sight and the national culture of our spirit with those vitiating, inhuman, patterns and designs and colour which even the West now learns and hastens to renounce if not openly to disown? The question will not be formulated much less answered or solved by the community of "imitation," fake, "educationists" professors, teachers and inspectors, economists and "industrialists" and foreign "friends" whose mind, sight and soul have been already poisoned beyond repair. Is it surprising? Leave them alone, severely alone. Look for the builders of the better day for the nation elsewhere.

SALT SATYAGRAHA IN CALICUT.

—:o:—

Volunteers Arrested.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

CALICUT, Oct. 10.

Four volunteers were arrested this morning at the Calicut branch while offering Salt Satyagraha. There was a batch of police present on the scene and it is worthy of mention that no untoward incident took place.

INTERESTING INCIDENT IN CANNANORE JAIL.

It is understood that as many as 30 Satyagrahis, including leaders and volunteers, refused to furnish their thumb impression in the Cannanore Central Jail and that they will be convicted by the authorities under Sec. 186 I.P.C. for this offence.

Fire at Lal Baug.

A fire broke out on Friday morning at Lal Baug, which if not checked in time, would have proved disastrous. The fire originated in a shop in the Salwala Building which is mostly tenanced by Hindu residents. The shop belonged to Hussainaly, a Bohra, who stored methylated spirit and colours. It appeared Hussainaly was pumping a stove when it flared up and the flames spread towards methylated spirit bottles. In a second, the whole shop was ablaze and Hussainaly sustained injuries. He was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital for treatment. Fire engines from Byculla, Dadar and Sewree immediately came to the spot and put out the fire in about half an hour. The tramway traffic was dislocated till the fire was brought under control. The damage to the building and the contents of the shop are estimated at Rs. 10,000.

Mr. N. T. Anklesaria Dead.

The death of Mr. Nariman T. Anklesaria took place in the Parsi General Hospital on Thursday. As he was suffering from intestinal obstruction, he was removed to the Parsi General Hospital in the morning, but as an operation could not be performed, he was kept on oxygen in the hope that he would recover, but he died in the afternoon.

Mr. Anklesaria was the Superintendent of the "Indian Daily Mail" and Job Manager.

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Oct. 22.

In memory of political prisoners the Congress organised jail diet to-day in the Tilak Vidyalaya. Jail vegetable and cakes were given to all who had participated. The function was very impressive young and old males and females persons from all ranks participated.

FREE TREATMENT FOR

LEPROSY

UNDER SPECIAL DIET.
All kinds of Sores treated free without Operation.
DON'T SPEND MONEY IN VAIN FIRST TRY, THEN BUY.

50,000 Free.

Sample packets for LEUCODERMA.

It has now been arranged to distribute about 50,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write it at once, per V. P. P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission to:—

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RHEUMATISM.

The Amrita Bazar Patrika, the oldest English Daily of Calcutta, writes:—(30th January 1930).

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"KIPLING'S INDIA IS AS DEAD AS MUTTON"

An American Paper on the Indian Situation.

The long awaited "peace terms" offered by Mahatma Gandhi to the British Government were duly forwarded by Viceroy Lord Irwin to London last week. Nationalist demands were reported to be simply: Give us Dominion Status and we will abandon the civil disobedience campaign."

To foreign observers this demand seemed modest enough. The British Government has continually implied that it was maintaining India in tutelage only until she could be educated to Dominionhood. But the British lion last week roared his amazement at St. Gandhi's "diabolically clever" plan. If the Labour Government attempted to give India Dominion Status it would fall with the next election, said English politicians. If it did not, Indians would not attend the September Round-Table Conference, another blow at the Laborites.

VOICE OF KIPLING.

Winston Churchill, who has aspirations of leading the Conservatives again, spoke with the old time voice of Kipling:

"The Government of India has arrested and imprisoned Gandhi for criminal breaches of law. They now permit him to hold cabinet councils with his fellow conspirators in jail, while the great governing organism, upon whose calm strength the lives and livelihood of uncounted millions depend, wait cap in hand outside the cell door, hoping to wheedle a few kind words out of their prisoner.

"It would be wrong to lure and coax Indian representatives to the Round Table Conference over here with vague phrases about Dominion status when it is quite certain that these Indian politicians will not obtain Dominion status in their life times".

Perhaps moved by the fact that Bombay's foreign trade had declined over 8,000,000 dollars for the month of June as compared with June 1929, British citizens of Calcutta held a huge mass meeting to denounce the "contemptibly weak manner in which India is being governed."

With these activities in mind, soothingly counselled the sage Manchester 'Guardian': "Churchill and his school do not understand the changes that have lately come about in India and Egypt. They think of Kipling's India, but that is as dead as mutton. In its place stands a disorganized, feverish mass of people . . . . determined to manage their own affairs".

A NEW FIELD OF BOYCOTT.

Meantime, the Nationalists employed a new and annoying British boycott idea. Municipal funds of Ahmedabad (1,215,000 dollars annual revenue, 1,460,000 reserve) were removed from English banking houses, reposited in Indian-owned institutions.

New character was given the desultory guerilla warfare against Afridi tribesmen on the northwest frontier when one of a party of tribesmen shot down and killed a Capt. F. Ashcroft of a British Infantry platoon. Observers thought that the incident would precipitate a far more aggressive policy on the part of the British toward suppressing the uprising.—"Time."

TINKERING WITH GREAT ISSUES

—:o:—

What Montagu Wrote In His Diary

The British Government has invited 66 Indians of all religions and parties except the Nationalist Congress to attend the Round-Table Conference in London on Oct. 20. It seems incredible that any hope of solving the Indian troubles can be entertained of a conference so constituted. Perhaps, however, the decisions there reached may become the basis for negotiations with the Nationalists. It was believed the findings of the Simon Commission would form the basis for such negotiations, but they did not.

TINKERING WITH ISSUES.

Britons are growing agrieved over American criticism of their government's course in India. It would not be easy to find American criticisms that matched those disclosed in the diary of the late Edwin Montagu, just published by his widow. Mr. Montagu was head of the India Office when Viscount Chelmsford was Viceroy, and visited India to get the material on which the present law governing India is based. He confided to his diary his belief that Lord Chelmsford and his associates were merely "tinkering" with the subject of Indian reforms, were not in earnest in suggesting fundamental reforms, lived in seclusion, wrapped up in their official dignity, and knew little or nothing of what the situation demanded.

EFFECTS OF BOYCOTT.

The combined effects of the rigid boycott and the unusual decline in prices of Indian commodities, together with the uncertainty of future trends has nearly paralyzed economic activities in India, according to "Commerce Reports." It is believed that many business failures are imminent. Twenty-two Bombay mills are now closed and 40,000 workers are unemployed. The final Indian jute forecast gives a yield of 11,231,000 bales, an increase of about 85,000 bales over last year.—"Commerce and Finance."

"ABOMINABLE TREATMENT OF INDIA."

Compared to Fascist Rule.

— ANGRY PROTEST AT BRITISH LABOUR — CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Oct. 18

On the arrival of the Round Table Conference delegates the London Chief Punjab Association presented an effusive address of welcome expressing full endorsement of the demand of equal status and hoping that the result of the Conference would be accepted by India as a self-respecting nation. The delegates were invited to sink petty differences and unite in a glorious attempt to make the future of Hindustan as great as in the past.

Mr. George Slocombe, in a message to "The Daily Herald," says a large measure of agreement has been reached during the voyage regarding the constitutional issues and communal representation.

Through the same channel Sir T. B. Sapru and Mr. Jayakar make a joint statement (published yesterday) that in the minds of the delegates generally the only subject to discuss is the actual form of Self-Government to be immediately granted, with temporary limitations regarding the Army and Foreign policy.

"We hope at the outset of the Conference to produce a draft minimum constitution we can undertake to work."

They also express the conviction that an amicable settlement of the communal problem is possible and even probable on the day the British Government consents to a form of Dominion constitution.

At the Delegate Conference of the Independent Labour Party in the Memorial Hall in London the situation in India Mr. Reginald Reynolds said that when sufficient nucleus and support was obtained in this country they should, while maintaining non-violence, resort to direct action and start civil law-breaking as a pr[illegible] against the abominable treatment of India by Labour Government.

Mr. Brockway said that if what was happening now had occurred under a Liberal or Tory administration the Labour platforms would be ringing with denunciations of the "series of ordinances as tyrannical as anything under the Fascist rule in Italy." Indians coming to the Conference did not represent India. Its deliberations were of no avail because it had no moral authority and its proposals cannot be acceptable to the Indian people. Independent Labour stood definitely for full independence, release of political prisoners and the withdrawal of troops. The members intended to make further protest immediately Parliament assembled.

ANGRY SCENES.

A prolonged and confused debate followed with angry recriminations on secondary issues.

Mr. Saklatvala, Mr. Bridgeman and others passionately protested against all talk of Dominion Status or discussion of terms.

Mr Majumdar declared that a [illegible]'s Republic already existed [illegible] the only question was when [illegible]ow the British could be ex-

[illegible] appeals were made for a [illegible] demonstration at St. [illegible]alace when the Confer-[illegible]mbles. Messrs. Brock-[illegible]ynolds being challenged [illegible]ir sincerity by taking

[illegible] Labour was indis-[illegible]ounced for its com-[illegible]tude. Congress-[illegible] move an extreme [illegible] no agreement [illegible]e reached the [illegible]n Skinner, de-[illegible]tion would be [illegible] being about [illegible]in."

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"FITTING INDIA FOR SELF-RULE."

—:o:—

An American View.

Alice Stone Blackwell writes in the "Nation," New York:—

It is often said that the people of India must become further fitted for self-government before they get it. But British rule is making them less fit for it. In India it has always been considered necessary to the security of British rule to keep the people cowed. To live under constant intimidation tends to develop a slave mentality. For many years the people of India have been strictly forbidden to possess any weapons, and they cannot protect themselves by legal means.

When Lord Curzon started to impose adequate punishment on a European who had beaten an Indian to death, he was met with a flood of protests from other Europeans, who declared it would destroy British prestige. Gandhi says:

Many Englishmen honestly believe that they are administering one of the best systems in the world, and that India is making steady though slow progress. They do not know that a subtle but effective system, together with an organized display of force on the one hand and the deprivation of all powers of retaliation or self-defense on the other, has emasculated the people, and induced in them the habit of simulation. This has added to the ignorance and self-deception of the administrators.

When the British came to India, they found a remarkably sober people. Warren Hastings noted the fact. Of India's three great religions two forbid liquor altogether, and the third enjoins strict temperance. For the sake of revenue, the government encourages the sale of liquor. Its income from that source has more than tripled in the last thirty years, and has increased nearly sevenfold in the last half century. For the sake of revenue, the government has for years pushed the cultivation and sale of opium. It may be bought everywhere, at some 7,000 licensed shops. Herbert Anderson, secretary of the Calcutta Temperance Federation, says:

The majority of the retail opium shops are so situated as to afford the most direct temptation to all classes of the community. . . . The government by its policy has fastened the shackles of a habit, condemned by Hindu and Moslem alike, upon the community at large, and the chain gets stronger and stronger each year.

In view of the long pressure to which they have been subjected, tending inevitably to sap courage and self-respect, it is amazing to see the heroism shown by thousands of Indians in the present struggle, and the discipline and self-control that they have manifested. They are proving their fitness for self-government under the sharpest tests.

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"VANAR SENA" RALLY.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—While narrating the incidents on the Gowalia Tank Maidan at the time of the "Vanar Sena Rally" on Sunday morning your report states that "it was significant fact that Mr. A. H. Kulkarni and Mr. A. R. Bhat of the newly formed Bombay Students' Union and the Board of Control who are responsible for the formation of the Vanar Sena were conspicuous by their absence on Sunday morning." The report is wholly incorrect. Both of us along with other members of the Board of Control were present on the scene since 6 in the morning and went away only when all the Vanars dispersed as per our orders. After we left the maidan we found that a few boys were going in a procession towards the Gamdevi Police station and we immediately went round and dispersed the boys at three points in order to avoid a clash with the Police.

We hope in fairness to us and the Board of Control you will kindly publish this letter in your next issue in the same prominent place.

We want to make it clear for the information of the parents of the Vanars and public that the Vanar Sena is not a political organisation.—Yours etc.,

A. H. KULKARNI,
A. R. BHAT.

Bombay, Oct. 20.

A FEW WOMEN

are lucky and are born with the regular delicate features that constitute beauty, but beauty does not depend on this alone; any woman can be beautiful if she will take the trouble to care for her skin. Even the woman that is born beautiful must care for her skin if she wishes to retain her beauty, while a good well cared for skin will make an ugly woman good looking.

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What the People Say

"GREATER BOMBAY."

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The proposals of the Government of Bombay for the creation of "Greater Bombay" deserve careful consideration. All the proposals may not be acceptable in their present form to suburban residents, but some of them are good for the present and are feasible. Myself being a resident of a suburb and a member of the Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality, I take this opportunity of putting my view before the public and Government for their consideration.

That the urban area defined in the Press Note should be incorporated in Bombay City for Police purposes and be in charge of the Commissioner of Police, is the proposal which will be welcomed by all the residents of that area. I am sure by this new arrangement crime in the City of Bombay including urban area as well as in the remaining part of the Bombay suburban district will be greatly reduced. That the jurisdiction of the High Court of Bombay should be extended to include the urban area of Bombay Suburban District is also a proposal which will be welcomed by the residents of the urban area, and particularly by businessmen because, by this arrangement they will get many facilities in their business and particularly regarding finance i.e. they will get loans on easy and favourable terms for their business and working capital and also on the security of their lands and estates from Bankers, Insurance Companies and Trust funds, bodies that are always restricted by their constitutions and cannot invest their money in the area outside the limits of Bombay City. By this extension of the jurisdiction of the Bombay High Court to the urban area the restrictions for investments on the abovementioned bodies will no longer exist. The Industries in these areas are only a few such as Match Factories, Litho Presses etc., but in the course of a few years many industries will be developed in the Suburban area because of the easy facilities of finance for the working capital by this new arrangement.

Another recommendation is that two centres in the urban area for Municipal Administration should be created with a Headquarters at Bandra or Andneri. "This proposal is meant to overhaul the local administrative machinery in order to insure that it is conducted as economically as possible and that it is designed to meet the present day requirements. The object appears praiseworthy and the necessity for a close examination of the whole problem is not likely to be seriously disputed. The only question is how far the proposal set out by Government, is likely to fulfil the object in view, and I am doubtful whether all the suburbs will endorse this proposal. In my opinion there will be no economy in the administration as suggested and the residents of every suburb are likely to be put to great trouble and inconvenience by the Municipal Administration being thus centralized. I do not want to discuss the difficulties of other suburbs but I only mention here the greatest difficulty as for every tiny matter they will have to go as far as Andheri or Bandra. The administration of Ghatkopar Municipality is managed on an economic basis and I doubt very much if by the administration of this Municipality being vested in the central body of the urban area any economy would be possible. I am sure the expenses of Ghatkopar Municipality will be increased by this new arrangement to a great extent. Let me warn the residents of Ghatkopar to oppose strongly this idea of Municipal Administration being vested in one centre of the urban area because all the talk of better and more economic administration as well as greater facilities may end in nothing. I am sure within a short time our suburb will be taxed more heavily than at the present scale if we accept the recommendations of the Government.

A Central Body will find it difficult to give adequate attention to the proposals for the provision of amenities as well as the removal of grievances of any particular suburb suited only to that suburb. Its attention will be wholly concentrated on the proposals suitable to whole of the urban area and thereby we will be deprived of these facilities which we enjoy to-day.

Let Ghatkopar like Kurla be merged into Bombay Municipality rather than accept the new proposal. Then there will be a possibility to a great extent of the values of our estates being increased while by being incorporated in urban area there is no benefit except difficulties and harassments. I would request the Bombay Municipality, when they begin to investigate the case of Kurla to take up the question of widening their limits, and to study in detail the case for Ghatkopar also and I am sure they themselves will be willing to incorporate Ghatkopar if they desire to include Kurla.—Yours, etc.,

JAMNADAS MEGHJI.
Ghatkopar, Oct. 16.

A "LOYALIST'S" CONVERSION

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Yet another Ordinance has been promulgated by the Viceroy and it has been promptly followed by wholesale arrests and confiscation of properties. Only a few days back the news that the Civil Disobedience movement was weakening was flashed to the four corners of this world by the same Government which is responsible for assuming further extraordinary powers under the ninth Ordinance. If the Gandhi movement was weakening one wonders as to where the necessity was for the Government to add one more to a long list of drastic Ordinances? Do the Government act like this only with a view to revive the drooping (!) spirit of the Congress or was there no truth in what the Government said only a few days back about the weakening of the movement?

I was once a Loyalist but now I pray God to forgive my past sins. It appears that the Government is bent upon reminding us periodically about our utter helplessness. The ninth Ordinance is a further blow aimed at our national pride, manliness and liberty.

Does not this fresh move of the Government towards more repression conclusively prove that the R. T. C. is a mere trap, if any proof was needed? This fresh Ordinance is enough to leave a true Indian cold with shame and degradation. I have now ceased to wonder why patriotic Indians court imprisonment. Is not even this further move of our masters towards more repression sufficient to rouse—I hope the dormant sense of self-respect and national pride of the R.T.C. wallas. I appeal to them in the name of their common Mother, Mother India, to abstain from attending that joke of a conference. Will those who have already started on their voyage to London return at once and those who are still here flatly refuse to proceed?

Those who have a spark of self-respect, manliness and patriotism will not find it difficult to do so even at this eleventh hour.

Is not this fresh weapon of repression raised by the Government in the name of law a sure indication that the submission of the Moderates and Liberals to the commands of their masters is taken for granted by them? The Government know that the utmost they would do would be to raise a faint, timid protest in their Press, but all the same they would certainly obey their masters.

But I hope the nominees to the R. T. C. will rise to the occasion even at this juncture and refrain from humiliating their Motherland in the eyes of the world. Do not show to the world, my countrymen, that you are self-seekers of that tyoe who are capable of gulping down any amount of insult to their Motherland.—Yours, etc.,

A PARSI.

MISS TURKHUD'S PROTEST.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am sorry that there is, of late, a persistent attempt on the part of certain Cinema Notes writers in the pages of Bombay papers and journals, to associate my name with one Film Company or another, and to give false information that I am "starring" or about to "star" or about to enter into a contract with some producer, and thus cause me personal annoyance. I wish to state through the columns of your journal that I am not "starring" in any film, that I am under no contract and that I do not propose to act in any film in future. I joined "Vasanta-sena" film just to flout public opinion which is against educated and cultured girls acting for the screen and to pave the way for such of the younger generation of educated Hindu girls that wish to take it as a career. Further I had highly respectable ladies like Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya and and Miss Rama Rau to act with me. It was a great education to me and that was all what I wanted. I did not take it as a career, it was the first and last entry of mine into the film-land.—Yours, etc.,

Miss NALINI TURKHUD.
Rastha Peth,
Poona,
Oct. 20.

WHY WE MUST BOYCOTT FOREIGN CLOTH.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The rescinding of the resolution passed by the piecegoods' merchants, to reopen the Multji Jetha Market, was carried out yesterday. It is, however, interesting to note that the city is being flooded by anonymous leaflets, trying to break the present Boycott movement.

The piecegoods merchants have taken a very prominent part in the Boycott Movement. The Congress has stressed upon boycott of foreign piecegoods in general and British goods in particular, because this is the biggest item in our imports. We buy over 50 crores worth of piecegoods yearly, and out of this, over 35 crores worth come from England.

One hundred and fifty years back, India was exporting piecegoods to the chief markets of the world, and to-day import of piecegoods is the biggest item in our imports. What a change has taken place!

In the absence of direct protection to our cotton industries, and to overcome the handicaps placed upon us to help Lancashire, the only remedy is Boycott.

This voluntary boycott has been made possible only by a patriotic class of merchants, like the Bombay cloth merchants. Anti-national leaflets say that the merchants, by locking up their goods at the request of the Congress, are losing interest on their money, are paralyzing their business voluntarily, and undergoing unnecessary losses. Such propaganda handbills will, however, not have any effect now.

Sentiment is not guiding our action to-day. We have understood that only by supporting our own industries, only by raising the economic position of our countrymen, only by breaking the shackles of our present foreign trade, which is carried out at the cost of dire poverty and enormous unemployment in India, can we regain our right place in the world.

It is idle to expect India to prosper, and at the same time continue her present foreign trade. No great work was ever done without great sacrifice, and the Bombay piecegoods merchants are certainly doing their bit in carrying out a rigorous boycott. It is the duty of all true Indians to follow this patriotic lead. The heaviest personal loss is a small price for a nation's liberty, and Swadeshi will lead us to nothing less than Swaraj.—Yours, etc.,

ALI HUMZA.

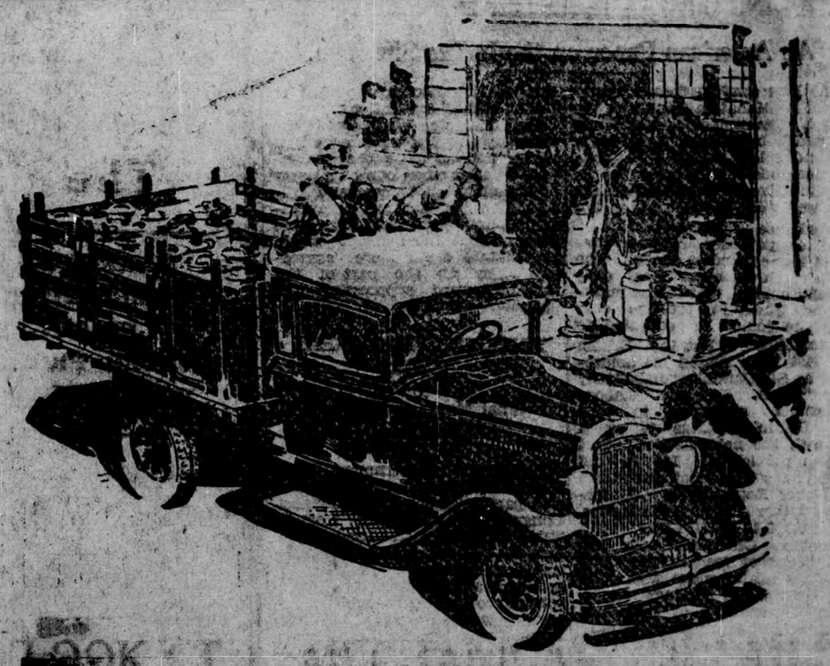
Bombay, Oct. 21.

CONGRESS WORK IN DEWAS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—In the issue of your paper dated the 15th instant (Dak Edition), there appears a report from a Dewas correspondent, dated the 11th instant, to the effect that a branch of the Congress Committee is shortly to be opened at Dewas in the Jurisdiction with myself as Secretary. As this report is false and as I am neither directly nor indirectly concerned in this alleged move, I beg to contradict the same emphatically and request you to publish in an early issue. [illegible] of the correspondent [illegible] prejudice me and [illegible] the eyes of His Highness [illegible] harajasaheb of Dewas [illegible] to whom both myself are loyal [illegible] etc.,

—NARAYAN (i.e. NANA) Sarangmadhe.



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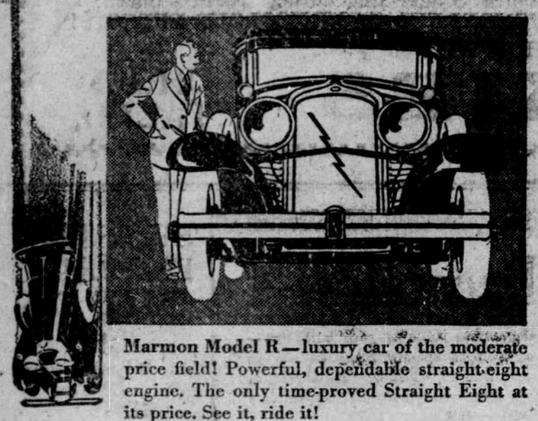

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HOW JAWAHARLAL WAS ARRESTED.

Not Allowed To Go Home.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 20.

After over a week's freedom, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the president of the Indian National Congress was re-arrested at Allahabad at 8-30 p.m. on Sunday night under the authority of the local Government.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was returning with his wife and daughter in his car from the public meeting which was held in Purushottam Das Park in connection with the Congress Volunteers' Conference when his car was stopped at the crossing of the Lowther and Thornhill roads by a constable on the pretext of checking the driver's licence.

As soon as the car stopped, Syed Ikram Hussain, the city deuty superimtendent of police, who was waiting on the road along with Mr. Mahmud Khan, another deputy superintendent of police noticing Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru inside the car approached Mr. Nehru and showed to him the warrant of arrest issued by Mr. H. Bomford, the district magistrate.

NOT ALLOWED TO GO HHME.

On Mr. Nehru's inquiring as to what he wanted to do with him, the police officer replied that he would take him to the Naini Jail.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru wished to know, it is stated, if he could go to his residence, which was just in sight from the place where he was stopped, to take his things, but the police officer expressed his inability to let Mr. Nehru go to his residence.

Mr. Nehru thereupon left his car and was conveyed in the police officer's car, which was waiting on a side of the road to the Naini Jail, where he is now confined presumably in the ward, which was occupied by him for six months till the 11th of this month. Later arrangements were made for sending his luggage to the jail.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has been arrested under Sec. 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, a complaint having been filed, it is understood, by the superintendent of police of Allahabad on a charge of attempting to bring into hatred and contempt the Government established by law in British India.

The charge relates, it is stated, to the first public speech delivered by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at Allahabad on Oct. 12 after his release from the jail.

The public of Allahabad was already expecting the arrest of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the charge of the defiance of the order issued under sec- 144 Cr. P. C. but not on the sedition charge.

Mr. Nehru arrived from Mussoorie on Saturday night and on Sunday morning about 7-30 a notice issued by Mr. Bomford, the district magistrate, was served on him forbidding him to deliver any speech in the Allahabad district for a period of two months. The immediate cause of this order was the information of the district magistrate that Mr. Nehru was to address the Congress volunteers that afternoon on the question of non-payment of rents. The following is the text of the district magistrate's notice under reference:—

NOTICE.

"Whereas I have received information and it has been made to appear to me that you intend to address the Congress volunteers on the subject of not paying rents and similar subjects;

'Whereas such a speech is likely to occasion risk of a disturbance of the public tranquillity;

I hereby prohibit you from making any speeches within the Allahabad district during the next two months.'

This order was shown to Mr. Nehru by Sirdar Risal Singh, officer-in-charge of the Katra-Colonelganj police station but Mr. Nehru declined to sign it when asked to do so by the police officer.

Later Mr. Nehru participated in all the functions held in connection with the Allahabad District Volunteers' Conference and also presided at the conference and addressed the volunteers for about 45 minutes.

The news of the arrest of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru caused a sensation throughout the town and people continued spreading the news of the arrest till about midnight by blowing bugles and raising national cries all over the town. To-day in spite of the Diwali festivities a 'hartal' is being observed throughout the town.

The trial of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will be held after the Diwali holidays. It is learnt that the case has been put on the file of Mr. J. S. Gross, City magistrate. —"Leader".

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BHAVNAGAR NOTES.

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, Oct. 19.

The rush of the spectators at the Swadeshi Bazaar proved beyond doubt its appreciation by the public. In these days there is a good demand for really Swadeshi articles. Although there were not many varieties of articles beyond, Cloth, soaps, perfumery toys, etc. at the Bazaar, the total sale in ten days went far above the expectation of the promoters as well as the stall keepers. This is sufficient proof that Bhavnagar wants a good permanent Swadeshi store where the public can buy genuine, Indian made articles of every day use. Let some of the promoters or some enterprising traders take up this suggestion and start a good "Bhandar" in Bhavnagar.

Since the restriction of sale of Eau-de-cologne, it is sold only by the State Medical Department. The new Chief Medical Officer Dr. Vaidya has now introduced Indian made Cologne water and the public can now buy it for only 10 annas. This is a great relief at the present time which there are very many cases of Malaria and Typhod fevers in the city.

TINCTURES AS DRINKING SPIRITS.

The abuse of ordinary medicine tinctures as drinking spirit is every day increasing. Some of the local manufactures, label their products, which are not upto the standard as B. P. It is a matter of very great regret that neither the medical department nor the police take any notice of this. If once a search is made and the culprit summarily punished for selling these goods under false labels, this illicit use of tinctures as drinking spirit will stop. Will the new Chief Medical Officer take the initiative and get the bottles of tincture sellers in the Bazaar analysed by the state chemical analyser?

AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

The agricultural exhibition held by the state agricultural department, at Dhola was a great success. The farmers took a very great interest in it. There was also an Industrial section. It is absolutely necessary that the State should now make this exhibition an annual institution holding the same in various Mahals. This would mean a direct help to the farmers and local manufacturers and an indirect source of income to the State.

The notice put up by the Secretary of the Barton Library that members are not permitted to spin on the Takli in the library has created some stir in the public.

A Swadeshi Directory.

The Swadeshi Khaddar Board of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee has brought out two editions of the Swadeshi Directory in two months and opened a Swadeshi Commercial Museum.

Dr. S. K. Basu, Secretary of the above Board and the Commercial Museum, has come to Bombay to have consultation with the Swadeshi manufacturers or agents of the manufacturers to facilitate the sale of their goods in the Bengal and Assam market. He is staying at the Railway Hotel, Junction of Charni Road and Grant Road, Phone No. 42511 and will be in the Hotel every day to meet the Agents and Manufacturers from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. He will feel obliged if the Bombay manufacturers or their Agents see him as quickly as possible as he will have to leave Bombay within three or four days.

AT THASARA JAIL.

—:o:—

No Bath for a Month and a Half.

(From A Correspondent.)

DAKORE, Oct. 20.

In the temporary jail at Thasara in very small rooms are accommodated from 15 to 20 prisoners, and only one blanket is supplied to them between two or three. In such a small room, all sorts of prisoners—political as well as criminal—are hudled together, who were arrested at the neighbouring towns such as Umrth, Dakore, etc. As they are not allowed to take bath for nearly one month and a half, their bodies give out filthy smell. The tubes kept there for answering calls of nature, though filled up to the brim, are allowed to remain there for a very long time. The bad smell emanating from them brings severe headache to many a prisoner. The blankets given to them are very dirty and infested with fleas.

A Satyagrahi, who was sentenced for picketing a liquor shop at Umreth, was allowed to take bath after hunger striking for two days.

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CHAMBHARS' GRIEVANCES

—:o:—

Help Of Government Sought

The Bombay Presidency Chambhar Conference was held under the presidency of the well known cricketeer Mr. Baloo Babaji Palvankar, on Wednesday in Sir C. J. Hall.

After prayer, Mr. Vithal Ramji Ahirekar, the Chairman of the Reception Committee delivered his address, in which he dwelt at length regarding the origin and history of Chambhar community, and also causes, such as, 'Untouchability,' lack of education, decline of the trade, which are coming in the way of progress.

Speaking about political state of things the Chairman said, that the report of Simon Commission has not at all fulfilled their expectations. Government pretended to take special care of the 'Untouchables', but this report had shown the Government in their true colours.

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS.

The President in his remarks on social reforms said, that the Chambhar community was very much backward considering comparatively the other communities. There were many reason of this but the chief cause of it was that the people of higher communities kept them away from them and hence they were unable to take advantage of their association. Opportunities of coming forward were not given to them, owing to this state of things, not only they were suffering but the other communities were also suffering to a larger extent. Today they saw the whole Hindu community divided into so many compartments, which is not at all beneficial to the society at large.

Speaking on the spread of education among their community, the President dwelt at length on the importance of education for boys as well as girls. He also spoke about the necessity of free and compulsory education for those communities which were backward.

Referring to commerce and trade, the President said the community would revive its old trade by preparing different materials out of leather. This trade had been captured by the people of other communities. General poverty, ignorance and lack of unity were the chief causes of the downfall of their trade. They must then try to remove those defects by every possible means in their power.

Referring to the present political movement, the President showed his inability to express any opinion on the Civil Disobedience movement but advised the members of his community to use Swadeshi materials, as far as possible and also abstain from drinking. Finally, he requested Government to put into practice all the recommendations of the State Committee and help the community in every possible way.

A Subject Committee was formed and the Conference adjourned till Thursday.

CASE OF DHARIWAL MILLS

—:o:—

Committee Of Enquiry Appointed

(From A Correspondent.)

AMRITSAR, Oct. 20.

A representative of Dhariwal Mills who interviewed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Pandit Motilal Nehru at Mussoorie in the course of a statement to the press says that the account which appeared in the press regarding his interview does not contain a full report of the arguments advanced, which were that these Mills were working in the country since last fifty years and had been a source of material assistance in raising the standard of living of their employees and were carrying on work to thousands of homes by purchasing wool, oil, soap and other necessaries of the manufacturing concerns in India.

PURELY INDIAN.

These Mills have their schools for imparting knowledge in different activities. So that hundreds of employees are to-day carrying on an independent living after learning the trade. Indians are working in every branch of the business, and are occupying responsible positions in the superior service and are being trained as Paid Technical Candidates for Superior Technical Service. Agencies of these Mills all over India are exclusively in Indian hands with Indian employees earning thousands of rupees every month. These Mills are not capatilized by foreigners. Eighty per cent of the share holders are Indians. The Nationality of the Directors is proporate to the stake in the capital. Every inch of the goods sold by the mills is manufactured by Indians in India and from the raw produce of this country. Nothing is imported. Even the Congress did not declare against them, when boycott of foreign goods was launched in May last. Moreover, there is no substitute for the products of the Mills in India, so that the foreign manufacture, having an advantage of twelve and half per cent of exchange, would sell in preference, ruining thousands of Indian houses that live on these Mills.

Concluding the representative says that Pandit Motilal Nehru has not given any decision so far. As a matter fact, he gave his opinion at the first interview that there should be differentiation of treatment between the woollen goods and cotton goods. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President, has appointed a committee consisting of Pandit Motilal Nehru, Shankarlal Banker, and Mrs. Sarladevi Ambalal for consideration of the question.

LONDON NAVAL TREATY.

—:o:—

Imposing Ceremony Of Ratification

LONDON, Oct. 22.

Rugby.—It is understood that ratifications in respect of the London Naval Treaty will be deposited at the Foreign Office next Monday by representatives of all His Majestys Governments (with the possible exception of the Irish Free State whose ratification may be delayed slightly by technical difficulties) and of the United States and Japanese Governments. In the afternoon President Hoover, Hamaguchi, Prime Minister of Japan, and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald will broadcast speeches on the Naval Treaty which it is hoped will be audible in all the three countries.—B. O. W.

G. I. P. RAILWAYMEN'S DAY

—:o:—

Workers' Procession And Meeting On Sunday Next

The General Secretary G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union notifies that all participating Unions and the Public are requested to be present at Kamgar Maidan, (Opposite King Edward Memorial Hospital) at 3 p.m. sharp and march in a procession to Azad Maidan, opposite Bori Bunder, where a mass meeting will be held. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will preside and Messrs. G. L. Kandalkar, V. H. Joshi, M. N. Talpade, M. H. Vakil, S. C. Joshi, S. V. Deshpande, R. A. Khedgikar and others will speak.

Bogey Of Communal War And Soviet Intrusion!!

—:o:—

MR. BARTLET'S EFFUSION

Mr. Ashmeand Bartlett in the first of his new series of articles on India writes as follows:—

"The Hindu urban intelligentsia are determined to create a complete Hindu Raj by clearing British officials, civil and military, out of the country, confiscating British commercal intersets and repudiating public debts and also pensions, if they found themselves firmly in the saddle.

"Accomplishment of this programme must necessarily result in complete anarchy, and a Hindu-Moslem war on a grand scale in which a leading part will be played by North-West Frontier tribesmen rushing to the aid of their co-religionists through the hope of looting and obtaining a permanent foothold in the plains."

Afghanistan and Soviet Russia, according to Mr. Bartlett, would certainly join in the general break-up and redistribution of territory in India.

He adds that the Socialist Government has been induced by the Viceroy to sacrifice the Simon Report. London is full of Brahmin agitators and agents who have obtained the ear of the Secretary of State and apparently dictate the policy of the India Office.—"Statesman."

SEARCH AND ARRESTS AT DELHI.

—:o:—

DELHI, Oct. 23.

The police raided and searched this morning the headquarters of the Maharashtra Sangh on Burnt Bastion Road. It is reported that the search was in connection with the arrest of one Vishvnath of Jhansi.

The police arrested eight Congress volunteers while they were hoisting the national flag at Pahari Dheraj, and arrested two ladies who refused to surrender the flag.

Three more volunteers were arrested while picketing bank godowns which contained foreign cloth.—A. P.

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Oct. 23.

The Government of India has been informed that the fifteenth session of the International Labour Conference will open at Geneva on the 28th May next and that the following subjects will be on the agenda: (1) minimum age of employment in non-industrial occupations, (2) hours of work in coal mines.

The first subject is new to the Conference and will, therefore, be down for first discussion. The second subject was previously discussed at the fourteenth session held in 1930.

All suggestions relating to the nomination of non-Government delegates and their advisers should reach the Secretary to Government of India, and in any case not later than 1st December, 1931, allowances (on a scale which can be ascertained by application to the Department of Industries and Labour) will be granted by Government to defray expenses of delegates and advisers finally nominated.

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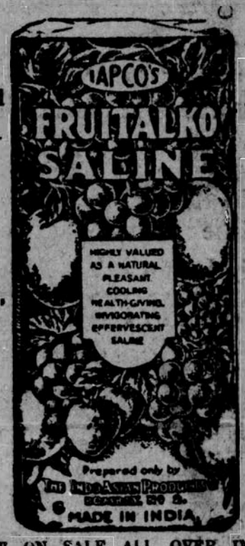
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A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and balance to be paid and lots to be taken delivery of within three days from the date of sale.

The above articles will be on view two days prior to the date of sale.

GANDHI & CO.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

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Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 8th November next at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) at the Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the intestate and unclaimed properties such as new and old clothes, utensils, jewellery, etc., etc.

The above will be on view on the sale day and cash will be required at the time of sale.

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Dr. Nariman F. Vaid,
D. D. S.

has removed his Dental Office from Apollo Bunder, to No. 267, Hornby Road (opposite Navsari Building).

...ry is now equipped ... apparatus so as to ...ply to the practice of General Dentistry. 15-10-30.

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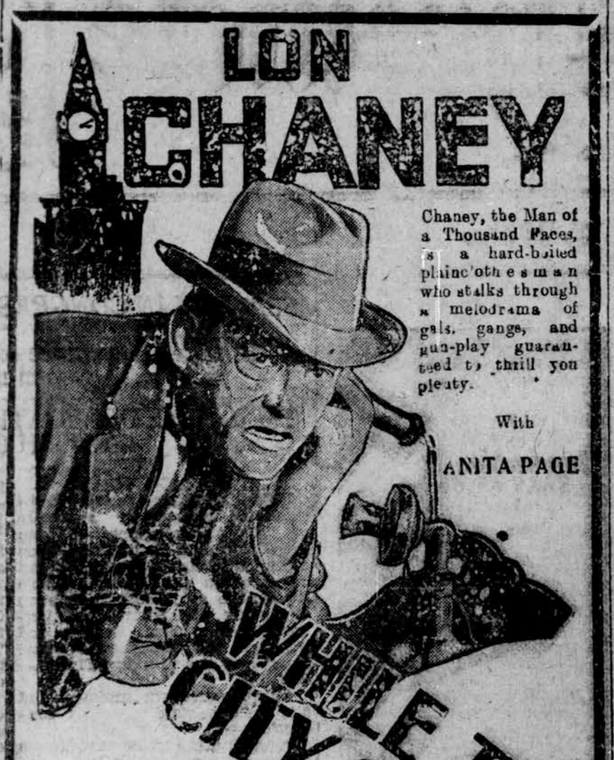

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TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
At 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
N.B.—To-morrow at 9 a.m.
A complete serial will be shown.

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.

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Victoria Carnival
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The Show with unparalleled wide reputation—Bigger, Better and Stronger than ever. Magnificently equipped, modern riding devices and Side Shows of Every Kind.

Admission to Grounds Annas 2 Only.

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TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

in all its Glorious Splendour and Magnificence Sensation

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1001 NIGHTLY AND NEW ATTRACTIONS & SIDE SHOWS **1001**

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Phyllis HAVER
in
The Shady Lady
with
ROBERT ARMSTRONG
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Pathe Picture

A BEAUTIFUL, resourceful woman, a brave American soldier of fortune, the master mind of the underworld of Havana, who knew the woman's secret—here are the elements of as fine a screen drama as the most imaginative writer has ever conceived—Don't fail to see this most delightful screen production, also

"STREETS OF MYSTERY"
2nd of vagabond Adventures by Tom Terries
The most fascinating & interesting Travel film
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Pathe Cinema
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee Sat. & Sun. 4 P.M.

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A MILLIONAIRE marries his secretary—a front-page romance.

But what really happens back of the headlines?

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with
CONRAD NAGEL, BESSIE LOVE, LEILA HYAMS.

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Lamington Road.
Presents TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK
SAGAR FILM COMPANY'S
Super thrilling production

"BACCHA-I-SAKKA"

Featuring Indian Douglas Fairbanks
MASTER VITHAL
and Supported by Miss GOHAR (Junior), Mr. MAZHARKHAN and other well-known stars.
Directed by Mr. MOTI GIDWANI.
It is a very interesting story full of Dare Devil Deeds involved in Love and Romance.
DON'T MISS.
DAILY FOUR SHOWS AT 5-7-9 and 11 P. M.
EXTRA SHOW ON Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 3 P.M.

AMUSEMENTS.

Commencing To-day.

When the bells of wedding night turn into the death-knell, and when a woman loses her lover before she knows him properly, then what role a woman will play to take her Vengeance—She would face any trouble, she would be a fighting tigress, then the fangs of a serpent would be less poisonous—Such is the fire of girl, who shows the whole world, What a woman can do for attaining any achievement—

A WOMAN'S VENGEANCE

SHARDA FILM Co's.,
Super Productions.
featuring
Mr. Khalil & Miss. Hira.
TIME 5, 7, 9, 11 Sat. & Sun. Extra Show at 3 P.M.

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
TO-DAY AT 3, 5, 7, 9 AND 11 P.M.
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The Ace of KRISHNA Pictures
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RAMPYARI, HYDERSHAH, PEHLWAN AND AKAB SANDOW.

SEE HOW
The two Lovers groped the way through darkness on to Light—and on to LOVER'S PARADISE

EMPIRE THEATRE
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The Tale of a Modern Miss
THE FAMILY UPSTAIRS.
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Almost any girl can get a Sweetheart but if you want to know how to keep one, see this Picture
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The Greatest Mystery Thriller ever Screened
ON TRIAL.
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PAULINE FREDERICK
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The Most Tensely Appealing Story that takes you into the Heart of an amazing murder-Trial and then through all the events that led up to it.
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GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 Daily
Saturday, Sunday and Friday Matinees at 3-30 p.m.
What made Jack to assume the role of an ex-convict?
SEE
FRED THOMSON
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IN
"THE MASK OF LOPEZ"
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Packed with dramatic situations, full of suspense, crack horsemanship, daring deeds, hair-breadth escapes, full of laughs—a drama of moving action!
"The Mask of Lopez"
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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1930.

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will gladly supply full particulars about life insurance for mere asking. J10

"INDIA WON'T BE SATISFIED WITH ANYTHING LESS THAN DOMINION STATUS."
DR. MOONJE.

Delegates to interview Premier and Mr. Benn.

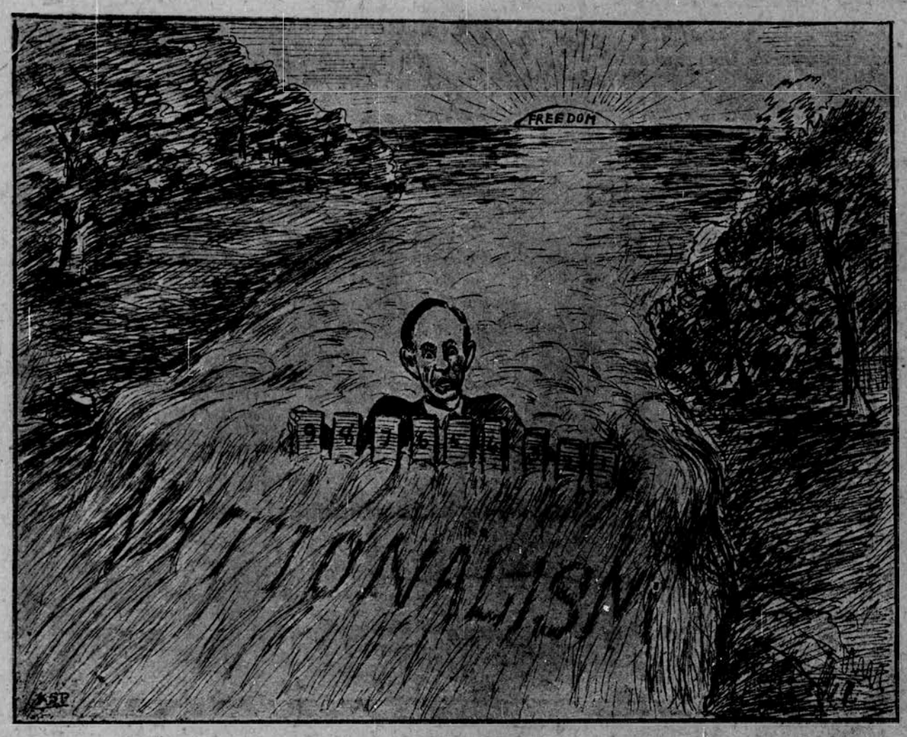
GOVT. OF INDIA'S MEMO: TO R. T. C. TO BE PUBLISHED SOON.

LONDON, Oct. 23.

It is stated that the Government of India's memorandum to the Round Table Conference will be published as soon as possible. The Indian delegates to the Conference have been continuing their private discussions at their club. A number of them have arranged an interview with the Premier and Mr. Wedgwood Benn. Delegates have been attending private dinner parties and have also visited the motor show at Olympia. They will be present at an air force display at Croydon on 25th October which the Dominion Premiers will attend.

A reception in honour of the delegates to the Imperial Conference and the Round Table Conference will be held at the India House on November 6th.

Dr. Moonje, interviewed by Reuter, expressed the opinion that none of the delegates would be satisfied with anything less than Dominion Status. He said that no Hindu delegates would raise the question of communal representation in the public administration.—Reuter.



"What obstacle can stay the mighty force
Of the sea-seeking river in its course,
Or cause the ascending orb of day to wait?"
—E. W. WILCOX.

MacDonald to Confer with Dominion Premiers.

Agreement on Recommendations Reached.

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Rugby—The Premier, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, in an interview said that before the next meeting of the heads of delegations to the Imperial Conference he is having conversations with various Dominion Premiers in which the work of the Conference is being reviewed. He has already had a long talk with the Australian Premier Mr. Scullin and will have conversations with the others in turn. Different Committees formed to deal with various subjects on the Conference agenda have now dealt in detail or in general terms with the matters before them, and several have reached agreement on the recommendations to be laid before the Conference. Reports have first to be drafted and revised before being presented to the heads of delegations and to the Conference. No decisions will however be taken except by the Conference in a plenary session.

Among the Committees sitting to-day was that dealing with overseas settlement which heard statements by delegates representing the United Kingdom, Dominions and South Rhodesia.—B. O. W.

COMING SESSION OF PARLIAMENT.

Outline of King's Speech Approved.

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Rugby—It is understood that the outline of the King's speech was approved at yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet and the final draft will be submitted in a day or two. Newspapers anticipated that it will disclose that places in the legislative programme for the coming Session which opens on Tuesday will be given to the Land Settlement Bill and to the Bill to raise school leaving age to fifteen years. A Bill to amend the Trades Disputes Act of 1927, passed after the general strike will probably be one of the other important measures and the Land Valuation Bill and Marketing Bill will be in the programme.—B. O. W.

Extension Scheme at Southampton Docks.

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Rugby—Work is begun at once on the further enlargement of the Southern Railways extension scheme at Southampton Docks, under which some 3,500 feet of deep water quays suitable for the accommodation of vessels of forty feet draft, together with cranes, sheds, railways and all modern accessories are to be constructed at an estimated cost of three million sterling. The work will take about five years to complete. The Government have agreed to give financial help under the Development Loans Guarantees and Grants Act. The scheme also includes the reclamation of about 200 acres of mud land.—B. O. W.

Calcutta, Oct. 23.—The Viceroy will open the Annual General Meeting of the Associated Chamber of Commerce on December 15.—A. P.

WELFARE OF MUSLIM PILGRIMS TO MECCA.

Conference at Paris Opens.

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Paris—Britain, France, Italy, Holland, Egypt, Iraq and Persia are represented at the Conference which has opened at the Qual d'Orsay to consider recommendations regarding medical examination, passports, pilgrim routes etc. in connection with the annual Muslim pilgrimage to Mecca.—Reuter.

Regret at Dr. Weizmann's Resignation.

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Rugby—In a joint letter to the press Mr. Stanley Baldwin, Sir Austen Chamberlain and Mr. Amery express deep concern at the resignation of Dr. Weizmann to whose work they pay a great tribute. They regret that Government rejected Dr. Weizmann's proposals for a Round Table Conference, and "without giving either Jewish or Arab opinion an opportunity to express itself, or allowing the voice of Parliament to be heard, laid down a policy of so definitely negative a character."—B. O. W.

British Emigration to Empire.

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Rugby—Figures for the last two years show that British emigrants receiving assistance under the Empire Settlement Act numbered 48,000 in 1928 and 72,000 in 1929 the last mentioned figure including 37,000 who went to Canada under the special ten pound rate scheme for British emigrants. The total British emigration to all parts of the Empire was in 1928 109,000 and in 1929 107,000. In the first six months of the present year 21,983 went to Canada including 19,009 who received State assistance nearly 14,000 having gone under the ten pounds rate scheme, 4,228 went to Australia including 1,506 State assisted and 1,505 to New Zealand of whom 565 were State assisted.—B. O. W.

Heavy Rainfall at Negapatam: 16 inches in 24 hours.

MADRAS, Oct. 23.

There have been heavy rains in Madras during the past three days. The storm signal is hoisted in the harbour and the usual precautionary measures have been taken.

Heavy falls of rain are reported from various stations, particularly Negapatam, which has registered 16 inches in the past 24 hours.—A. P.

Patna, Oct. 23.—A partial hartal was observed here in consequence of the arrest of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. A public meeting was held last evening.—A. P.

Simla, Oct. 23.—The King Emperor has approved of the appointment of Justice A. G. P Pullan, I. C. S., Judge of the Chief Court of Oudh to be a permanent Judge of the High Court of Allahabad in succession to Mr. Justice B. J. Dalal, retiring on the 21st January 1931.—A. P.

Mr. Abdul Gafur Haji Hamid, Secretary, B. P. C. C., who has been jailed.

DR. ANSARI'S PROGRAMME IN JAIL.

Compiling a Biography of Hakim Ajmal Khan.

It is understood that Dr. Ansari who is undergoing his term of imprisonment in the Gujrat Jail as a special class prisoner has formed a very interesting programme of work for himself.

He spends two hours every day in spinning on a charkha. He has opened a small dispensary in the jail where he treats his fellow-prisoners who require medical help. Rest of his time he devotes to reading. It is understood that he is compiling a biography of the late Hakim Ajmal Khan. He is quite happy and cheerful.

Hartal at Akola.

—:o:—

AKOLA, Oct. 22.

News of Pandit Jawaharlal's arrest reached here yesterday morning. It being the Diwali day the merchants decided upon a hartal upto 4 p.m.

A meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. Marathe, War Secretary, where speeches were delivered by Doctor Gadre and Mrs. Sushila Gandhi.

In response to the Congress instructions there was very meagre illumination, just enough to meet the religious sucptibilities.

It has been practically a crackerless Diwali.

NEW REFORMS TO FRONTIER

—:o:—

Question of Application to Punjab Govt.

NEITHER SATISFACTORY TO HINDUS NOR MUSLIMS.

(From Our Correspondent).
SIMLA, Oct. 23.

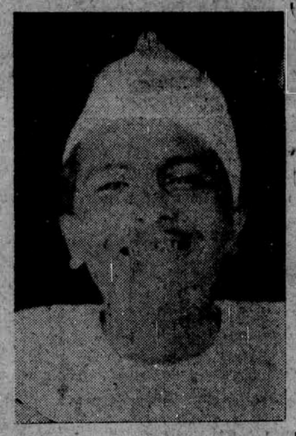
It seems that the question of reforms for the Noth West Frontier Provinces is proving one of special interest, and would be one of the problems which the Round Table Conference would find it difficult to tackle. Since the days of the Bray Committee there has been a general acknowledgment of right of the Frontier people to have a reformed system of administration. But even Sir Denys Bray, though he drafted a carefully conceived report, found it difficult to put it into practice. The difficulty was not the capacity of the Frontier people. On other hand it is admitted by all that they are as capable as any other people of India, to look after their own affairs; but the difficulty has arisen in constituting a province of four districts on modern basis of Parliamentary Government. And the deficit province of to-day would need far greater feeding from the Central Government, than it requires at present to run its machine.

At one time it seemed that the best relief could come by amalgamating the entire Frontier Province along with its agency tracts with the Punjab, and handing over to that province the administration of the Frontier. But for some reason or the other neither Hindus nor Muslims of Punjab seem anxious to entertain this proposition. the former apparently fear that amalgamation might hand over the very Gateway of India to a future Muslim ridden Government of the Punjab, and might endanger the future safety of our most vital frontier at any time; when the Punjab Muslim political chiefs placed loyalty to Islam above that to Indian Nationality.

Muslim politicians on the other hand seem to fear that the Frontier Province would be such a deadweight on the Punjab finances, and that crores would have to be sunk in the beginning at any rate to pull her up to the Punjab standard of administration, enlightenment and progress. This prospect, the ambitious Muslim politician does not view with much favour. Thus the Government of India in its despatch is reported to have recommended no change. It is however open to the Delegates at the Rund Table Conference to review this question if they so choose, in the light of their own feelings on the subject.

Sir Abulqayum and the Frontier delegates to the London Conference have gone determined to plead for the Frontier the same measure of progress as other Provinces yet. The only time when the question of Frontier amalgamation can be tackled is when the entire constitution is put into the melting pot, and once the decision is taken on this occasion there will be no opportunity in the future to reopen it.

I also understand that even if the Frontier Province remains separate the question of splitting the Peshawar District into two has assumed considerable importance and urgency. This District has always been unwieldy and the recent Afridi trouble has proved how impossible it is for one Deputy Commissioner to keep in personal touch with such a district and that the need for splitting it is being now felt keenly, though the subject has been under consideration for a decade. But this division would again mean more expense by multiplying the administrative machinery. There are some here who feel that the Frontier problem requires a statesmanlike outlook and that no steps should be taken which may tend to weaken our Pathan nationals' ties to India, and forge a new understanding between them and their brothers across the frontier, for if the Frontier Province at any distant future drifts towards mid-eastern confederacy the Indus river frontier for India would be fatal to her security.



"Chronicle" Photo.
Mr. Kassamali Mohamad Ali Fatesh Ali, formerly Editor of the "Congress Bulletin", who has been jailed.

S. A. INDIAN CONGRESS' THREAT TO UNION

Terms of Severance of Diplomatic Relations Communicated.

TO R. T. C. DELEGATES: MR. SASTRI, AND BRITISH CABINET.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 23.

Peitermaritzburg—Terms of the resolution advocating severance of diplomatic relations between the Union and India have been communicated to several Indian delegates to the Round Table Conference at present in London (including Mr. Sastri), the British Cabinet, Genl. Hertzog and Havenga, the "Manchester Guardian" and the "London Times".—B. O. W.

(A Johannesburg message of 8th instant stated in this connection:—

"The South African Indian Congress at a Conference specially convened to consider the Transvaal Land Tenure Bill restricting Asiatic trade and residence in certain defined areas, has unanimously adopted a resolution requesting the Indian Government, in the event of the Union Government's failure to withdraw the Bill, to press for a Round Table Conference.' The resolution advocates the termination of diplomatic relations and the withdrawal of the Indian Government's Agency from South Africa if the Union Government declines to accede to this request.")

CALICUT SWADESHI EXHIBITION.

—:o:—

Distribution of Prizes.

(From Our Own Correspondent).
CALICUT, Oct. 19.

The prize distribution ceremony connected with the recent Swadeshi exhibition came off this morning at 9-30 in the Anne Hall, Calicut, Swami Suvicharananda, presided. The National Flag salutation ceremony, over, those present assembled in the hall. After the singing of national songs, and the president's introductory remarks the Joint Secretary, Mr. Manjeri R. Subramaniam read the Report. The report, stated, among other things, that the Swadeshi Committee had done much useful propaganda in the villages and that as many as 10,000 people visited the Exhibition. He paid a tribute to the enthusiasm of the men and women volunteer corps in making the exhibition a grand success.

A very large number of prizes for proficiency in arts and crafts were then awarded by Shrimathi Kalliyani Kutty Amma, on behalf of the Exhibition Committee. Srimathi E. Narayani Kutty Amma, Joint Secretary thanked the President and the various benefactors of the exhibition, whose noble efforts, she said, mainly contributed to its success. After the President's concluding remarks the meeting terminated.

CONTRABAND SALT SOLD IN BROACH.

—:o:—

Leader of Youth League Arrested.

(From Our Own Correspondent).
BROACH, Oct. 22.

Sjt. Himmatlal T. Gandhi, the leader of the local youths, was arrested yesterday at 4-30 p.m. on the charge of giving seditious lectures at Vajelpore and Hajikhana bazar. Owing to Diwali holidays he is locked-up in the police quarters for the present. Sjt. Himmatlal is only eighteen years old. He was takng keen interest in the present movement from the beginning. He was the first to join Sjt. Divan at Alodar, in breaking the Salt Act. During Diwali holidays he was lecturing in different localities of the city on various subjects, for which offence he is now arrested. Sjt. Himmatlal is studying in the matric class.

CONTRABAND SALT PREPARED.

A large number of youths prepared contraband salt yesterday at Lalubhai's Chakla. Thousands had assembled to witness the function contraband salt was distributed among those present with loud cries of "Nimak ka kayda Tod dya." An imposing ceremony of saluting the National Flag was performed to-day at 4-30 a.m. Contraband salt was sold as "Sabrash" through out the city in the morning. Thus New Year's day commenced by breaking the Salt Act.

Acharya Ray Visiting C. P. Districts.

NAGPUR, Oct. 20.

It is understood that Sir P. C. Ray intends to visit many important districts in the Central Provinces in connection with industrial tour.

As at present arranged Acharya Ray reaches Raipur on October 25 and after visiting the place will proceed towards Nagpur.—"Advance".

GLOOMY DIVALI AT KARACHI

—:o:—

Contraband Salt Sold On New Year's Day

(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, Oct. 22.

For the first time in the history of Karachi, the foreign cloth market and other important bazars which used to be brilliantly illuminated and decorated wonderfully that is was sight to see on similar occasions previously, presented a gloomy and a desolate appearance last night. The sale of fireworks was also absolutely stopped. To-day contraband salt was freely distributed by Satyagrahi volunteers at 6 a.m. to the general public according to the Hindu custom of New Year.

Great enthusiasm prevails here about Mirabai's impending visit to Sind for a fortnight, who is expected here on the 26th evening.

A procession with black flags in protest of the death sentences of Bhagat Singh and others started from the Congress Office and after marching the city terminated at the Congress Office where several speeches were made. At Dadu 13 volunteers were arrested and sentenced to 3 months each and 10 of them were also fined Rs. 100 each, or in default 3 weeks' imprisonment.

No Diwali Celebrations At Yeotmal

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)
YEOTMAL, Oct. 23.

The merchants and prominant citizens of Yeotmal stuck to their promise of not celebrating the Dawali and accordingly there was no illumination in the town on the Dewali Day. The peaceful and systematic but vigorous picketing carried on by Deshsevikas had a marvellous affect on the sale of foreign cloth and crackers this year.

A hartal was observed in the market by all the shop keepers on 22nd in honour of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who has been arrested. In the evening on the 22nd a mute procession of males and females was organised by the "War Council". It started from the Shibir and passed through the main streets of the town. At a largely attended meeting of the Yeotmal public under the presidentship of Sjt. Jatkar, 'Dictator,' a resolution to congratulate the Pandit was passed.

Palestine Debate in Commons

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Rugby—Newspapers intimate that Government policy in Palestine will be the subject of early debate in the Commons.—B. O. W.

Peshawar.—There is no truth in the statements that the Coronation of Nadir Shah of Afghanistan took place this week in Kabul. There was to be no Coronation but a mere celebration on a modest scale of Nadir Shahs accession to the throne.—A. P.

Madras.—Ban on public meetings, processions and demonstrations under Section 141 in Tenali, Ellore, Mangalore and Tuticorin have been renewed by notification in the Gazette, for a period of three months from October 20.—A. P.

Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company Ltd., by SORABJI PALONJI KA PADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Bori Building, Old Custom House Road, Bombay.